

Montenegro 2018



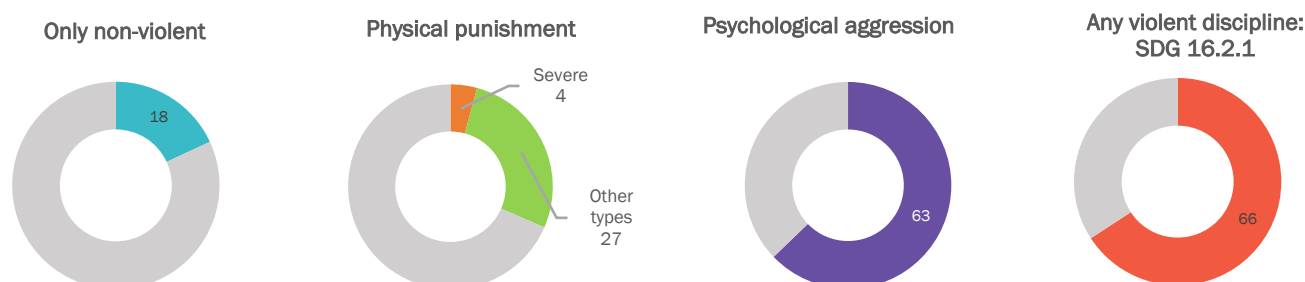
Child Discipline

Multiple Indicator
Cluster Surveys

Child Discipline

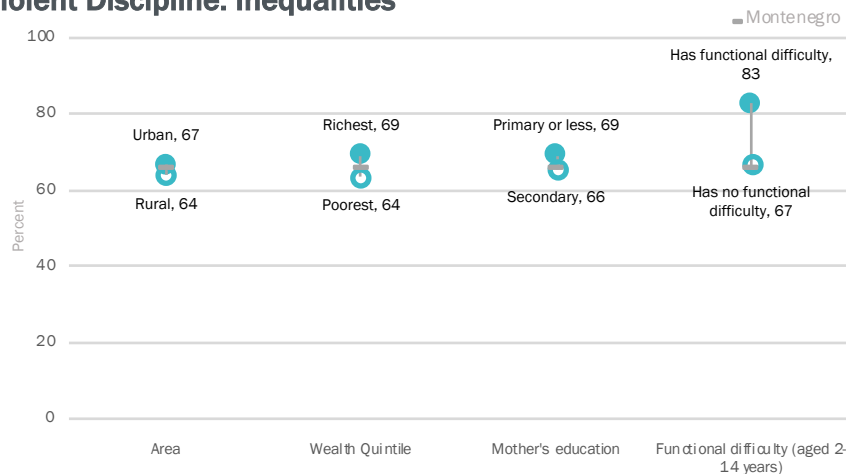


Types of Child Discipline



Percentage of children aged 1 to 14 years who experienced any discipline in the past month, by type

Violent Discipline: Inequalities



Percentage of children aged 1 to 14 years who experienced any violent discipline in the past month, by background characteristics

Physical punishment: Shaking, hitting or slapping a child on the hand/arm/leg, hitting on the bottom or elsewhere on the body with a hard object, spanking or hitting on the bottom with a bare hand, hitting or slapping on the face, head or ears, and hitting or beating hard and repeatedly.

Severe physical punishment: Hitting or slapping a child on the face, head or ears, and hitting or beating a child hard and repeatedly.

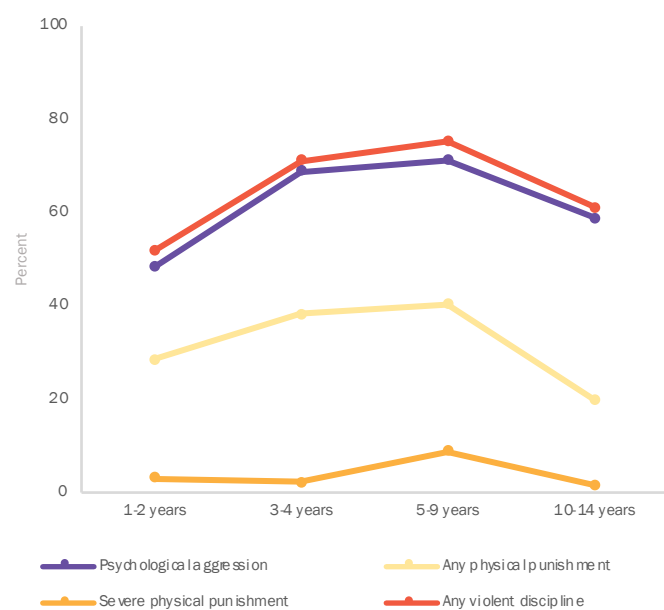
Psychological aggression: Shouting, yelling or screaming at a child, as well as calling a child offensive names such as 'dumb' or 'lazy'.

Violent discipline: Any physical punishment and/or psychological aggression.

Key Messages

- In Montenegro, 66 percent of children aged 1 to 14 years experienced some form of physical punishment and/or psychological aggression by adult household members in the last month.
- 4 percent of children this age were subjected to severe physical punishment.
- Only 18 percent experienced methods of non-violent disciplining.
- There are no differences between boys and girls aged 1 to 14 years who experienced any physical punishment (31 percent for boys and 32 percent for girls).
- 10 percent of mothers/caretakers think that children need to be physically punished in order to be brought up, raised, or educated properly, which implies an interesting contrast to the actual prevalence of physical discipline (31 percent of children are subjected to some form of physical punishment).

Violent Discipline: Age Patterns



Percentage of children aged 1 to 14 years who experienced any violent discipline in the past month, by type and by age

Physical Punishment: Attitudes & Experiences

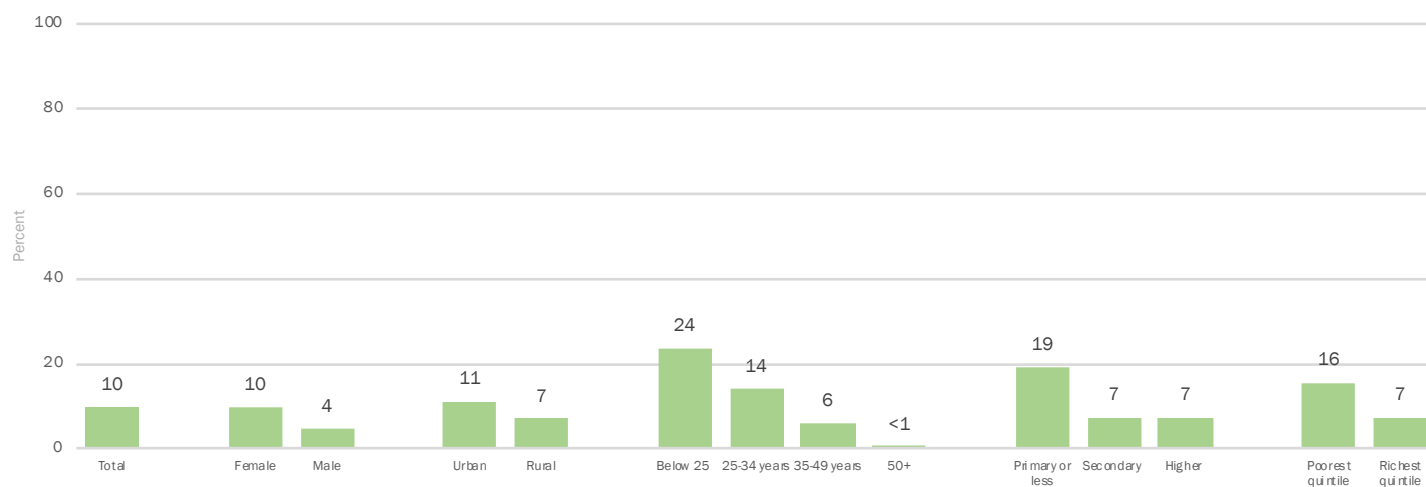
Percentage of mothers/caretakers who think that physical punishment is necessary

10

Percentage of children aged 1-14 years who experienced any physical punishment

31

Attitudes to Physical Punishment



Percentage of mothers/caretakers who think that physical punishment is necessary to raise or educate children, by their background characteristics

The Montenegro Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS) was carried out in 2018 by the Statistical Office of Montenegro (MONSTAT) as a part of the global MICS programme. Technical support was provided by the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). UNICEF, the Government of Montenegro, and UNHCR provided financial support.

The objective of this snapshot is to disseminate selected findings from the 2018 Montenegro MICS related to Child Discipline. The data from this snapshot can be found in tables PR.2.1 and PR.2.2 in the Survey Findings Report.

Further statistical snapshots and the Survey Findings Report for this and other MICS surveys are available on mics.unicef.org/surveys.