HUMANITARIAN OVERVIEW

- Since the beginning of the Sudan crisis last April 2023, 192,473 refugees arrived in Eastern Chad (UNHCR data, 4 July) as well as 38,100 Chadian returnees (IOM data, 25 June).
- The humanitarian situation is particularly alarming in Adrédé (Ouaddai province), where thousands of refugees continue to arrive every day, with 63,348 persons - greatly exceeding the number of the local population. Some of the newcomers have been seriously injured (1,453 according to MSF and PUI), including children and pregnant women.

HUMANITARIAN RESPONSE

- The relocation of refugees from border sites to newly created transit centers and existing refugee sites is ongoing. To date, 53,889 people (13,905 households) have been relocated by UNHCR and its partners, with the support of the French government.
- MSF France and Première Urgence are taking care of injured people with eight cases already referred to the Hadjer Hadid health district (Ouaddai).
- According to the ongoing UNICEF-WFP-UNHCR evaluation mission, a worrying increase of children with severe acute malnutrition has been reported, with 15 deaths attributable to malnutrition in Adrédé hospital alone (MSF data).
- Measles cases continue to be reported among the refugees in several sites, although immunization is provided by NGOs upon their arrival.

UNICEF’s RESPONSE

Thanks to UNICEF, 10,747 people have access to safe drinking water with a cumulative number of seven boreholes serving refugees and host communities. 3,600 people have access to 72 separated blocks of latrines, with 60 constructed in Adré and 12 in host communities (Koufroune, Midjiguelta and Dize-Berte).

To date, 10,134 children, including separated or unaccompanied children, benefitted from UNICEF psychosocial support in child friendly spaces in Ouaddai province. Out of 312 separated and unaccompanied children, UNICEF implementing partners reunified 21 unaccompanied children.

1,314 children aged 0-59 months have been treated for acute respiratory infections, and 331 children aged 0-59 months were treated for diarrhea.

As of July 6, UNICEF supported the treatment of more than 1,200 children suffering from severe acute malnutrition. A UNICEF-WFP-UNHCR mission was organized to assess implementation of nutrition interventions and strengthen the coordination and information management mechanisms.

To date, 58,625 complaints were collected from refugees and host communities in Ouaddai and Sila provinces. Awareness raising sessions on essential family practices, peace building and social cohesion were conducted, benefitting 47,628 people in Ouaddai, Sila and Wadi Fira.

UNICEF FUNDING STATUS (US$)

- Requirements: $25M
- Available: $4M
- Gap: $21M

New requirements to reflect the increase of the planning figures.
For more information on the situation please contact:
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