Prevention of mother to child transmission (PMTCT) of HIV

- 100% of identified HIV positive pregnant women received antiretroviral therapy for PMTCT (*Due to the size of the population, identifying HIV positive pregnant women is challenging given the small percentage who are tested*)

- 34% rate of mother to child transmission in 2013

Pediatric HIV testing and treatment

- 90% of the 41 live babies born to HIV positive mothers were started on antiretroviral prophylaxis

- 2% of babies born to HIV positive mothers were tested within 2 months of birth

HIV testing and treatment among children

- 4% of the estimated children aged 0 - 14 living with HIV are receiving antiretroviral treatment

Second Decade of Life

Adolescents are being left behind; prevention efforts need to be intensified for those most at risk

Adolescent knowledge of HIV and AIDS

- 1% of adolescents girls aged 15 - 19 who have comprehensive knowledge of HIV and AIDS

- 5% of adolescents boys aged 15 - 19 who have comprehensive knowledge of HIV and AIDS

HIV prevalence among young key populations under 25

- 34% of children born to HIV positive mothers were tested within 2 months of birth

HIV testing and condom use among young key populations under 25

- Young people who inject drugs: 8% HIV testing, 22% Condom use
- Young people who inject drugs: 6% HIV testing, 34% Condom use
- Young men who have sex with men: NA
- Young people who engage in sex work: NA
- Young men who have sex with women: NA

HIV prevalence among young key populations 25 years and younger compared to 25 years and above

Source: UNICEF HQ estimates, 2014

(http://data.unicef.org/hiv-aids/global-trends)

* Pakistan National and Provincial AIDS Control Programmes data, 2012 - 2014

NA = data not available for indicator.

Acronyms: men who have sex with men (MSM); people who inject drugs (PWID); sex workers (SW)