**FACTS & FIGURES**
**JANUARY - DECEMBER 2017**

**SITUATION ANALYSIS**
- Non-food item assistance remained substantial, both in terms of life-saving needs, particularly those among the high numbers of newly displaced IDPs requiring core, supplementary and seasonal assistance; as well as longer-term needs, among those communities requiring resilience-oriented support to help meet these needs.
- In 2017, economic pressures were key drivers of need, with large population groups stating that the most widespread challenges are inability to afford rent and to afford needed non-food items.

**RESULTS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>INDICATORS</th>
<th>RESULT</th>
<th>TARGET</th>
<th>% REACHED</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Number of children protected from extreme weather with NFIs</td>
<td>481,000</td>
<td>770,000</td>
<td>62%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Number of children benefitting from e-vouchers (summer and/or winter)</td>
<td>52,000</td>
<td>150,000</td>
<td>35%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**PEOPLE REACHED**
by Sub-District (Jan - Dec 2017)

**FUNDING STATUS**
- 37.4 million required
- 22.2 million available
- 59% Funded

**RECENT HIGHLIGHTS**
- As part of UNICEF’s seasonal response, 481,000 children were protected against harsh weather conditions with clothing kits and blankets, including 167,000 children living in HTR and besieged areas.
- The use of e-vouchers for the direct purchase of clothes was scaled-up to reach some 52,000 children in Homs, Tartous, Lattakia, Quamishli and Damascus.