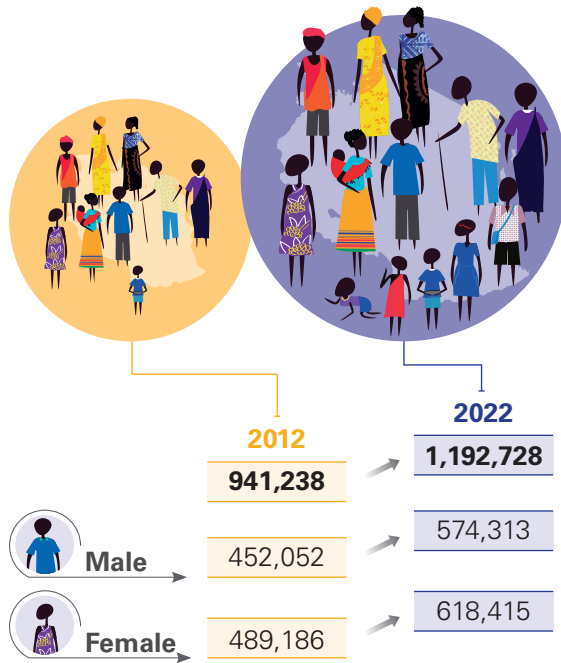




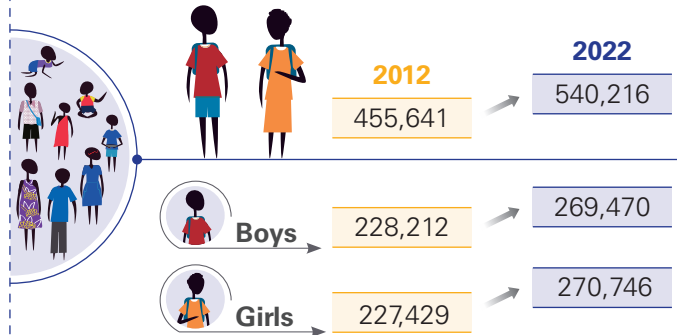
CHILDREN of IRINGA 2024

DEMOGRAPHICS

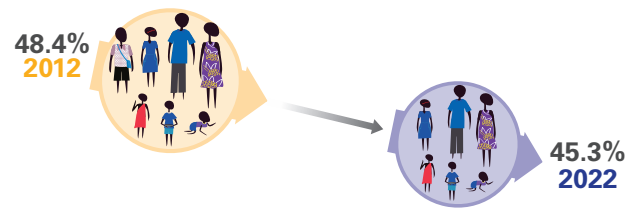
Total population^{1,2}



Population of children aged 0–17 years^{1,2}



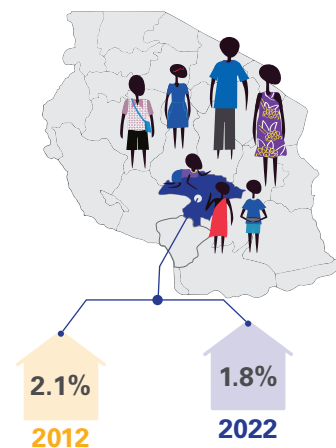
Children aged 0–17 years out of total population^{1,2}



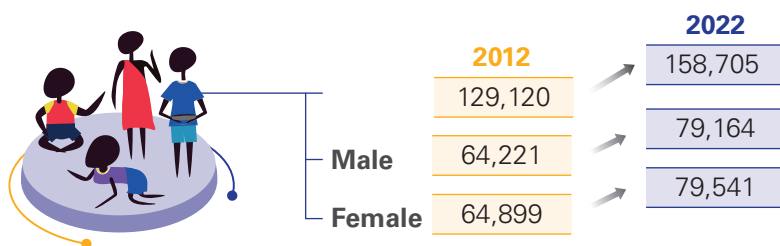
Population growth rate^{1,2}



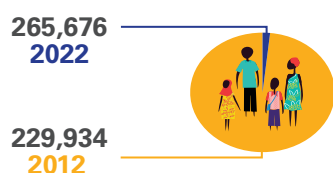
Children aged 0–17 years from Mainland Tanzania living in Iringa^{1,2}



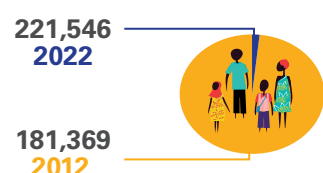
Population of under five years children (0–4 years)^{1,2}



Population of adolescents aged 10–19 years^{1,2}

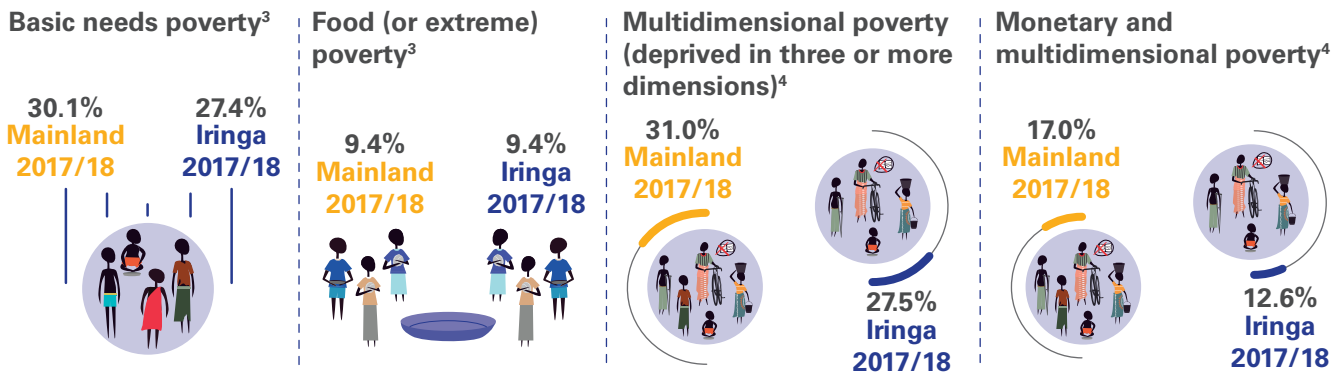


Population of young people aged 15–24 years^{1,2}



CHILD POVERTY

Monetary and multidimensional poverty among children aged 0-17 years



HEALTH

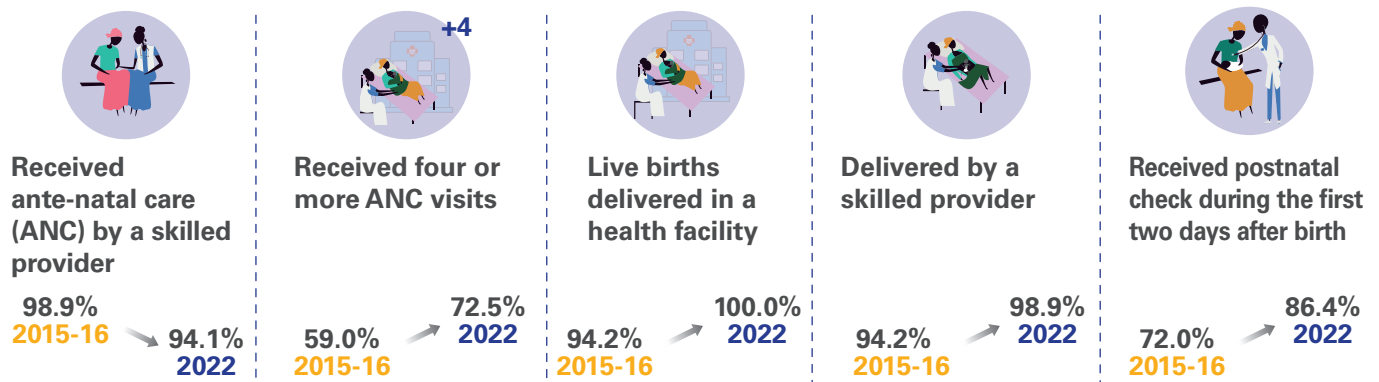
Neonatal mortality rate per 1,000 live births⁷



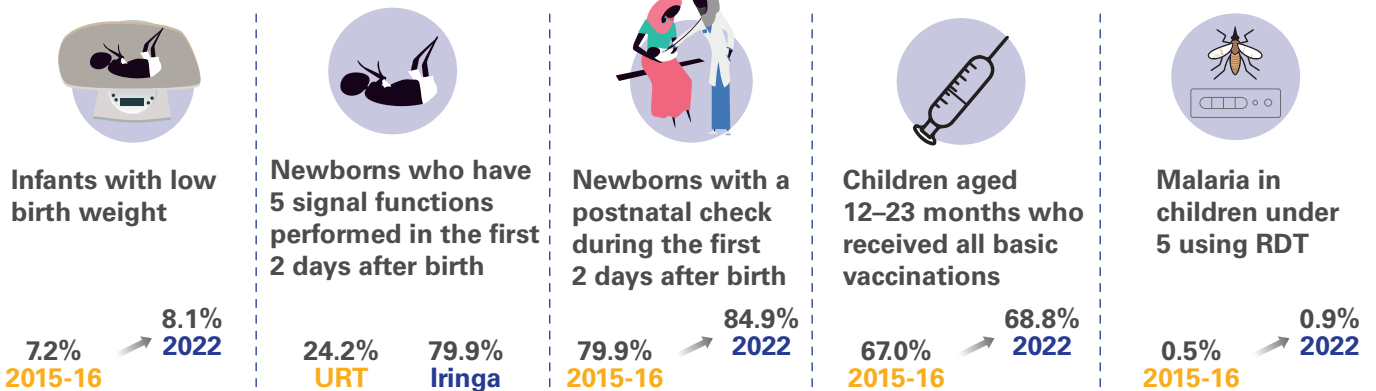
Underfive mortality rate per 1,000 live births⁷



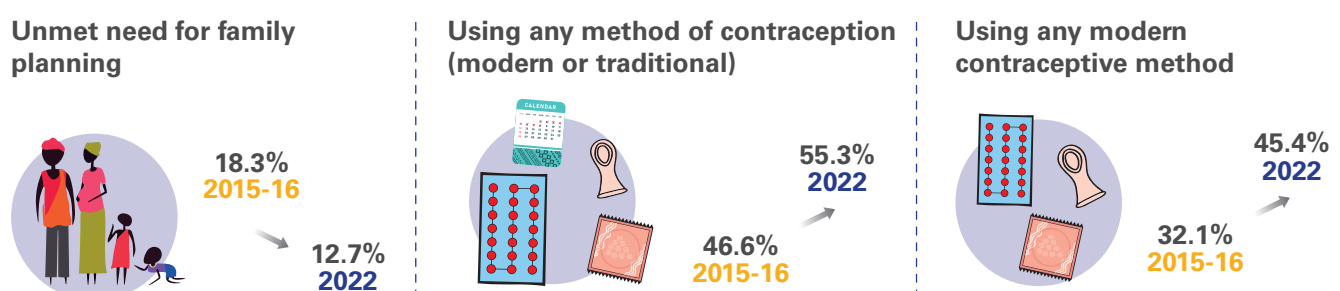
Maternal health, women aged 15-49 years^{5,6}



Child health^{5,6}

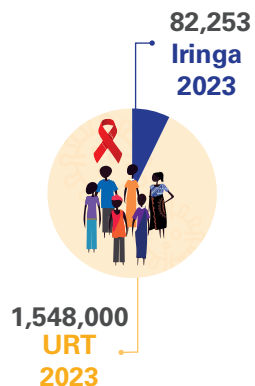


Family planning, currently married women age 15-49 years^{5,6}

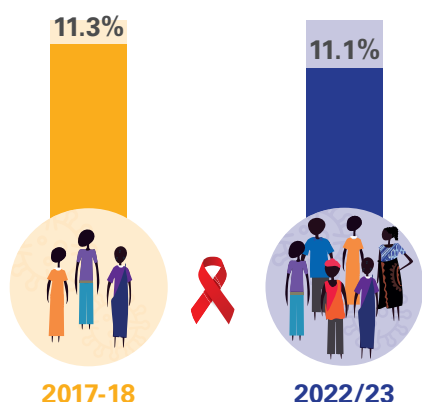


HIV

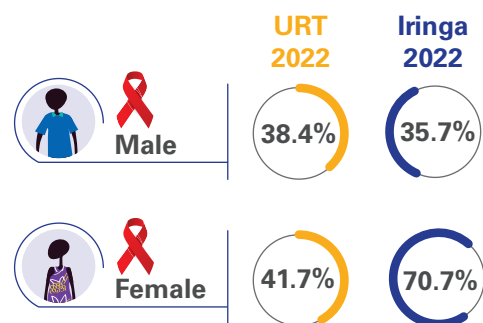
Number of people living with HIV/AIDS¹⁰



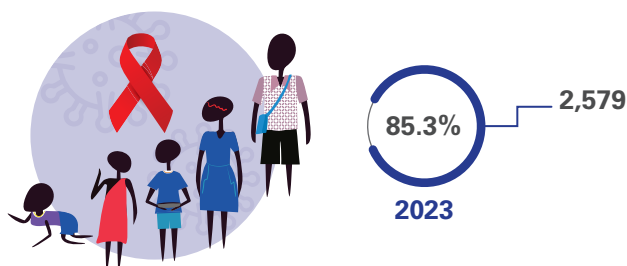
HIV prevalence among adults aged 15 years and above^{8,9}



Comprehensive knowledge about HIV among adolescents and young people aged 15–24 years⁵



HIV treatment coverage among children aged 0–14 years living with HIV¹¹



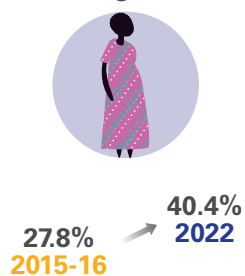
ART coverage among pregnant and breastfeeding women¹¹



NUTRITION

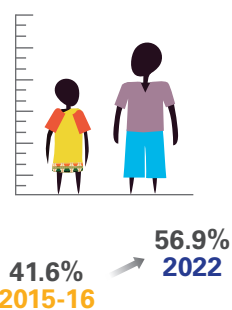
Status of women aged 15–49 years^{5,6}

Overweight/Obese

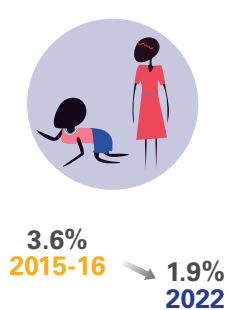


Status of children under 5 years^{5,6}

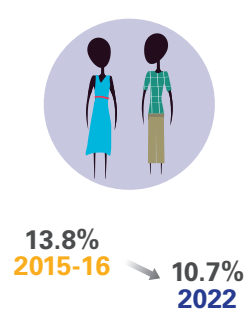
Stunting



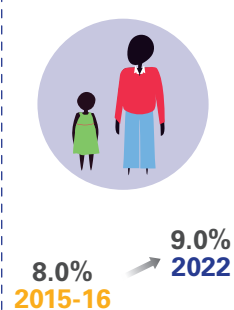
Wasting



Underweight

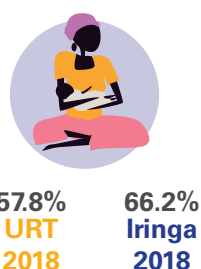


Overweight

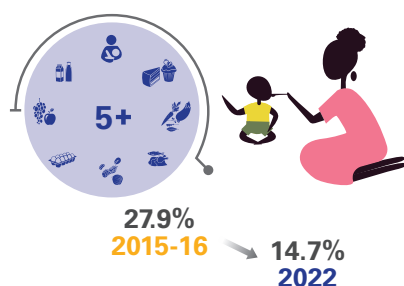


Breastfeeding and dietary practices

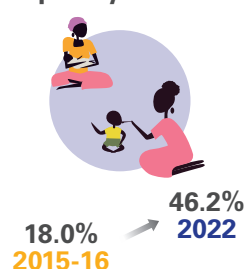
Infants aged 0–5 months exclusively breastfed¹²



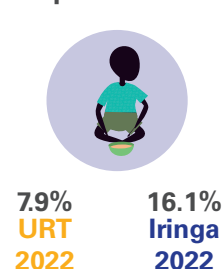
Children aged 6–23 months receiving minimum dietary diversity (5 or more food groups)^{5,6}



Children aged 6–23 months receiving minimum meal frequency^{5,6}



Children aged 6–23 months receiving minimum acceptable diet⁵



Anemia (capillary blood)^{5,6}

Amongst children aged 6–59 months



40.3%
2015-16 → 48.8%
2022

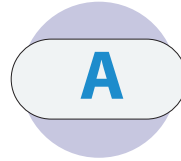
Amongst women of reproductive aged 15–49 years



27.5%
2015-16 → 27.0%
2022

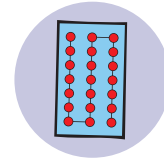
Supplements^{5,6}

Children aged 6–59 months given Vitamin A



57.2%
2015-16 → 90.2%
2022

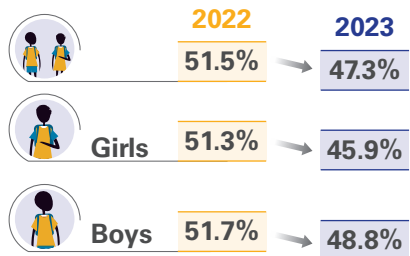
Pregnant women taking Iron tablets or syrup for 90 or more days



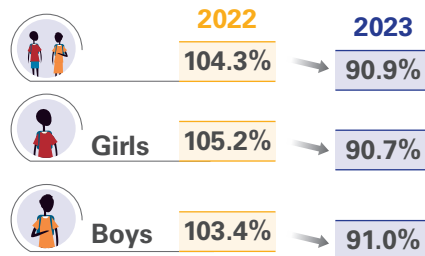
30.2%
2015-16 → 76.3%
2022

EDUCATION

Pre-primary school net enrollment rate^{13,14}



Primary school net enrollment rate^{13,14}

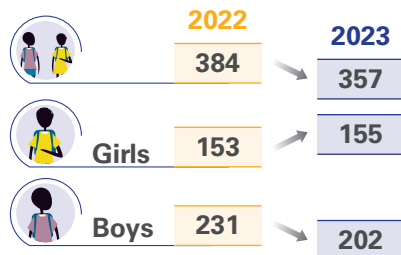


Primary school – Pupil teacher ratio^{13,14}

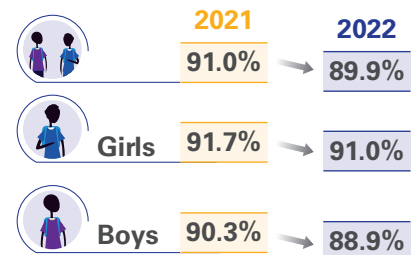


1:47
2022 → 1:45
2023

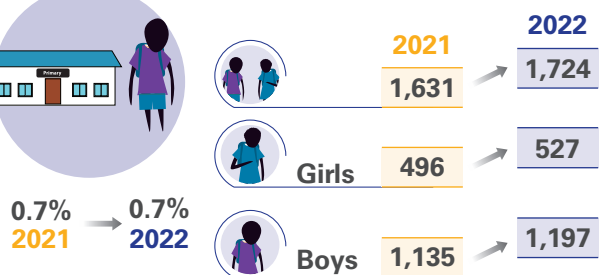
Enrollment of Complementary Basic Education (COBET) learners^{13,14}



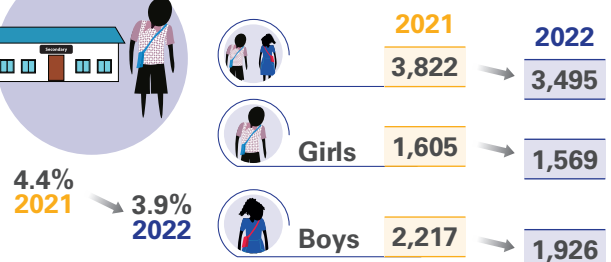
Standard VII pass rate^{13,14}



Primary school drop out^{13,14}



Secondary school drop out^{13,14}

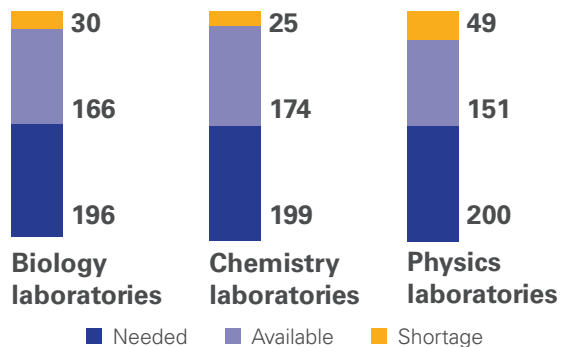


Number of primary school pupils with disabilities¹³

Blind	35	43	Albino
Low vision	331	603	Physical impairment
Deaf	170	670	Intellectual impairment
Hard of hearing	99	137	Autism
Deaf-blind	-	132	Multi-impairment



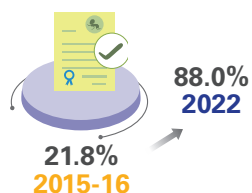
Number of science laboratories in secondary school¹³



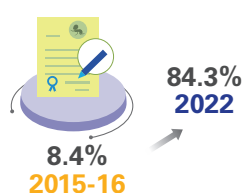
CHILD PROTECTION

Birth registration and certification of children under 5 years^{5,6}

Registered with a civil authority

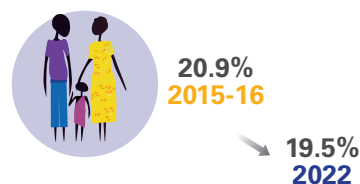


With a birth certificate

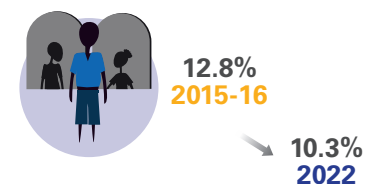


Family structure and guardianship^{5,6}

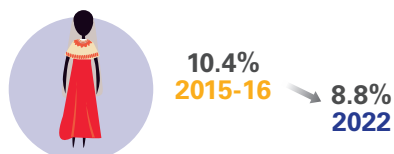
Children aged 0-17 years not living with biological parent



Children aged 0-17 years with one or both parents dead

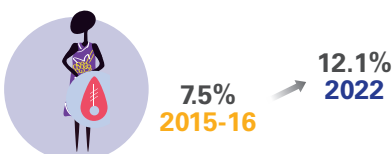


Women aged 20-24 years who were first married by age 18 years^{5,6}

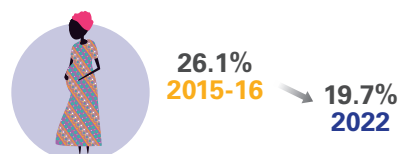


Sexual and reproductive health^{5,6}

Women who have undergone female genital mutilation

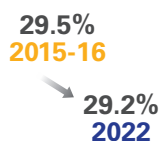


Teenage aged 15-19 years who have begun childbearing

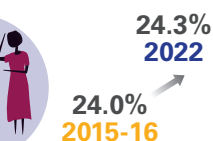


Violence against women aged 15-49 years^{5,6}

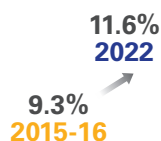
Ever experienced physical violence since the age of 15



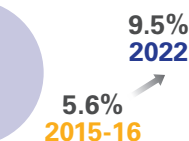
Experienced physical violence in the last 12 months



Ever experienced sexual violence



Experienced sexual violence in the last 12 months



Never sought help to stop violence



WATER, SANITATION AND HYGIENE (WASH)

Household access^{5,6}

Improved water sources



Population with basic water services



With no sanitation facilities



Improved sanitation services

71.4% **2015-16** → **85.5% 2022**



Population with basic sanitation services

48.5% **2015-16** → **75.0% 2022**

Children whose stools are disposed of appropriately^{5,6}

55.5% **URT 2022** 54.9% **Iringa 2022**



School access¹⁵

Basic water services

55.3% **URT 2018** 66.3% **Iringa 2018**



Basic sanitation services

30.3% **URT 2018** 30.0% **Iringa 2018**



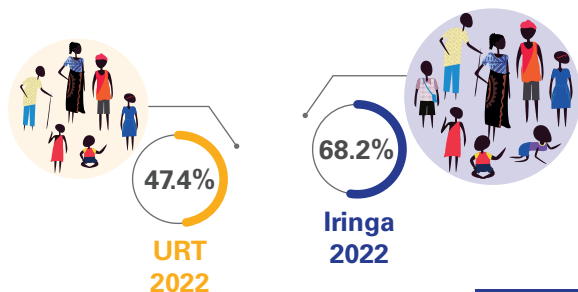
Basic hygiene services

17.6% **URT 2018** 33.1% **Iringa 2018**

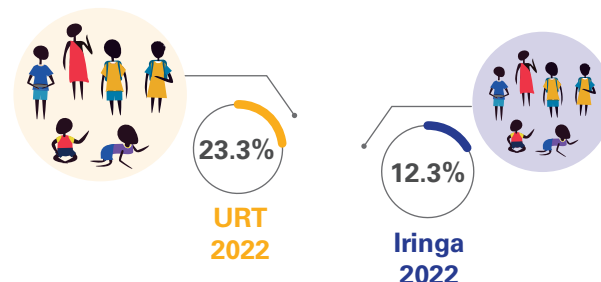


EARLY CHILDHOOD DEVELOPMENT

Children aged 24–59 months developmentally on-track in health, learning and psychological well-being⁵



Children aged 6 years at the beginning of school year who attended an early childhood education programme one year before the official primary entry age⁵



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