

UNICEF UGANDA

FLOODS RESPONSE (Update #3)

Situation Overview & Humanitarian Needs

Results¹ from the joint rapid in-depth needs assessments carried out by the Office of the Prime Minister and the district local governments (DLGs) jointly with Uganda Red Cross Society (URCS) and United Nations agencies (WFP, UNCRO, UNFPA, UN Women, UNICEF, FAO, IOM, UNDSS, UNHCR, and UNDP) among affected people in the Elgon belt; Mbale district and City, Bududa, Bulambuli, Namisindwa, Kapchorwa, Sironko and Manafwa as well as the neighboring Bukedea district in the Teso sub region have been shared at regional level with below highlights;

| Selected indicators | Total affected |
|--|----------------|
| Affected people (All districts except Manafwa with most people in Mbale district, Mbale city, Bulambuli, Bukedea, Sironko, Bududa, Kapchorwa and Namisindwa in that order) | 78,328 |
| Affected HHs | 14,709 |
| Dead (23 in Mbale City, 4 in Mbale district, 3 in Kapchorwa, 1 in Bulambuli and 1 in Bukedea) | 32 |
| Displaced including children | 3,234 |
| Children affected (Mbale District, Mbale City and Bukedea) | 4,567 |
| Houses partially and fully destroyed | 1,373 |
| Land acreage of garden destroyed | 14,378 |
| Livestock loss | 20,969 |
| Boreholes destroyed (Bulambuli, Mbale city and Mbale district) | 120 |
| Number of schools affected | 35 |
| Number of health facilities damaged | 9 |
| Number of unaccompanied children (Mbale city) | 17 |
| Child headed households (Mbale city and Bulambuli) | 130 |
| Women headed households (Mbale city and Bulambuli) | 1,090 |

The above adverse impact of flooding on vulnerable children and women causes risks of increase in malnutrition cases, malaria cases and possibility of cholera reports due to limited safe water access and increase in child protection issues. High-priority lifesaving needs in the affected districts include food assistance, water supply, sanitation, hygiene promotion, health, shelter, non-food items (NFIs), child protection and nutrition services.

UNICEF immediate response

Coordination

To support the immediate response, UNICEF is participating in the district/City disaster management committee meetings, with three deployed staff with expertise in Health, WASH and Child Protection, providing technical support in development of assessment reports and response plans across pillars, and participation in the Emergency Committee (EoC) technical meetings. UNICEF response is focusing on its areas of concern including WASH and Child Protection as other sectors are being led by responsible agencies.

¹ Data from the joint intersectoral rapid needs assessments and DLG assessment reports was release at the regional level on August 10, 2022. OPM is yet to share at the national level.

WASH

UNICEF has so far delivered WASH-Infection Prevention and Control (IPC) supplies to Mbale City which was worst hit by the floods including aqua tablets, jerricans, hand washing facilities, spades, Mops, chlorine powder, three-5,000Litre water tanks etc, and supported last mile distribution of aqua tablets estimated to benefit about 10,000 households (equivalent to 50,000 people and 20 health facilities for three months).

UNICEF will release more WASH supplies to support other affected districts basing on the in-depth assessment results. These will address the needs of an estimated 11,000 affected people. These supplies will be dispatched during this week to the relevant DLGs. Details as follows:

| SN | District | Bleach, 1 liter | Sanitary pads, female, reusable /PAC-4 | Water purif.(NaDCC) 67mg tabs/BOX-16000 | Sanitizer >60% alcohol based | Liquid soap, handwash, 5 L | Hand washing facilities |
|----|------------|-----------------|--|---|------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | Mbale | 500 | 400 | 4 | 400 | 86 | 20 |
| 2 | Bulambuli | 500 | 400 | 4 | 400 | 86 | 20 |
| 3 | Namisindwa | 500 | 400 | 4 | 400 | 86 | 20 |
| 4 | Kapchorwa | 500 | 400 | 4 | 400 | 86 | 20 |
| 5 | Bukedea | 500 | 400 | 4 | 400 | 86 | 20 |
| 6 | Sironko | 500 | 400 | 4 | 400 | 86 | 20 |
| 7 | Manafwa | 500 | 400 | 4 | 400 | 86 | 20 |
| 8 | Bududa | 500 | 400 | 4 | 400 | 86 | 20 |
| | | 4000 | 3200 | 32 | 3200 | 688 | 160 |

UNICEF in partnership with URCS will support 35,000 vulnerable women and children affected by floods and mudslides with WASH services in different districts of Elgon region and Rwenzori region for the next three months.

Child Protection

UNICEF is so far providing technical assistance and guidance to the districts and sub-county Community Development Officers (CDOs) and Probation and Social Welfare Officers on basic CP support to affected children and households including how to conduct family tracing and reunification of unaccompanied and separated children.

A non-UNICEF partner, Transcultural Psychosocial Organisation (TPO Uganda) is providing psychosocial support to the 17 unaccompanied children and a few displaced children identified in Mbale City.

The joint assessment results highlighted a number of emerging Child Protection (CP) issues and UNICEF will urgently prioritize the following actions;

- train district and sub-county staff on Child Protection in Emergency (CPiE) including mapping of partners and on-going services delivered to children,
- provide case management and psychosocial support to the most vulnerable children,
- immediate assessment of needs of identified child headed households and exploring interim fostering in their communities,
- integrate CP risks during and after emergencies, Violence against Children (VAC), Gender Based Violence (GBV), Mental Health and Psychosocial Support (MHPSS) into community mobilization, awareness creation and sensitization – empowering communities to identify these issues and know where to report

- and finally discuss with other Child Protection actors to have separate focused CP coordination meetings, to feed into the District Disaster Management Committees (DDMCs) schedules.

Funding Overview

| HAC Funding requirements 2022 | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|---|------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| Sector | Funding Requirements | Funds Received including carry over from 2021 | Funds Utilized | HAC Funding gap | |
| | | | | US\$ | % |
| Nutrition | 4,884,958 | 2,373,210 | 1,951,756 | 2,511,748 | 51 |
| Health and HIV and AIDS | 6,981,458 | 1,652,091 | 1,702,539 | 5,329,367 | 76 |
| Water, sanitation & hygiene | 4,949,473 | 1,461,965 | 979,173 | 3,487,508 | 70 |
| Child protection, GBViE and PSEA | 4,491,123 | 832,772 | 301,044 | 3,658,351 | 81 |
| Education | 3,692,988 | 55,936 | 55,936 | 3,637,052 | 98 |
| Total | 25,000,000 | 6,375,974 | 4,990,448 | 18,624,026 | 74 |