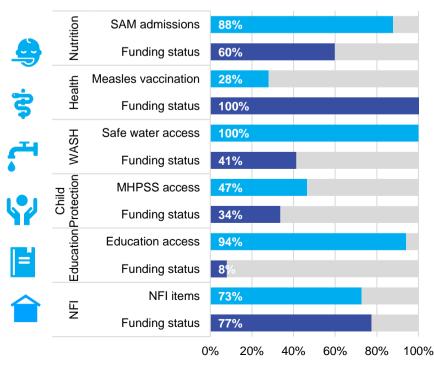


Reporting Period: 01 to 30 November 2020

Highlights

- Despite a slight decrease in the number of asymmetric attacks registered during November in Niger, the security environment remains extremely volatile and prone to quick deteriorations. The prevalence of improvised explosive devices (IEDs) related incidents in both the lake Chad area, as well as the border region with Mali and Burkina Faso remains a primary concern.
- The nutrition survey, conducted between September and October 2020 using the SMART methodology, showed a national Global Acute Malnutrition (GAM) prevalence of 12.7% [11.6%-14.0%]. The prevalence of Severe Acute Malnutrition (SAM) was estimated to 2.6% [2.2%-3.1%], surpassing the emergency threshold of 2%. Five regions showed a particularly concerning situation with a GAM prevalence close or above the emergency threshold of 15% (Diffa, Maradi, Zinder, Tahoua and Agadez).
- The Rapid Response Mechanism (RRM) recorded o3 alerts on displacements of population following non-state armed groups attacks and conducted o5 multisector assessments and o1 rapid-assessment in the Diffa, Tahoua and Tillaberi regions. RRM actors also provided NFI to 45,330 people and shelter assistance to 6,474 beneficiaries, and WASH assistance to 14,375 beneficiaries.

UNICEF's Response and Funding Status**



NIGER

Humanitarian Situation Report No. 11



Situation in Numbers

2 million

children in need of humanitarian assistance

3.7 million

people in need (OCHA, Humanitarian Response Plan - HRP Niger (Revised), July 2020)

533,384

children affected by SAM nationwide (OCHA, HRP Niger (Revised), July 2020)

84,200

Internally displaced children in Tillaberi / Tahoua, out of

139,904

Internally displaced people in
Tillaberi / Tahoua (UNHCR, August 2020)

47,562

Refugee children in Maradi, out of

70,000

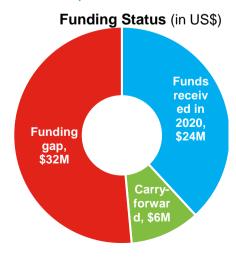
Refugees in Maradi (UNHCR, August 2020)

549,049

people affected by floods (Ministry of Humanitarian Affairs and Civil Protection, 21/09/2020)

UNICEF Appeal 2020

US\$ 62.2 millions



 $[\]hbox{*Funding available includes carry-over and funds received in the current year.}$

^{**} Regarding the Education sector, the high rate of results compared with the low funding level is mainly due to the utilisation of stock ordered in 2019 and the use of non-emergency funds, in particular for the response to emergencies in Diffa, Tahoua, and Tillaberi regions (regular resources, NORAD funds, Education Cannot Wait contributions).

Funding Overview and Partnership

In 2020, UNICEF is appealing for US\$ 62.2M to provide life-saving services to women and children affected by several crisis in Niger, in coordination with other humanitarian actors, within the framework of the revised Humanitarian Response Plan 2020, and in partnerships with the Government as well as NGOs. The funds carry-over from the previous year (2019) amounts to US\$ 6.5M and funding received so far amounts to about US\$ 24M, leaving a funding gap of 51 % at the end of November 2020. UNICEF expresses its sincere gratitude to all public and private donors for the contributions received, enabling UNICEF to support vulnerable populations where it is most needed.

Situation Overview & Humanitarian Needs

Humanitarian Needs Overview: The 2020 Humanitarian Response Plan was revised in July: it has been estimated that 3.7 million people in Niger are in need of humanitarian assistance, including about 2 million children. The needs analysis shows the persistence of five major crises affecting the country: food insecurity, malnutrition, epidemics including COVID-19 pandemic, floods and population movements due to conflict and irregular migration. According to this revised version of the 2020 HRP, 2.2 million people (+27%) are targeted for non-COVID-19 response with an updated budget of 433.8 M USD (+8%). The Food Security sector increased target and budget by 33%; other sectors with a major increase in people targeted are protection, nutrition, shelter/NFI and health. The revised HRP also includes an amount of 82.3 M USD for COVID-19 response (66.6 M USD for health activities) for a new HRP total budget of 516.1 M USD. The COVID-19 related interventions in the revised HRP target 3.1 M people in the country. In partnership with government and NGOs, UNICEF continues to provide multisectoral and coordinated assistance to affected population, both through an emergency approach to assist the most vulnerable populations immediately after a shock, and through longer terms interventions to guarantee durable solutions.

Access to affected communities continue to be very limited due to continuous insecurity and to a cumbersome civil-military coordination process. Field missions are frequently cancelled due to incidents and/or non-state armed groups activities and lack of access is slowing down program implementation and monitoring. The imposition of armed escorts by the government for all movements outside the major urban agglomerations represents a major barrier to access the affected communities: UNICEF was obliged to suspend all field missions requiring an armed escort with heavy consequences to the delivery of assistance. A dialogue is ongoing with the Government and the humanitarian community and UN Agencies.

COVID-19 pandemic¹: Following the confirmation of the first positive case of COVID-19 on March 19th, 2020 in the capital city Niamey, UNICEF has been working closely with the Government and its partners to step up the response and prevent further proliferation of the COVID-19 pandemic across the country, already facing the consequences of multiple crises (nutrition, conflicts, natural disasters). As of the end of the reporting period, Niger registered 1,548 cases of COVID-19, 1,210 patients healed, 266 patients currently under treatment and 72 deaths, with 3 new victims since the last one reported in July. A gradual increase in the number of cases of COVID-19 is registered since November 6th, reaching a peak on November 29th and affecting 4 out of 8 regions (Dosso, Agadez, Tillabery, Niamey), with Niamey reporting more than 86% of the new cases.

Summary Analysis of Programme Response

Nutrition

UNICEF provided support to the Ministry of Health for the prevention and management of SAM in children nationwide. In the wake of the Covid-19 pandemic, UNICEF strengthened, as part of the CMAM program, hygiene measures both at health facility and community levels to reduce the incidence of nosocomial infections and the spread of the virus.

Lake Chad Basin crisis

At the end of November 2020 (week 49), 17,888 under-five children suffering from SAM (representing 66.4% of the total caseload) were admitted for treatment in Diffa region, including 1,191 children with medical complications. Compared to the same period of last year, it represented a decrease of 29% in inpatient and an increase of 18% in outpatient facilities.

¹ UNICEF Niger COVID-19 Sitreps are available here : https://www.unicef.org/appeals/niger_sitreps.html

Mali Border crisis (Tahoua and Tillaberi regions)

At the end of November 2020 (week 49), 90,168 under-five children suffering from SAM were admitted for treatment in Tahoua and Tillaberi regions, including 12,569 children with medical complications. Compared to the same period of last year, it represented a decrease of 1% both in inpatient and outpatient facilities.

Nutrition situation at national level

At the end of the reporting period (week 49), 368,190 under-five children suffering from SAM were admitted for treatment (representing 69.0% of the revised annual target²), including 49,735 cases with medical complications.

The nutrition survey conducted between September and October 2020 using the SMART methodology showed a national Global Acute Malnutrition (GAM) prevalence of 12.7% [11.6%-14.0%]. The prevalence of Severe Acute Malnutrition (SAM) was estimated to 2.6% [2.2%-3.1%], surpassing the emergency threshold of 2%. Five regions showed a particularly concerning situation with a GAM prevalence close or above the emergency threshold of 15% (Diffa, Maradi, Zinder, Tahoua and Agadez). UNICEF has developed a response plan for prevention and treatment of malnutrition (including micronutrient deficiencies) that includes: support to the extension of the mother mid-upper arm circumference (MUAC) approach for early detection and referral of children with acute malnutrition, capacity strengthening for the management of SAM and integration with WASH, support to vitamin A supplementation and deworming, home fortification with Micronutrient Powders (MNP), iron folic acid supplementation for pregnant women and adolescent girls, and promotion of adequate Infant and Young Child Feeding (IYCF) practices, as well as support to sectoral coordination at central and regional levels. The plan also foresees additional support to increase the availability of human resources and materials in the regions with high prevalence of acute malnutrition.

Furthermore, UNICEF in collaboration with partners will undertake qualitative analysis to determine the causes of the high levels of acute malnutrition in the regions of Agadez, Diffa and Zinder.

COVID-19 ADAPTATION

UNICEF continues to support the Government of Niger and partners on the implementation of adapted modalities to ensure the continuity of essential nutrition services at health facility and community levels. The Nutrition Technical Group (NTG), co-led by the Directorate of Nutrition and UNICEF, finalized the sectoral strategy for the 2021 Humanitarian Response Plan which includes reference to the adaptation strategy for the nutrition response in the context of COVID-19 pandemic. As restrictions on community activities have been lifted since August, UNICEF is supporting the government in strengthening community-level preventive activities while ensuring that Infection Prevention and Control (IPC) measures are respected.

Health

Lake Chad Basin crisis

During the reporting period, with UNICEF support, it has been organized the Inter-Regional Vaccination Agency Coordination Committee meeting with the participation of actors who had made commitments in December 2019. The aim was to assess the commitments of the various stakeholders and propose a new engagement roadmap.

The assessment results revealed the commitments of the prefects, mayors and traditional chiefs through: 1) the setup of a multisectoral collaboration framework to assess the performance of immunization at the department level, 2) the creation by the municipalities of a budget line in the action plan in order to fund the vaccination campaign (the municipality of N'gourti in Diffa Region has already funded about 15 million CFA for the vaccination). The new commitments of the stakeholders are: 1) regular (monthly) meetings of multisectoral committees to assess the performance of vaccination campaign; 2) funding mobilization for the vaccination by the municipalities.

Preparatory activities for the measles response campaign have been performed, with UNICEF support, following the measles cases recorded in the Health District of Diffa.

Mali Border crisis (Tahoua and Tillaberi regions)

Mobile clinics continued to be carried out in the Tillaberi region in order to reach affected populations with healthcare. As a result, 2,489 children under 5 were reached by healthcare (719 displaced, 603 refugees and 1,167 indigenous children).

² The revised annual target for Nutrition is 533,384 children under-five with severe acute malnutrition admitted for treatment in a health facility, respect of the original one of 381,700 children. The new data is aligned with the revised HRP, published in July 2020.

COVID-19 ADAPTATION

Health activities continue in all regions, ensuring preventive measures due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

WASH

Lake Chad Basin crisis

In November 2020, the WASH Cluster actors provided: (1) 1,132 people affected by population movement with access to safe water to respond to their long-term needs through the construction of a water supply piped system in Sayam village (Municipality of Chetimari) raising the Cluster WASH results to 32,985 people provided with access to long-term access to safe water; (2) 1,549 people with access to sanitation facilities through the construction of emergency latrines in the municipality of Diffa, raising the Cluster WASH results to 20,170 people benefiting from sanitation facilities; and (3) 5,039 people with hygiene promotion and awareness raising, including sensitization on the COVID-19 prevention, in the municipalities of Diffa, N'Guigmi and Chetimari, raising the Cluster's results to 154,860 people (56% of the target)

Mali border crisis (Tahoua and Tillaberi regions)

In Tillaberi region, 933 additional people were provided with access to sanitation facilities with UNICEF support, through the construction of emergency latrines in IDPs Furthermore, 62,564 people affected population movement were reached with hygiene promotion including 44,245 with UNICEF support, which rises the Cluster WASH results to 266,780 people (76 % of the target). In addition, 2,334 malnourished children benefited from soap, household water treatment products and hygiene promotion through WASH-in-Nut projects from WASH Cluster actors including 2,131 malnourished children with UNICEF support in the departments of Say, Torodi, Tillaberi, Ouallam, Ayerou, Bankilare, Gotheye and Tillia in Tillaberi and Tahoua region. Besides, the sub-national WASH Cluster coordination in Tillaberi region was revitalised through the holding of a meeting this month and updating of its terms of reference.

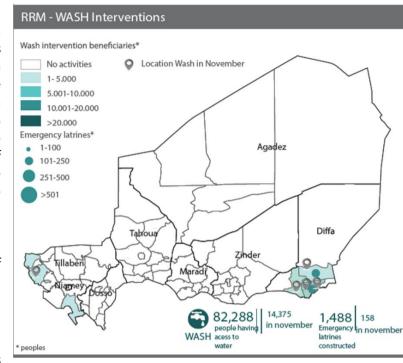
Other crises

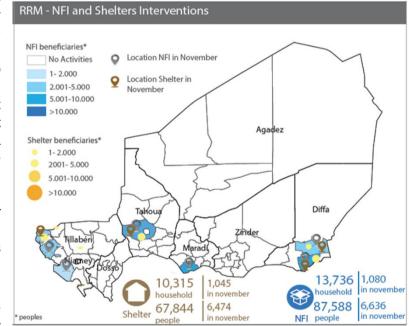
In Niamey area, 4,356 people affected by floods were provided with access to safe water to respond to their

immediate needs through water trucking and 22,358 people gained access to sanitation infrastructure and hygiene promotion with support from UNICEF and the WASH Cluster actors.



UNICEF continues to support the national IPC commission and regional COVID-19 committees to develop and implement comprehensive WASH/IPC activities as part of the implementation of WASH in emergency response, based on the adaptation of the implementation of Humanitarian Response Plan projects. This includes awareness raising on barrier measures to prevent COVID-19 infections, training of health workers and hygienists, provision and distribution of handwashing devices and other WASH/IPC kits, reinforcement of water supply and sanitation in COVID-19 case management and other relevant healthcare facilities, hygiene promotion and monitoring of IPC measure in health centres. UNICEF provided the health ministry with IPC supplies and is supporting the evaluation of IPC measures in 5 regions (Dosso, Tahoua, Maradi, Zinder and Diffa).





Education

The school year started on the 15th of October, delayed by heavy flooding. UNICEF supported the Back to School campaign through focused messaged, including messages on COVID-19 prevention measures, as well as efforts to secure the school environment. 274 schools remained closed due to insecurity in the Tillabéri region. A 275th has been registered on November 11, 2020 when an armed group attacked in night and burnt the school of Tolba, commune of Torodi, in Tillabéri Region. 48 pupils including 14 girls were affected by this attack.

In the region of Maradi 10 schools remained closed including the school of Tankama school occupied by the DSF of Niger, in the commune of Tibiri.

Lake Chad Basin crisis

The regional Director office implemented missions to monitor the effectiveness of the start of the school year 2020/2021. The visits of the regional Director made it possible to see at first hand the effectiveness of the resumption of classes and to assess factors relating to the conduct of academic activities and the living and working conditions of teachers and pupils. In Diffa region, there are 79,522 pupils (41,035 girls), under the supervision of 2,830 teachers, including 1,924 women, under the guidance of 46 educational advisers and 14 inspectors. UNICEF provided the Regional Directorate for Primary Education with 154 handwashing devices, 154 boxes of soap and 6,806 bibs.

Mali Border Crisis (Tahoua and Tillaberi régions)

As of November 25, 274 schools have still not reopened due to insecurity. A total of 22,332 children (10,873 girls) are affected by this situation.

COVID-19 ADAPTATION

UNICEF has procured 18,000 handwashing kits and soap to be distributed to schools. UNICEF also supported the Ministries of Education (Primary and Secondary) in the production of the COVID-19 manuals for teachers. The Ministry of Primary Education also developed an education strategy to support children for them to catch up after missing classes due to COVID-19, with UNICEF's support. The Back to School campaign has included messages on COVID-19 prevention measures, including flyers and short videos produced with the Ministry of Secondary Education.

Child Protection

Lake Chad Basin crisis

In November 2020, in the region of Diffa, 2,837 children benefitted from psychosocial support by Child Protection Working Group (CPWG) members, among them 476 by the Regional Directorate for Child Protection (DRPE) social workers and partners with UNICEF support. 3,633 children, among them 2,769 through UNICEF support, benefitted from sensitization activities on child protection issues, COVID-19 prevention and access to social services. Restriction of movement continues to remain a challenge in some areas such as Bosso, Toumour and Gueskerou due to insecurity. There is a need to continue the community sensitization on child protection and prevention actions.

Mali Border Crisis (Tahoua and Tillaberi regions)

In the Tillaberi region, 96 child protection community-based mechanisms (CPCBM), youth dialogues committees and women groups are operational in 54 villages in the region at the border with Burkina Faso through an UNICEF's national partner. 477 sensitization activities, including the thematic on birth registration, hygiene, gender-based violence and child marriage, and COVID-19 measures were performed during the month in small gatherings targeting 3,777 people, including 1,552 children and 132 people with disabilities (49 boys and 42 girls). 50 children at risk (29 girls) were identified by the CPCBM and benefitted from social workers follow-up and psychosocial support. Four unaccompanied boys, aged 4 to 11 years old, are receiving alternative care by host families. The security situation in the area remains a challenge with continuous threats against population by the non-state armed elements, which has an impact for the partner to reach the CPCBM, but also on the re-opening of schools. An UNICEF's partners, with the support of youth dialogues committees, performed sensitization activities against child recruitment and any form of abuse and exploitation.

National Level and Other Crisis

In November 2020, the exercise of the 2021 HRP was done by the Child Protection sub-cluster. Four national NGOs received specific orientations through a workshop on the creation of projects for 2021 for a total of \$2.2 million USD. INGO COOPI is responding to the flooding situation in the region of Niamey through psychosocial and health care. In Agadez, during the month of November, three convoys coming from Algeria with over 2,200 migrants arrived in Assamaka at the IOM site. The Regional Directorate for Child Protection identified 150 unaccompanied children (74 girls), most of them aged between 26 days and 17 years old. Other 27 (include 20 girls) separated children were identified within the region. UNICEF continued to organize a supply transfer of NFI to the site (2 tents) of Assamaka.

All children received alternative care and psychosocial support in the transit center under the management of the Regional Directorate in charge of Child protection (DRPE) and technically and financially supported by UNICEF. Most of children (over 80%) are coming from the Zinder region. They were all reunified within a week with their families after a 24 to 48 hours temporary care in host families in Zinder.

COVID-19 ADAPTATION

Despite the COVID-19 pandemic, child protection activities with protection services and partners continued during the reporting period, adapting the activities to the context via small groups gatherings for sensitization and orientations by social workers through communications means to child protection community-based mechanisms. UNICEF partners continue to follow the COVID-19 measures while meeting with beneficiaries.

Non-Food Items (NFI)

UNICEF and the Ministry of Humanitarian Affairs (MAH) continued to assist flood-affected people by distributing 750 NFI kits in the Agadez and Tahoua regions. About 2,000 households and 16,629 people were reached by NFI Kits throughout the whole flooding response (August – November). On November 16th and 17th, UNICEF trained 37 staff from the Ministry of Humanitarian Affairs, the Directory General of Civil Protection, and organizations such as the Niger Red Cross, CRL in flood preparedness and response. The training is part of the UNICEF efforts to strengthen government capacities and competencies to respond to disasters and to set up a pool of government experts in disaster preparedness and response.

The rapid response mechanism (RRM) recorded o₃ alerts on displacement of population following non-state armed groups attacks and conducted o₅ Multi-sectorial assessments and 1 protection assessment, in Diffa, Tahoua and Tillaberi regions. In November, RRM actors also provided NFI Assistance to 45,330 affected people including the ones assisted by the MAH, shelter assistance to 6,474 people, as well as protection assistance to 2 cases.

Lake Chad Basin crisis

Since the beginning of the year, UNICEF, through RRM implementing partners, supported 32,566 people affected by conflicts through the distribution of UNICEF NFI kits.

Mali Border crisis (Tahoua and Tillaberi regions)

Since the beginning of the year, 22,951 people affected by conflict received NFI kits provided by UNICEF in Tillaberi and Tahoua regions. Humanitarian access continues to be a major constraint, due to the security context and government restrictions mainly in the Tillaberi and Tahoua regions.

COVID-19 ADAPTATION

As technical leader of the Rapid Response Mechanism (RRM) Technical Coordination, UNICEF contributed to the finalization of the review of the tools and protocols of the RRM to adapt them to the COVID-19 evolving context to be able to continue to safely deliver the humanitarian aid respecting the "do not harm" principle. The revised version of this Standard Operation Procedures for COVID-19 (SOP) was validated during the meeting of the Strategical Group held on the 16th of September. A light version of COVID-19 Sop is applied in the regions with no case reported during a period of at least 28 days, while the complete SOP are applied elsewhere with a more active local transmission.

Communication for Development (C4D)

During the month of November, UNICEF supported the Ministry of Humanitarian Affairs in the relocation of displaced people affected by floods in Niamey. 9,044 persons (1,292) were relocated in Hippodrome Site (352 households) and Seno Gano Camp (940 households) in Niamey. The main effort for 02 weeks was focused on community dialogue for reducing conflicts among the population, on child protection and on the organization of a system for women to report misconduct cases. 32 community workers from those displaced people were trained in conflict resolution techniques and Essential Family Practices, in order to provide daily support to households.

RapidPro³

Several trainings for Education focal points have been planned to be held in December: since the data collection will start the next reporting period, no reports were received in November for the Education sector. About WASH, og alerts and 102 reports were received out of 249 expected water point reports. 27 reports were received on nutrition performance.

| Sector | Real time reporting on alerts and the functionalities of services | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---|-----|---|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | _ | Addressed Alerts | | | | | |
| Nutrition | 27 | 51 | 9 | 0 | | | | | |
| WASH | 172 | 249 | 0 | 0 | | | | | |
| Education | NA | - | 0 | 0 | | | | | |

Humanitarian Cash Transfers

Following the capacity building of UNICEF programme and operations staff, 22 people from implementing partners (NGO and Governments) were trained in Basic Skills in Humanitarian Cash Transfers during the week from 23 to 27 November. This activity provides UNICEF with a solid basis for the implementation of its humanitarian cash transfer strategy in Niger.

The IRC partner has started the needs analysis for the implementing of the pilot cash transfer in the Diffa. However, the steps of the targeting and cash transfer have been postponed for the beginning of the next year due to their sensitivity during the election period.

Humanitarian Leadership, Coordination and Strategy

UNICEF responds to chronic and acute crises in Niger. UNICEF strengthens national health and nutrition systems to deliver emergencies services, including severe acute malnutrition (SAM) prevention and treatment, measles and polio vaccination and free health care for children under 5. UNICEF, in collaboration with the UN SUN Network⁴, also supported the Government in the preparation of a joint declaration on adequate Infant and Young Child Feeding (IYCF) in the context of COVID-19, which was submitted for signature by UNICEF and WHO country representatives, and by the Minister of Public Health. In addition, UNICEF facilitated an ad-hoc meeting of the Nutrition Sector Group to sensitize stakeholders on the International Code of marketing of breastfeeding milk substitutes in Niger.

UNICEF prioritizes access to quality school services for children affected by crises and building resilience in schools. Conflict-affected children receive comprehensive child protection services, and cholera prevention and readiness and access to safe water remain as priorities.

UNICEF leads the Education and WASH Clusters, the Child Protection Sub-Cluster and the Nutrition Technical Working Group in close collaboration with government counterparts. UNICEF technically leads the Rapid Response Mechanism (RRM), implemented jointly by ACF, ACTED, DRC, IRC, OCHA, WFP and the government, and is responsible for the NFIs procurement. UNICEF is also an active member of the MultiSectoral Cash Working Group.

Human Interest Stories and External Media

Several partners and donors used UNICEF Niger multi-media assets to support their advocacy, fundraising and communication efforts:

- US Funds for UNICEF "We won't stop working for everychild" campaign : https://www.unicefusa.org/mission/starts-with-u/nutrition-for-children
- ECHO website: https://ec.europa.eu/echo/field-blogs/videos/niger-providing-timely-care-face-peak-malnutrition-and-malaria_en
- Education Cannot Wait: https://ecw.exposure.co/schools-reopen-in-niger-after-pandemic-closings

The celebration of the World Children's Day was an opportunity for children in Niger to advocate for their rights, especially for those affected by crisis. UNICEF, in close collaboration with national-based media outlets, organized a series of media initiatives, through which children themselves have produced a series of articles and reports on the situation of children affected by crisis, including natural disaster (floods). Their products were broadcasted on national TV and published on online and printed newspapers.

- Media reports by children:
 - Actu Niger: https://www.actuniger.com/societe/16785-abdoul-salamou-10-ans-a-cause-des-inondations-j-ai-arrete-l-ecole-et-je-mendie-desormais-dans-la-rue.html
 - Actu Niger: https://www.actuniger.com/societe/16775-issa-abdou-eleve-de-16-ans-nos-conditions-de-vie-sont-vraiment-precaires-sur-ce-site-qui-accueille-les-sinistres-des-inondations.html

³ https://rapidproniger.azurewebsites.net/

⁴ https://www.unnetworkforsun.org/

• Niamey Soir: https://www.niameysoir.com/societe-non-respect-des-droits-de-lenfant-tirons-les-lecons-des-inondations-de-2020/

Next SitRep: December 2020

UNICEF Niger website: <u>www.unicef.org/niger</u>

UNICEF Niger Facebook: https://www.facebook.com/unicefniger/

UNICEF Niger Twitter: www.twitter.com/Unicefniger
UNICEF Niger Blog: http://unicefniger.tumblr.com/

UNICEF Niger Instagram: https://www.instagram.com/unicefniger/

UNICEF Niger Humanitarian Action for Children appeal: http://www.unicef.org/appeals/index.html

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Annex A

Summary of Programme Results

| | | UNICEF and IPs Response | | | Cluster/Sector Response | | |
|---|------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Sector | Overall needs | 2020 target | Total results* | Change since last report ▲ ▼ | 2020 target | Total results* | Change since last report ▲ ▼ |
| Nutrition | | | | | | | |
| # of children under-five with severe acute malnutrition admitted for treatment in a health facility | 533,3845 | 381,700 | 368,190 | 34,864 ▲ | 396,539 | 368,190 | 34,864 ▲ |
| Health | | | | | | | |
| # children under 5 accessing life-saving interventions through fixed, mobile and community-based activities | 719,224 | 100,000 | 42,071 | 5,894 ▲ | | | |
| # of children aged 6 months to 14 years in humanitarian situations vaccinated against measles | 300,000 | 110,000 | 30,855 | 18,625 ▲ | | | |
| WASH | | | | | | | |
| # people affected by population movements and natural disasters accessing drinking water | 350,491 | 50,000 | 127,767 | 2,178 ▲ | 193,042 | ¹ 57,575 | 4,356 ▲ |
| # people affected by an outbreak of water-borne disease accessing hygiene kits and sensitization activities | 1,309,463 | 415,000 | 301,298 | 64,786 ▲ | 994,849 | 617,640 | 89,961 ▲ |
| # of malnourished children admitted for SAM/MAM and benefiting WASH minimum package in the community | 222,531 | 15,000 | 9,711 | 2,131 ▲ | 103,131 | 11,526 | 2,334 ▲ |
| # people affected by population movements and natural disasters in Niger with access to sanitation infrastructure | 350,501 | 97,000 | 68,308 | 933 ▲ | 272,359 | 77,058 | 933 ▲ |
| Child Protection | | | | | | | |
| # of children reached with psychosocial support, including access to child-friendly spaces | 432,925 | 30 , 500 ⁵ | 14,189 | 508▲ | 46,442 | 38,615 | 2,869▲ |
| # of registered unaccompanied and separated children benefiting from family tracing and reunification services and family-based care or alternative care arrangements | N/A | 240 | 140 | 4 A | 555 | 240 | 4▲ |
| # of children suspected or verified CAAFAG | N/A | | | | | | |
| identified benefitting from temporary care and/or family/community reintegration support | | 190 | 99 | 1 🛦 | 270 | 99 | 1 🛦 |
| # children affected by population movements benefiting from sensitization | 432,925 | 105,0005 | 53,735 | 6,547▲ | 133,584 | 89,340 | 7,411▲ |
| Education # pide and because and the property of the standing | | | | | | | |
| # girls and boys aged 4 to 17 years affected by crisis receiving learning materials | 260,430 | 155,000 | 118,642 | - | 208,344 | 133,122 | 404▲ |
| # of out of school boys and girls (4-17 years) affected by crisis accessing education | 260,430 | 34,500 | 32,478 | 715▲ | 56,000 | 48,328 | 404 ▲ |
| # of boys and girls (4 -17 years) affected by crisis attending education in a classroom where the teacher has been trained in psychosocial support | 260,430 | 136,500 | 54,755 | - | 208,344 | 57,412 | 404▲ |
| # of children boys and girls (4-17 years) who attend schools with an up-to-date plan of prevention, preparedness and responses risk Non-Food Items | 260,430 | 136,500 | 45,908 | - | 208,344 | 45,908 | - |
| # of displaced persons provided with NFI kits | 583,000 | 143,500 | 104,217 | 45,330 ▲ | | | |
| " of displaced persons provided with the trits | 503,000 | ±43,500 | 104,21/ | 70,330 € | | | |

⁵ Overall target has been changed following the HRP revision. However, 2020 target of SAM are not yet updated in order to reflect the change.

Lake Chad Basin Crisis Response

LCB targets and results are also included in the "Summary of programme results" table above.

| Leb targets and resorts are also incloded in the Sommary of | | | | | Cluston/Conton Dominion | | |
|---|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------------|
| | | UNICEF and IPs Response | | | Cluster/Sector Response | | |
| Sector | Overall needs | 2020 target | Total results* | Change since last report ▲ ▼ | 2020 target | Total results* | Change since last report ▲ ▼ |
| Nutrition | | | | | | | |
| # children under 5 years affected by SAM admitted for | 20.014 | 20.044 | 47 000 | 4 05.4 | 20.014 | 47 000 | 4 Oc. A |
| treatment in Diffa | 20,041 | 20,041 | 17,888 | 1,854▲ | 20,041 | 17,888 | 1,854 ▲ |
| Health | | | | | | | |
| # children under 5 accessing life-saving interventions | | | C | | | | |
| through fixed, mobile and community-based activities | 119,537 | 50,000 | 6,051 | - | | | |
| # of children aged 6 months to 14 years in | | | | | | | |
| humanitarian situations vaccinated against measles | 91,935 | 30,000 | 9,765 | - | | | |
| # of children who have access to community case | | | | | | | |
| management in emergency in the Nguigmi and Diffa | 57,235 | 10,000 | 9,456 | 3,405 ▲ | | | |
| health district | 377 33 | • | 37 13 | 3, 1 3 | | | |
| WASH | | | | | | | |
| # of malnourished children admitted for SAM/MAM | | | | | | | |
| and benefiting WASH minimum package in the | | | | | | | |
| community | 11,115 | 3,000 | - | - | 5,000 | 1,416 | - |
| # of people affected by the crisis in Diffa who have | | | | | | | |
| improved access to safe water to respond to their | | | | | _ | | |
| long-term1 needs | 122,000 | 25,000 | 15,398 | - | 73,600 | 32,985 | 1,132 ▲ |
| # of people affected by the crisis in Diffa who have | | | | | | | |
| improved access to safe water to respond to their | | | | | | | |
| immediate needs | 25,005 | 5,000 | - | - | 15,000 | 19,022 | - |
| # of people affected by the crisis in Diffa with access | | | | | | | |
| to sanitation infrastructure taking into account | | | | | | | |
| accessibility for children and the specific needs of | 163,590 | 25,000 | | | 98,135 | 20,170 | 1,549 ▲ |
| women and men | 103/390 | 25,000 | 4,095 | - | | 20,1/0 | -1343 - |
| # of people affected by the crisis in Diffa having access | | | | | | | |
| to hygiene kits and sensitization activities | 458,497 | 50,000 | 10,188 | _ | 275,038 | 154,860 | 5,039 ▲ |
| Child Protection | 4501437 | 30,000 | 10/100 | | 2/3/030 | 134/000 | 31°39 — |
| # of children reached with psychosocial support, | | | | | | | |
| including access to child-friendly spaces | 229,220 | 4,500 | 7,406 | 476 ▲ | 25,388 | 31,765 | 2,837▲ |
| # of separated and/or unaccompanied children placed | | | | | | | |
| in alternative care arrangements and / or who | N/A | 150 | | _ | 505 | 128 | |
| benefitted from individual follow up | 14/74 | 150 | 28 | | 202 | 120 | |
| # of children suspected or verified CAAFAG identified | | | | | | | |
| benefitting from temporary care and/or | N/A | 160 | 96 | 1 🛦 | 240 | 96 | |
| family/community reintegration support | 14/7 | 100 | 90 | | 240 | 90 | 1 🛦 |
| # of children affected by population movements | | | | | | | |
| benefitting from sensitization activities on child | 229,220 | 12,500 | 27,592 | 2,769 ▲ | 82,307 | 61,621 | 3,633▲ |
| protection risks | 223/220 | 12,500 | 2/1332 | 21/ × 3 - | 02/30/ | 01,021 | 31°33 - |
| Education | | | | | | | |
| # girls and boys aged 4 to 17 years affected by crisis | | | | | | | |
| receiving learning materials | 107,072 | 51,500 | 12,001 | - | 85,658 | 36,343 | 404▲ |
| # of out of school boys and girls (4-17 years) affected | - / / - / | 3 13** | , | | 31 3 | 3 73 13 | |
| by crisis accessing education | 107,072 | 51,500 | 21, 077 | - | 85,658 | 28, 139 | 404▲ |
| # of boys and girls (4 -17 years) affected by crisis | 20//0/2 | 5_7500 | | | 23/232 | 1-55 | |
| attending education in a classroom where the teacher | | | 10,720 | _ | | | 404▲ |
| has been trained in psychosocial support | 107,072 | 42,829 | 20//20 | | 85,658 | 11, 841 | 7~4- |
| # of children boys and girls (4-17 years) who attend | | | | | | | |
| schools with an up-to-date plan of prevention, | | | | _ | | | |
| preparedness and responses risk | 107,072 | 42,829 | 8,858 | | 85,658 | 8,858 | - |
| Non-Food Items | | | | | | | |
| # of displaced persons provided with NFI kits | 255,000 | 10,500 | 32,566 | 4,333 ▲ | | | |
| J. Sispiaces persons provided mental rate | -55,000 | -0/500 | J-1300 | CCCIT | | | |

| | | UNICEF and IPs Response | | | Cluster/Sector Response | | |
|--|------------------|-------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------------|
| Sector | Overall needs | 2020 target | Total results | Change since last report ▲ ▼ | 2020 target | Total results | Change since last report ▲ ▼ |
| Nutrition | | | | | | | |
| # of children under-five with severe acute malnutrition admitted into therapeutic feeding programme in the border with Mali | 97,867 | 97 , 867 | 90,168 | 6,338▲ | 97,867 | 90,168 | 6,338▲ |
| # of children aged 6 months to 14 years in humanitarian situations vaccinated against measles in Tillaberi and Tahoua | 105,055 | 20,000 | 21,090 | - | | | |
| # of children who have access to life-saving interventions in the supported health districts (Abala, Banibangou, Ayorou, Tilia, Torodi) | 86,454 | 35,000 | 13,990 | 2,489 ▲ | | | |
| WASH | | | | | | | |
| # of people affected by the crisis in the border with Mali who have improved access to safe water to respond to their long-term needs # of people affected by the crisis in the border with | 157,096 | 45,000 | 11,561 | - | 94,239 | 23,390 | - |
| Mali who have improved access to safe water to respond to their immediate needs | 59,600 | 5,000 | 7,952 | - | 35,751 | 19,372 | - |
| # of people affected by the crisis in the border with Mali with access to sanitation infrastructure taking into account accessibility for children, and the specific needs of women and men | 209,460 | 45,000 | 1,219 | 933 ▲ | 125,655 | 1,419 | 933 🛦 |
| # of people affected by the crisis in the border with Mali having access to hygiene kits and sensitization activities | 587,060 | 80,000 | 174,083 | 44,245 ▲ | 352,166 | 266,780 | 62 , 564 ▲ |
| Child Protection | | | | | | | |
| # of children reached with psychosocial support, including access to child-friendly spaces | 119,979 | 9,791 | 6,504 | 32▲ | 18,361 | 6,571 | 32▲ |
| # of registered unaccompanied and separated children benefiting from family tracing and reunification services and family-based care or alternative care arrangements | N/A | 50 | 66 | 4▲ | 50 | 66 | 4▲ |
| # of children released from armed forces or groups who have benefited from community reintegration support | N/A | 30 | 3 | - | 30 | 3 | - |
| # of children affected by population movements benefitting from sensitization activities on child protection risks | 119,979 | 6,000 | 25,400 | 3,778▲ | 36,021 | 26,976 | 3,778▲ |
| Education | | | | | | | |
| # girls and boys aged 4 to 17 years affected by crisis receiving learning materials | 68,784 | 14,000 | 80,095 | 650▲ | 28,000 | 81,195 | 650▲ |
| # of out of school boys and girls (4-17 years) affected by crisis accessing education | 68,784 | 14,000 | 32, 461 | 650▲ | 55,027 | 32,442 | 650▲ |
| # of boys and girls (4 -17 years) affected by crisis attending education in a classroom where the teacher has been trained in psychosocial support | 68,784 | 27,514 | 42,788 | - | 55,027 | 45,329 | - |
| # of children boys and girls (4-17 years) who attend schools with an up-to-date plan of prevention, preparedness and responses risk | 68,784 | 27,514 | 37,050 | - | 55,027 | 37,050 | - |
| Non-Food Items | | | | | | | |
| # of displaced persons provided with NFI kits | 178,000 | 56,000 | 36,251 | 15,114▲ | | | |

Annex B

Funding Status*

| Sector | | Funds | available | Funding gap | | |
|----------------------|--------------|--------------------------|--------------|-------------|-----|--|
| | Requirements | Received Current Year | Carry-Over | \$ | % | |
| Nutrition | 26,460,000 | 13,889,620 | 1,944,076 | 10,626,304 | 40% | |
| Health | 1,410,000 | 1,268,370 | 144,000 | - | 0% | |
| WASH | 9,103,000 | 2,899,596 | 858,591 | 5,344,813 | 59% | |
| Child Protection | 4,212,000 | 797,823 | 618,110 | 2,796,066 | 66% | |
| Education | 12,635,000 | 887,238 | 111,537 | 11,636,225 | 92% | |
| Non-Food Items (NFI) | 7,183,000 | 3,314,230 | 2,247,658 | 1,621,112 | 23% | |
| Cluster Coordination | 1,188,000 | 685,713 | 564,343 | - | 0% | |
| Total | 62,191,000 | 23,742,590 | 6,488,315.53 | 32,024,521 | 51% | |

^{*} Funds available includes funding received against current appeal as well as carry-forward from the previous year.