

## MTSP 2014-17 Results Framework – Nutrition (Draft – 15<sup>th</sup> March 2013)

<b>Impact:</b>	<b>Global Commitments</b>
Protected from malnutrition and reach their optimal growth and development	<p><b>Millennium Development Goals:</b>  MDG 1: Halve, between 1990 and 2015, the proportion of people who suffer from hunger (halving the prevalence of underweight children by 2015)  MDG 4: Reduce by two thirds, between 1990 and 2015, the under-five mortality rate</p> <p><b>2012 World Health Assembly Goals:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 40% reduction of the global number of children under five who are stunted by 2025</li> <li>• 50% reduction of anaemia in women of reproductive age by 2025 (global prevalence)</li> <li>• Increase exclusive breastfeeding rates in the first six months up to at least 50% by 2025 (global average)</li> <li>• Reducing and maintaining childhood wasting to less than 5% by 2025 (global prevalence)</li> <li>• 30% reduction in low birth weight by 2025</li> <li>• No increase in childhood overweight by 2025 (global prevalence)</li> </ul> <p><b>Early Childhood Development:</b>  At least 70% of the poorest young children developmentally on track</p>

#	Outcomes	Indicators	Baseline	Target	Means of Verification	Risks/ Assumptions
4.1.	<b>Policies and budgets</b> Equity-focused national policies, legislation, strategies and plans are adopted for scaling up of high impact comprehensive nutrition interventions, including in fragile contexts.	No. of countries with equity-focused, multi-sectoral national nutrition policies and disaster plans that address nutrition risks				
		No. of countries with multi-sectoral, costed, and sustainable national plan that includes clear targets on reducing undernutrition, especially in most vulnerable groups of the population.				
		No. of countries where the International Code of Marketing of Breastmilk substitutes is adopted as legislation, monitored and enforced				
		No. of countries that report on and monitor progress on minimum acceptable diet, with data disaggregated by geographic area, sex, SES etc.				
		No. of countries where the safeguarding of nutrition for children under 2 years of age is specifically included in social protection programmes such as safety nets, poverty reduction strategies etc.				
4.2.	<b>Utilization, behaviour and participation</b> Children, caregivers and	No. of countries where at least 70% of caregivers of infants under 2 years received counselling and/or communication on breastfeeding and complementary feeding				

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	communities applying optimal nutrition and care practices; and seeking preventive, promotive and curative nutrition services for all children, including the most vulnerable	No. of countries with at least 75%* of estimated SAM cases receiving treatment as per national standard with representative proportions of boys and girls				The current targets on SAM treatment coverage are as follows: - 90% of children in refugee camps / refugees - 70% of urban children - 50% of rural children 75% is suggested, but may need to be broken down for country reporting. The target may be at national, sub-national or district level depending on the burden of SAM.
		No. of countries that reach at least 90% of children 6-59 months with 2 annual doses of Vitamin A supplements				Where Vitamin A supplementation is part of national policy
4.3.	<b>Access and quality of services</b> Ensure availability of and access to essential supplies, services, skilled human resources and delivery systems at national and subnational levels for scaling up quality evidence-based and equity-focused nutrition interventions, including in fragile contexts.	No. of countries with at least 70% of the population having access to health facilities providing a full package of nutrition services by skilled health providers according to national policy				No baseline available.
		No. of countries with at least 70% of population has access to skilled community workers who provide IYCF counselling and /or ECD (Early stimulation of young children)				
		No. of countries which have adequate yearly supplies to treat the targeted number of SAM cases as per their national policy.				
		No. of countries that have an adequate iron containing micronutrient supplies to cover at least 70% of children aged 6-24 months in line with their national guidelines and targets.				
		No. of countries that have an adequate iron folic acid or multi-micronutrient supplies to cover at least 70% of pregnant girls and women.				
4.4.	<b>Humanitarian response</b> The nutritional status of girls, boys and women is protected from the effects of humanitarian crisis	No. of countries in humanitarian situations where a coordination mechanism for nutrition provides guidance to all partners, ensures that gaps are filled and provides information on roles, responsibilities and accountability				
		No. of countries where coverage for the treatment of SAM is above 50%(in rural); 90% (in camps) and 70% (in urban)				Depending on accessibility, security

#	Outcomes	Indicators	Baseline	Target	Means of Verification	Risks/ Assumptions	
		No. of countries where the recovery rate for SAM treatment is above 75%				and availability of resources	
		No. of countries in which 90% of affected children 6-59 months and women have their micronutrients needs met through supplementation activities or access to additional sources of micronutrients					
		1. No. of countries in which at least 70% of affected caregivers of children under 2 have access to a comprehensive package of IYCF and ECD services					
	<b>Outputs</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. No. of countries where nutrition is reflected in an up-to-date and comprehensive manner in the pre-service curricula of health providers and community cadres.</li> <li>2. No. of countries with at least 70% of health providers and community workers who received in-service training in the last 5 years on essential nutrition services and regular supportive supervision according to national policy, with support from UNICEF</li> <li>3. No. of countries implementing a comprehensive, at scale communication strategy for nutrition with UNICEF support</li> <li>4. No. of countries implementing community based IYCF counseling and promotion using UNICEF materials or with UNICEF support</li> <li>5. No. of countries implementing nutrition-sensitive social protection programmes with UNICEF support</li> <li>6. No. of countries implementing Care for Child Development intervention with UNICEF support</li> <li>7. No. of countries with multiple micronutrient powders (MNP) intervention supported by UNICEF</li> <li>8. No. of countries implementing USI programmes supported by UNICEF which are meeting programme sustainability indicators</li> <li>9. No. of countries with efforts to strengthen and expand maternal nutrition services supported by UNICEF</li> <li>10. % of RUTF needs procured by UNICEF in the year</li> <li>11. % of estimated SAM cases who receive treatment in the year with UNICEF support</li> <li>12. % of all Vitamin A delivered by UNICEF in a timely manner to countries</li> </ol>					