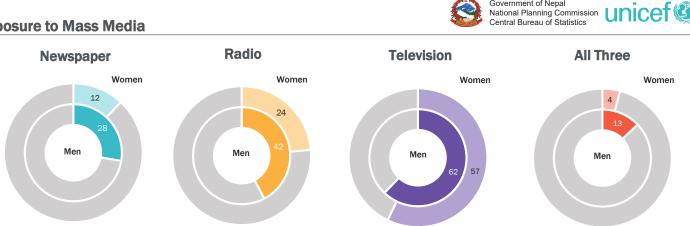
Nepal 2019

Mass Media, Communications & Internet

Multiple Indicator Cluster Surveys

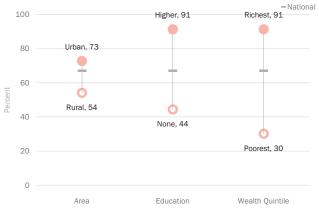
Exposure to Mass Media



Percent of women & men aged 15-49 years who are exposed to specific mass media (newspaper, radio, television) on a weekly basis and percentage of women & men aged 15-49 who are exposed to all three on a weekly basis

Inequalities in Exposure to Mass Media

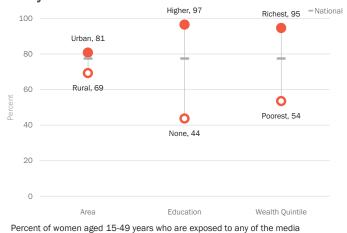
Women Exposed to Newspaper, Radio & **Television Weekly**



Percent of women aged 15-49 years who are exposed to any of the media (newspaper, radio, and television) on a weekly basis

Men Exposed to Radio, Newspapers & Television Weekly

Government of Nepal



(newspaper, radio, and television) on a weekly basis

Key Messages

- Television is the most popular form of media in Nepal followed by radio and newspaper. Sixty-two percent (62%) of men age 15-49 years and 57% of women watch television at least once a week.
- Location (urban/rural), level of education and household wealth are key factors related to disparity of exposure to media (radio, television, newspaper). People living in poor households, in rural areas and those who have no education are least exposed to

deprived of exposure to media.

- Nationally, 96% of households in Nepal have access to a mobile phone, with very little households (51%) have access to the internet at home.
- media. Amongst these, women are the most Computer ownership is far more prevalent in the richest households (47%) than in the
 - In Nepal, women are far less likely than men to have carried out specific computer related activities. Only 6% of women carried out at least one computer related activity in the three months prior to the survey.

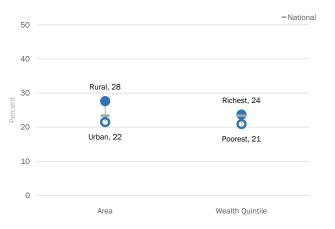
Household Ownership of Information & Communication Technology (ICT) Equipment & Internet at Home

Province	Radio	Television	Telephon e- Fixed line	Telephon e- Mobile	Computer	Internet at Home
National	23.4	55.8	5.9	96.2	15.4	51.1
Province 1	26.8	54.1	4.0	94.5	11.6	51.3
Province 2	16.1	52.3	2.2	95.5	8.9	44.6
Bagmati Province	23.8	71.3	12.6	97.9	30.0	68.7
Gandaki Province	26.3	67.0	7.0	97.6	18.0	57.4
Lumbini Province	20.4	55.2	2.6	96.1	9.3	46.9
Karnali Province	19.5	12.5	0.7	93.6	4.4	25.8
Sudoorpashchim Province	35.2	32.1	5.2	95.7	7.0	24.3

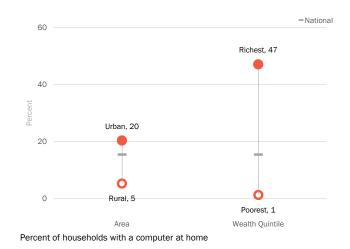
Percent of households which own a radio, television-fixed line, telephone- mobile, computer and that have access to the internet at home

Inequalities in Household Ownership of ICT Equipment & Internet at Home





Household Ownership of a Computer

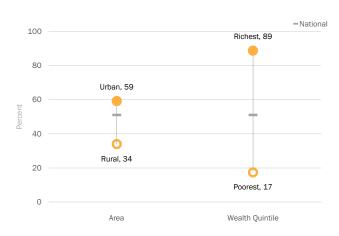


Percent of households with a radio at home





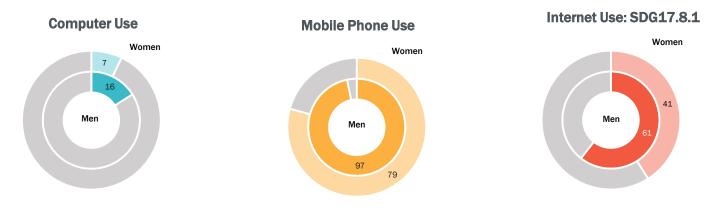
Households with Internet



Percent of households with mobile telephone

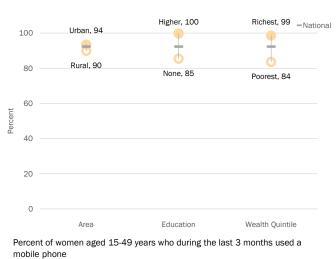
Percent of households with access to the internet at home

Use of Information & Communication Technology



Percent of women and men aged 15-49 years who during the last 3 months used a computer, used a mobile phone and used the internet

Disparities in Use of Information & Communication Technology

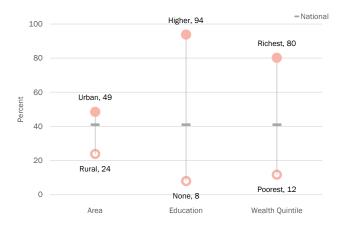


Disparities in Mobile Phone Use among Women



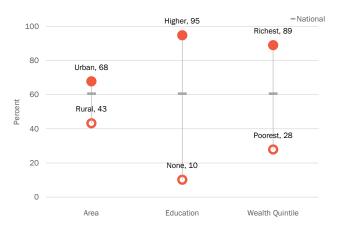


Disparities in Internet Use among Women: SDG17.8.1



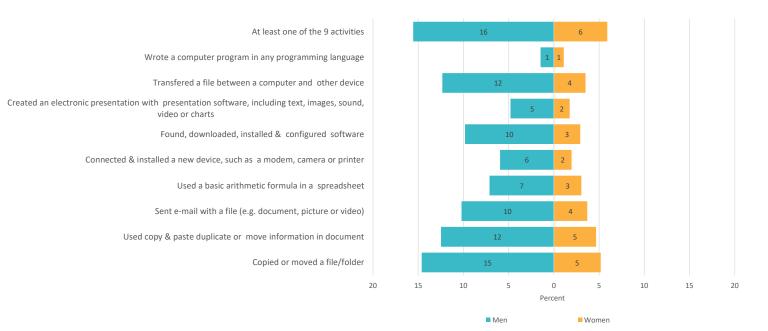
Percent of women aged 15-49 years who used the internet in the last 3 months

Disparities in Internet Use among Men: SDG17.8.1



Percent of men aged 15-49 years who used the internet in the last 3 months

Specific Computer Skills



Percent of women and men aged 15-49 years who in the last 3 months have carried out specific computer related activities and the percentage who have carried out at least one of these activities

Provincial Data on ICT Use & Skills among Women

Province	Computer Use	Mobile Phone Use	Internet Use	Performed at Least 1 computer -related activity
National	5.3	92.4	41.0	5.9
Province 1	5.6	90.8	40.0	3.6
Province 2	3.0	91.0	29.3	2.7
Bagmati Province	16.3	95.9	63.8	13.9
Gandaki Province	8.9	97.1	59.6	6.4
Lumbini Province	3.4	91.3	32.3	2.9
Karnali Province	1.3	86.2	14.7	1.2
Sudoorpashchim Province	3.2	90.1	17.0	2.6

Percent of women aged 15-49 years who during the last 3 months used a computer, used a mobile phone and used the internet and percentage who performed at least 1 computerrelated activity

The Nepal Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS) was carried out in 2019 by the Central Bureau of Statistics as part of the global MICS programme. Technical support was provided by the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). UNICEF and Government of Nepal provided financial support. The objective of this snapshot is to disseminate selected findings from the Nepal MICS 2019 related to Mass Media, Communications & Internet. Data from this snapshot can be found in tables SR.9.1W, SR.9.1M, SR.9.2, SR.9.3W, SR.9.3M, SR.9.4W and SR.9.4M in the Survey Findings Report. Further statistical snapshots and the Survey Findings Report for this and other surveys are available on mics.unicef.org/surveys.