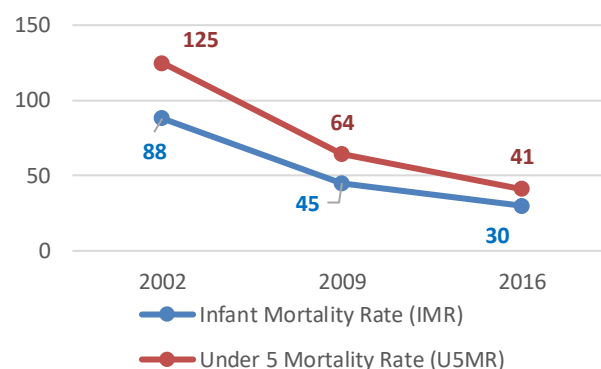
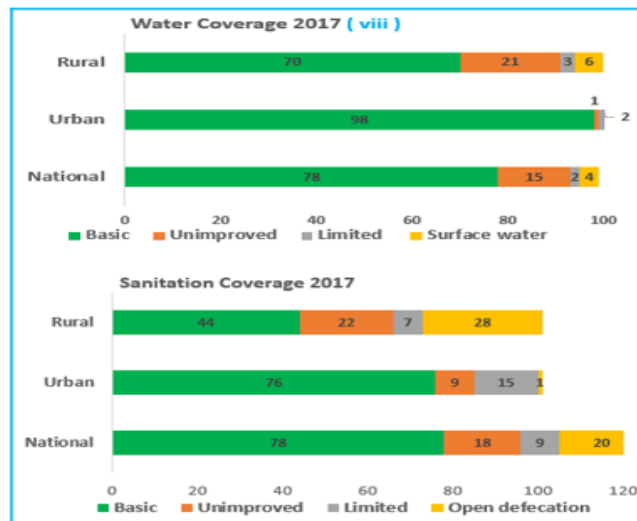
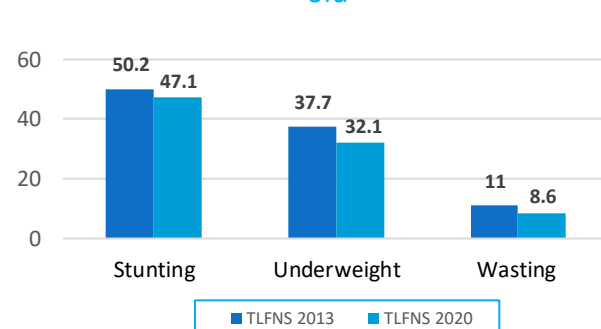


| KEY HEALTH AND NUTRITION INDICATORS | SOWC 2019 (i) | DHS2009-10 (ii) /DHS 2016 (iii) Other sources |
|---|---------------|---|
| Neo-Natal Mortality (per 1,000 live births) | 20 | 22 (ii); 19 (iii) |
| Infant Mortality (per 1,000 live births) | 39 | 45 (ii); 30 (iii) |
| Under-Five Mortality (per 1,000 live births) | 46 | 64 (ii); 41 (iii) |
| Maternal Mortality (per 100,000 live births) | 142 | 218 (iii); 215 (iv) |
| Children fully immunised, 12-23 months | - | 53 (ii); 49 (iii) |
| BCG Coverage Rate, 12-23 months | 95 | 77 (ii); 81 (iii) |
| Polio3 Coverage Rate 12-23 months | 83 | 56 (ii); 54 (iii) |
| DPT3 Coverage Rate, 12-23 months | 83 | 66 (ii); 62 (iii) |
| Measles Coverage Rate, 12-23 months | - | 68 (ii); 69 (iii) |
| Underweight (Weight for Age) amongst children <5 | 47 | 37.7 (v); 32.1 (ix) |
| Chronic malnutrition (Stunting – Height for Age) amongst children <5 | 51 | 50.2 (v); 47.1 (ix) |
| Wasting (Weight for Height) amongst children <5 | 11 | 11.0 (v); 8.6 (ix) |
| Early initiation of breastfeeding (%) | 75 | 75 (iii); 93.4 (v); 63.5 (ix) |
| Exclusive breastfeeding rate- children <6 months | 50 | 50 (iii); 62 (v); 64.2 (ix) |
| Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) | 56 | 30 (ii); 57 (iii); 67 (vi) |
| Institutional delivery (%) | 49 | 22 (ii); 49 (iii); 56 (vi) |
| Women (age15-49) attended at least once by skilled health personnel (%) | 84 | 86 (ii); 84 (iii); 78 (vi) |
| KEY WASH INDICATORS | | |
| Population using at least basic drinking water services (Total) (%) | - | 78 (viii) |
| Population using at least basic drinking water services (Urban) (%) | - | 98 (viii) |
| Population using at least basic drinking water services At least basic (Rural) (%) | - | 70 (viii) |
| Population using at least basic sanitation facilities (Total) (%) | - | 54 (viii) |
| Population using at least basic sanitation facilities (Urban) (%) | - | 76 (viii) |
| Population using At least basic sanitation facilities (Rural) (%) | - | 44 (viii) |
| Households using improved drinking water sources (Total) (%) | - | 79 (iii); 74.7 (vii); 87.8 (ix) |
| Households using improved drinking water sources (Urban) (%) | - | 92 (iii); 91.5 (vii); 89.3 (ix) |
| Households using improved drinking water sources (Rural) (%) | - | 74 (iii); 68.6 (vii); 83.5 (ix) |
| Households using improved sanitation facilities (Total) (%) | - | 50.1 (iii); 57.1 (vii); 68.2 (ix) |
| Households using improved sanitation facilities (Urban) (%) | - | 74.5 (iii); 93.1 (vii); 78.7 (ix) |
| Households using improved sanitation facilities (Rural) (%) | - | 42.4 (iii); 44.1 (vii); 60.3 (ix) |
| Households exercising open defecation (no sanitation facility or bush) (Total) (%) | - | 27.1 (iii); 20.6 (vii) |
| Households exercising open defecation (no sanitation facility or bush) (Urban) (%) | - | 2.6 (iii); 2.3 (vii) |
| Households exercising open defecation (no sanitation facility or bush) (Rural) (%) | - | 34.8 (iii); 27.2 (vii) |

Trends of IMR and U5MR (2002-2016)
(source: MICS 2002, DHS 2009-10, DHS 2016)



Malnutrition of children under 5 years old



Data sources for this page:

- (i) *The State of The World's Children 2019, UNICEF*
- (ii) *Demographic Health Survey (DHS) 2009-2010, GOTL*
- (iii) *Demographic Health Survey 2016, GOTL and ICF*
- (iv) *Trends in Maternal Mortality: 1990 to 2015 WHO, UNICEF, UNFPA and The World Bank estimates, 2015*
- (v) *Timor-Leste Food and Nutrition Survey (TLFNS) 2013, GOTL*
- (vi) *Health Management Information System (HMIS) 2018, GOTL*
- (vii) *Population and Housing Census, 2015,)*
- (viii) *Joint Monitoring Programme 2019, WHO & UNICEF (Note: Progress on household drinking water, sanitation and hygiene 2000-2017. Special focus on inequalities).*
- (ix) *Timor-Leste Food and Nutrition Survey (TLFNS) 2020, GOTL*

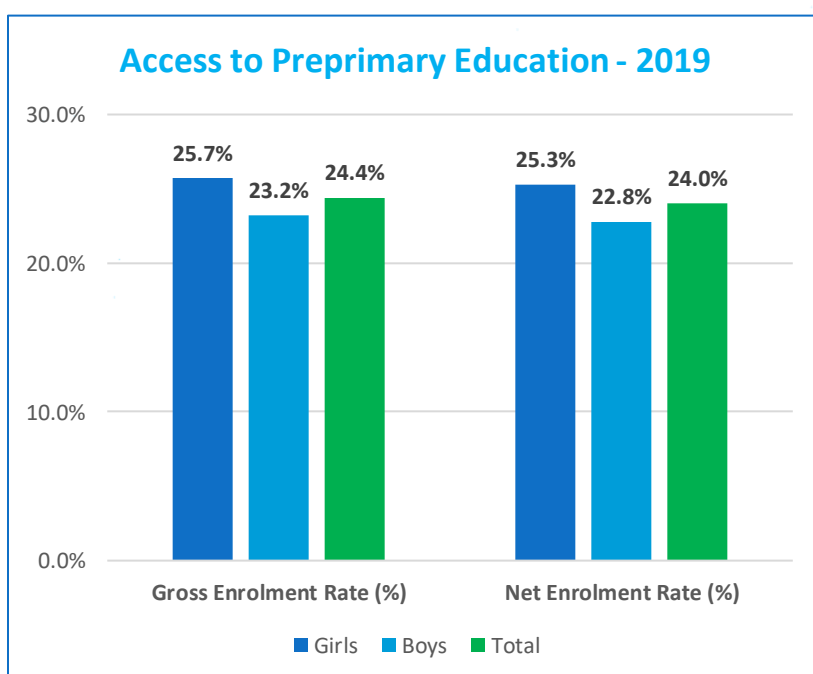
TIMOR-LESTE AT A GLANCE 2020

| KEY DEMOGRAPHICS | Census 2015 ⁽ⁱ⁾ Other sources | Population Projection 2020 |
|--|---|----------------------------|
| Total Population | 1,183,643 | 1,299,412 |
| Population below 18 years old (% of population below 18 years old) | 549,166 (46.4) | 571,419 (44.0%) |
| Population under 5 years old (% of population below 5 years old) | 150,306 (12.7) | |
| Urban Population (% of urban population) | 349,208 (29.5) | |
| Rural Population (% of rural population) | 834,435 (70.5) | |
| Youth population 15-24 years old (% of population 15-24 years old) | 243,875 (20.6) | 283,136 (21.8) |
| Adolescent population 10-19 years old (% of population 10-19 years old) | 293,141 (24.8) | 308,019 (23.7) |
| Fertility Rate | 4.2 ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾ | |

| KEY PROTECTION INDICATORS | Census 2015 ⁽ⁱ⁾ /Other sources |
|---|---|
| Birth Registration under five years old (%) | 60.4 60.0 ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾ |
| Child Labour (age 10-14) (%) | Total 3.6 (9.3% ^(vii)) |
| | Male 3.8 |
| | Female 3.4 |
| Economically active children (age 10-14) (%) | Total 4.3 |
| | Male 4.6 |
| | Female 4.0 |
| Women (age 15-19) who reported they experienced physical violence in the last 12 months | 29 ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾ |
| Women (age 15-19) who reported they experienced sexual violence in the last 12 months | 4 ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾ |

| OTHER KEY INDICATORS | |
|--|----------------------|
| Ministry of Health budget as percentage of total Government annual budget 2019 (Excluding Human Capital Fund) (%) | 3.1 ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾ |
| Ministry of Education budget as percentage of total Government annual budget 2019 (Excluding Human Capital Fund) (%) | 5.6 ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾ |
| Population living below the national poverty line (%) | 41.8 ^(iv) |
| Children (age 0-17) living below the national poverty line (%) | 47.8 ^(iv) |
| Children (age 0-8) living below the national poverty line (%) | 50.0 ^(iv) |
| Children (age 3-5) living below the national poverty line (%) | 49.0 ^(iv) |
| Children (age 0-2) living below the national poverty line (%) | 49.9 ^(iv) |

| KEY EDUCATION INDICATORS | EMIS 2019 ^(v) /Other sources |
|---|---|
| Primary School Gross Enrolment Rate (GER) | Total 107.8 |
| | Male 105.2 |
| | Female 110.7 |
| Primary School Net Enrolment Rate (NER) | Total 87.7 |
| | Male 84.7 |
| | Female 92.1 |
| Pre-Secondary School Gross Enrolment Rate (GER) | Total 95.9 |
| | Male 90.2 |
| | Female 102.3 |
| Pre-Secondary School Net Enrolment Rate (NER) | Total 55.3 |
| | Male 49.3 |
| | Female 62.4 |
| Primary School Drop-Out Rate | Total 4.5 ^(vi) |
| | Male 5.2 ^(vi) |
| | Female 3.9 ^(vi) |
| Pre-Secondary Drop-Out Rate | Total 4.0 ^(vi) |
| | Male 5.0 ^(vi) |
| | Female 3.0 ^(vi) |
| Gender Parity Index in NER | Primary School 1.1 |
| | Pre-Secondary School 1.3 |
| Youth (age 15-24) Literacy Rate | Total 84.3 ⁽ⁱ⁾ |
| | Male 84.6 ⁽ⁱ⁾ |
| | Female 84.0 ⁽ⁱ⁾ |



Data sources for this page

(i) Population and Housing Census, 2015, GOTL

(ii) Demographic Health Survey 2016 GOTL and ICF

(iii) Timor-Leste Transparency Budget Portal, GOTL (extracted on 20 July 2020)

(iv) Poverty in Timor-Leste 2014, GOTL (Figures reanalyzed by National Statistics Office for ages 0-17)

(v) EMIS 2019, MoE accessed on 1 Dec 2020 from <http://www.moe.gov.tl>

(vi) EMIS 2018, MoE accessed on 1 Dec 2020 from <http://www.moe.gov.tl>

(vii) Timor-Leste Child Labour Survey 2016