**Highlights**

- While intense fighting continues in eastern Ukraine, some areas are now accessible to humanitarian agencies that are quickly reaching affected families and children with life-saving supplies.

- Around 773,000 households and businesses remain without power and concerns are rising that the upcoming winter will be harsh on the most hard-hit families.

- The new academic year started on 1 September with educational institutions resuming learning in different modalities. UNICEF’s Back to Learning Initiative has continued, supporting uninterrupted learning and interaction for all children across Ukraine.

- Since 24 February, 4,532,208 children and women in Ukraine have been able to access primary health care in UNICEF-supported facilities and through mobile teams. In addition, 3,586,349 people have been provided with access to safe drinking water and 965,896 people have received critical water, sanitation and hygiene supplies, including in newly accessible areas.

- Since 24 February, UNICEF-supported mental health and psychosocial support interventions have reached 2,243,415 children and caregivers while 77,016 children and their families have benefited from specialized services through case management and referral to support services. Additionally, 192,749 women and children have so far been reached by UNICEF-supported gender-based violence prevention, risk mitigation and response services.

- Since 24 February, 856,903 children have been engaged in formal or non-formal education and 384,860 children have benefited from learning interventions with supplies provided by UNICEF.

- A total of 143,763 households have been reached by UNICEF-funded multi-purpose humanitarian cash transfers.

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**UNICEF Response and Funding Status**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sector</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Healthcare access</td>
<td>Status</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MHPS5 access</td>
<td>Status</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Education</td>
<td>Status</td>
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<tr>
<td>WASH</td>
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<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social Protection</td>
<td>Status</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*This result is calculated on the basis of the average # of children that can be covered by ECD and recreation kits, and/or learning materials (taking into account single-time use even through kit contents can be used multiple times, to avoid double counting of children).*

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**UNICEF APPEAL 2022**

**US$ 987 MILLION**

**FUNDING STATUS AS OF 19 SEPTEMBER**

- **Other Resources** $2.5 M
- **Carry-over** $1.7 M
- **Funding Received** $643.3 M
- **Funding gap** $339.9 M

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*Overall HAC funding gap status does not represent gaps by sector. For further details by sector, please refer to Annex B. Figures reported to the FTS may differ for the same period due to in-process allocation of flexible funding. Funding ask reflects the updated HAC appeal (being published).*
Funding Overview and Partnerships

UNICEF has received US$647 million for its response inside Ukraine out of its revised funding ask of US$987 million, which will be reflected in the updated UNICEF Humanitarian Action for Children (HAC) appeal, to be published shortly. The revised ask reflects additional financial requirements to scale up and sustain critical services and protection assistance in Ukraine, including priorities like back to learning and winter-specific interventions, until the end of the year. The HAC is aligned with the revised OCHA Ukraine Interagency Flash Appeal that aims to provide 11.5 million people affected by the ongoing war with urgent humanitarian assistance until the end of December 2022.

Generous contributions have come from the people and Governments of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Czech Republic, Denmark, Germany, Iceland, Italy, Ireland, Japan, the Republic of Korea, Liechtenstein, Norway, Poland, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Switzerland, Thailand, Vietnam, the United Kingdom, the United States of America, USAID Bureau for Humanitarian Assistance (BHA), Education Cannot Wait, the European Commission, OCHA-Country-Based Pooled Funds (CBPF) and the United Nations Central Emergency Response Fund (CERF).

Ongoing fundraising campaigns by UNICEF National Committees and country offices have generated timely, and 85 per cent flexible support from the private sector including from corporate partners, foundations, philanthropy partners and individual donors, with actual funds already remitted amounting to US$700.9 million for both inside Ukraine and refugee-hosting countries. Private sector support has been unprecedented with donations received from over 761 businesses, 219 philanthropy partners, 130 foundations and a large base of individual donors across over 24 countries. Some prominent private sector donors and partners who have made significant contributions include Mr. Dmitry Muratov, who donated the proceeds of the sale of his 2021 Nobel Peace prize, Novo Nordisk, Fonden, Pandora, William Demant Foundation, Equinor, Ericsson, H&M, Marks and Spencer, JP Morgan, Philips, Capgemini, Visa International, Lego Foundation, Axa, Hitachi, Heartland, Formula One, Daichi, Sank, United Internet, Action, Ericsson, BMW, Daimler Trucks, Mercedes-Benz Grand Prix and Olam Group, SHO Partners, Akelius Foundation, Aeon Corporate Ltd and Co-op Deli Consumers Cooperative Union, Lund Trust, Apple, Google, ING, Louis Vuitton, Toyota, PWC, EY, Heartland, Ike, Nokia, UBS and Optimus Foundation.

UNICEF continues to work with the Government of Ukraine, United Nations agencies, civil society organizations (CSOs)/non-governmental organisations (NGOs) and other humanitarian partners. Close consultations are also being held with Presidential advisors, key ministries (Foreign Affairs; Social Policy; Education; Youth; and Health), and mayors in several cities (including through Child and Youth Friendly Cities) and the Ombudspersons Office. Through its long-standing presence in Ukraine, UNICEF has established partnerships in key hromadas (municipalities) and will continue to expand these in all oblasts (regions). Around 92 government and civil society partners have been engaged with UNICEF to respond to the critical needs of children and families across Ukraine.

Situation Overview & Humanitarian Needs

While fighting in eastern Ukraine intensified over the reporting period, some areas are now accessible to humanitarian actors that are quickly bringing in life-saving supplies. UNICEF was present in the first United Nations-led convoys and humanitarian missions in Kharkivska oblast that delivered food, water, hygiene kits, shelter materials and critical household items, including bedding, thermal blankets and kitchen sets to thousands of families and children who had been cut from humanitarian assistance for more than five months.1

According to the Ministry of Energy, approximately 773,000 households and businesses remain without power. Pressure on the power grid can deprive children from schooling and put patients at risk in hospitals and health facilities. Between the damaged infrastructures, the intense fighting, and the limited utilities, the upcoming winter will be harsh on families. UNICEF continues to assess the pressing needs and review winter plans in close coordination with government authorities, humanitarian partners and donors. UNICEF winterization plans are well underway to support vulnerable women and children in severely affected areas.

Overall, within Ukraine, nearly 7 million are estimated to be internally displaced, with the majority displaced from Donetsk, Kharkivska and Luhanska oblasts in eastern Ukraine.2 Kyivska (north-central), Kharkivska (eastern), Poltavska (central), and Dnipropetrovska (central-eastern) oblasts host a high proportion of internally displaced people in Ukraine, with 97,000 internally displaced people per raion (district).3 The numbers of registered internally displaced Ukrainians are decreasing in western Ukraine in Ivano Frankivska, Lvivska and Zakarpatska oblasts, which according to IOM, is likely due to people returning to their habitual residences or resettling elsewhere. Evacuations continue from the east and south of Ukraine and are expected to pick up speed as winter approaches.

Humanitarian Leadership, Coordination and Strategy

UNICEF continues to work closely with United Nations agencies, the Government of Ukraine, and humanitarian partners under the inter-agency framework. UNICEF leads/co-leads the Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH), Child Protection, Nutrition and Education clusters, the Social Protection sub-group under the Cash Working Group and the Maternal Child Health Care sub-group under the WHO-led Health Cluster. Dedicated WASH, Child Protection, Education and Nutrition Cluster coordinator and information management capacities are in place.

**WASH Cluster:** At national level, the WASH Cluster coordination unit focused on preparations and analyses to inform

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1 OCHA, Ukraine Situation Report, 21 September 2022.
2 IOM, Ukraine Area Baseline Report, Round 12, 26 September 2022.
3 Ibid.
the Humanitarian Needs Overview, in addition to reviewing Ukraine Humanitarian Fund projects. A Memorandum of Understanding between UNICEF and Vodokanal Association (VKA) is also being finalized to reinforce coordination structures and facilitate engagement in a more detailed damage needs assessment. At the sub-national level, a specific focus has been made on the southern and eastern hub, to ensure connections with local authorities and service providers in Mykolaiv, Kryvyi Rih and northern Kherson oblast, Kharkiv and newly accessible areas, among others, and maximize the contributions of actors present and active in these areas.

Within the various WASH Cluster working groups, work continues on: finalizing core indicators and inputting them into the Multi-Sector Needs Assessment, to be implemented by REACH; identifying actors to fill gaps for water quality testing equipment requested by the Ministry of Health and VKA; exploring technical options for rural communities not connected to centralized water systems; revising hygiene kit content for specific vulnerable groups; and inviting the hardest-hit oblasts to participate in the District Heating Working Group to highlight the most urgent needs that actors with resources could support.

The Child Protection Area of Responsibility (CP AoR) is strengthening national- and regional-level child protection coordination mechanisms. The sub-cluster has established three sub-national coordination structures in Lviv, Ivano-Frankivsk and Kyiv regions, co-chaired by regional state administrations, Terre des Hommes and regional Centres for Social Services. As of September 2022, the Child Protection Sub-cluster partners reached a total of 1,667,665 individuals, including 929,872 children, with critical child protection prevention and response services across conflict-affected areas. To harmonize child protection case management approaches, CP AoR and its Case Management Working Group members are developing a standard operating procedure and information sharing protocol.

Education Cluster: The new academic year started on 1 September 2022 with educational institutions resuming their learning activities in different modalities. According to the Ministry of Education and Science, 27 per cent of schools resumed face-to-face learning, 43 per cent of schools with distance learning, and 30 per cent of schools with a blended modality (face-to-face and distance). For the reporting period, 145,508 (49 per cent girls) school-aged children have benefitted from education services, supported by partners through infrastructure rehabilitation, creation of safe learning spaces, and the provision of learning material.

UNICEF and Save the Children continue coordinating the Education Cluster at the national level. In addition to a functioning coordination mechanism based in Kyiv for the north, coordination structures have also been established in Dnipro for the east and in Lviv for the west. The coordination architecture will also be expanded to the south and non-government controlled areas (NGCAs). Currently, the cluster operates with 50 partners.

Zonal differentiated humanitarian response strategy: UNICEF continues a zonal differentiated approach to its humanitarian response in Ukraine. In the east (Zone 1), where humanitarian corridors, intense and sustained conflict, and access constraints remain, UNICEF is using mobile rapid response teams and inter-agency humanitarian convoys, and engaging municipalities, regional and local administrations and civil society partners to implement its response. Supplies are also prepositioned therein to support children, women and other vulnerable people, including the displaced. Fifty per cent of UNICEF current supplies are prepositioned in Zone 1. In the central and western parts (Zone 2), which have little to no access challenges, UNICEF is using existing national systems and structures and engaging local authorities (regional, municipal) and CSOs to implement its humanitarian response. Since the war escalated, UNICEF Ukraine has grown from 91 to 152 staff. A flagship intervention is the UNICEF Spilno programme, which strengthens the efforts of government, local authorities, civil society, and business partners to provide multi-sectoral support – through child-friendly spaces (Spilno Child Spots) and outreach services – to families with children affected by the war.

Summary of Analysis of Programme Response

**Highlights of UNICEF’s response in Zone 1**

During the reporting period, UNICEF responded to needs in the newly accessible areas of Kharkiv oblast. The response focused on providing critical life-saving WASH and health supplies including:

- 170 tons of critical humanitarian supplies for Kharkiv’s regional health department, targeting vulnerable communities, including those in newly accessible areas. The supplies, valued at US$630,000, include emergency health kits, surgical equipment, medicine, diapers and midwifery kits.
- Hygiene kits bottled water for 8,700 people in Shevchenkove and a 75KVA generator for Shevchenkove hospital to power its critical health operations during electricity outages.
- Hygiene kits, drinking water, and high-energy biscuits for more than 40,000 people living in the Chuhuiv, Izium and Kupiansk districts who had not received assistance in six months.
- Water trucking services to health facilities, orphanages, maternity houses and residential areas in Kharkiv oblast.
- Delivery of a comprehensive health supply package for the main health facilities in Dnipropetrovsk and Zaporizhia oblasts.
- WASH support for approximately 4,500 vulnerable people living in accessible areas in Kherson oblast.

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4 These services include: child protection messaging, information sharing, PSS, case management, family tracing and reunification and alternative care arrangements.
• 60 tons of health and WASH supplies, for approximately 25,000 people, to Kramatorsk City Council for further distribution to families with children and people with disabilities living in this municipality.

• Pre-positioning of critical emergency supplies in Kramatorsk for the population of Lyman municipality (15,000 people) and of critical health and WASH supplies, together with WFP, near the frontline area of Bakhmut to support 3,000 people.

**Winter response:** UNICEF Ukraine is rolling out an integrated winter preparedness plan through the country office’s existing humanitarian programme while also preparing for a possible significant deterioration in the humanitarian situation. In September, 70,000 children from internally displaced families across Ukraine were provided with winter clothes, non-food item (NFI) kits and other supplies.

**Spilno Child Spots:** The Spilno Child Spot network’s transition from temporary tents to solid structures has started in preparation for the cold season. The Spilnos continue to serve as a platform for integrated social service provision for children and adults from internally displaced and host communities, and the transition will ensure sustainable integration with local systems and services, integrated support in railway stations and other winterization efforts. There are 170 Spilno spots operational across Ukraine, including 120 outdoor and indoor formats and 50 mobile services.

**Health:** Since 24 February, 4,532,208 children and women in Ukraine have been able to access primary health care through UNICEF-support facilities and mobile teams. During the reporting period:

• Medical supplies worth almost US$2.5 million were distributed to 16 regions in Ukraine. UNICEF supported 112 healthcare facilities, including 42 maternity houses (perinatal centres) with life-saving medicines and medical equipment to ensure better access to healthcare services for children and caregivers. This includes 92 warmer systems for newborns under the winter preparedness plan, as well as mobile neonatal incubators and portable ultrasonic scanning systems that can be used in hospital shelters in case of emergencies.

• To avoid a polio outbreak in Ukraine and ensure vaccination for all children, UNICEF delivered 600,000 doses of oral polio vaccine and 99,720 doses of inactivated polio vaccine under the request of the Ministry of Health.

• Under the Global Fund Emergency Grant, in collaboration with Public Health Centre of Ukraine, UNICEF procured HIV diagnostics, valued at US$2.4 million, to test and confirm the HIV status of 625,000 people between July and September 2022. Moreover, additional supplies for HIV prevention, treatment monitoring and viral load testing will be procured for the HIV programme in the Ukraine emergency response. Around 15,000 Ukrainian injecting drugs users will receive services and 50,000 people living with HIV will benefit from viral load testing for their lifelong treatment monitoring in 2023.

• UNICEF provided technical assistance to develop a SUPPORTME website – an information portal with online consultations for adolescents to raise their awareness on sexual and reproductive health, HIV, and mental health. During the reporting period, 22,373 people visited the website and 380 received online consultations.

• A home visit programme by nurses to pregnant women and families with children under 3 years old was launched in Zhytomyr and Korosten. The nurses will consult parents on early child development, conduct physical examinations, and assess families’ medical and social needs.

Within the framework of humanitarian and development nexus programming, UNICEF continues to integrate its humanitarian response with longer-term development efforts by strengthening the national cold chain system to ensure vaccines are available in the most affected regions. The processes of delivering and installing passive cooling equipment, vaccine refrigerators and freezers, and refrigerator vans for vaccine transportation and field vaccination will be finalized by the end of the year. Also, under the humanitarian-development nexus, UNICEF is planning to refurbish 50 hospital shelters in 10 regions of Ukraine.

**Child Protection:** Since 24 February, UNICEF-supported mental health and psychosocial support (MHPSS) interventions have reached a total of 2,243,415 children and caregivers to help them deal with the distressing effects of war and displacement. A total of 77,016 children and their families have benefited from case management and referral to social support services and 192,749 women and children have so far been reached by UNICEF-supported gender-based violence (GBV) prevention, risk mitigation and response services. 61,602 children in 37,781 alternative family-based care arrangements have been monitored and their basic needs met including targeted NFIs and access to health, education, and community-based services through a blended approach of local government and NGO support. Additionally, a communication campaign on the prevention of sexual exploitation and abuse (PSEA) and safe humanitarian response has reached 2,065,856 views online.

During the reporting period:

• 8,735 children were reached with individual case management services. UNICEF-supported MHPSS interventions, including online services and those in combination with sport, reached 384,745 children and caregivers with effective ways to deal with the distressing effects of war and displacement. At least 19,046 beneficiaries (14,973 adults and 4,073 children) were reached by UNICEF-supported GBV prevention, risk mitigation and response services.

• UNICEF reached 113 beneficiaries affected by hostilities with protection services, including 52 children in remote areas of eastern Ukraine. In addition to this, 101 affected children (52 boys and 49 girls) received humanitarian case management services, including referral to external specialized assistance. A total of 32 local professionals
engaged in the emergency response received psychological counselling to prevent burnout.

- Sixty-three UNICEF-supported Rapid Response Multidisciplinary Teams (mobile teams) continue providing outreach to war-affected families and children in western and central Ukraine. Integrated support services from mobile team members (psychologist, social, legal and medical worker) were provided to 59,570 beneficiaries (44,937 adults and 14,633 children), including 8,167 online. Some 686 beneficiaries were reached with humanitarian case management.

- The helpline for social workers and caregivers provided consultations and referrals to 6,913 beneficiaries who requested information and counselling on available multi-purpose cash assistance programmes, humanitarian supplies, accommodation options for families with children, and available social and other services.

- Specialized services and assistive devices were provided to 1,571 children with disabilities in host and internally displaced families in eight western and central regions.

- Training sessions were held for 726 professionals and humanitarian workers, strengthening their capacity to provide psychosocial support (PSS) services, case management and specialized services for children from vulnerable families, including those with disabilities.

- 70,000 children from internally displaced families across Ukraine were provided with winter clothes, NFI kits and other supplies.

- The communication campaign on PSEA and safe humanitarian response had 454,982 views online in September.

**Education:** Since 24 February, UNICEF has supported 856,903 children in accessing formal and non-formal education, including early learning. A total of 109,132 children accessed psychosocial support, social and emotional learning and life skills education. UNICEF supplied education material such as early childhood development (ECD) kits, school-in-a-box kits, recreation kits and other learning materials to 384,860 children. Also, 4,250 children benefitted from repaired education facilities or additional learning spaces. UNICEF has continued to support schools within the Back to Learning Initiative to ensure uninterrupted learning and interaction for all children across the country – through face-to-face modalities where schools have opened and alternative means where they remain closed or are not functioning. In cooperation with the Ministry of Education and Science and implementing partners, UNICEF helps to deliver distance and blended education through All-Ukrainian School Online platform and other projects. More than 690 online lessons for grade 5 to 11 were prepared and uploaded on the All Ukrainian School Online to cover the existing content gap for secondary school. About 117,397 displaced children and caregivers were reached with online information of how and where to access education services. During the reporting period:

- 93,772 children were able to access formal and non-formal education, including early learning, through UNICEF support.

- To prepare educators to accommodate diverse needs in the offline/online classroom, UNICEF and partners supported interactive online workshops, resulting in more than 63 educators from Vinnytsia and Zakarpattia oblasts trained as trainers in a rights-based approach for working with children with disabilities, which will also create safe learning environments during all times, including war. It is expected that trained professionals will roll out further trainings in their communities under the supervision of master trainers. The trainings are also ongoing for Kirovohradska oblast.

- To provide learning opportunities for most disadvantaged children such as children living in collective centres, three learning spaces were equipped in Vinnytsia and seven more are being organized in Zakarpattia and Kirovohradska oblasts. In total, 446 boys and 371 girls have benefitted from UNICEF supplies and equipment. To support learning of the most disadvantaged children and help overcome learning losses caused by the COVID-19 pandemic and ongoing war, UNICEF organized catch-up classes for children in these three oblasts. In Zakarpattia, the cycle of lessons, started during summer, was completed and benefitted 2,578 children (1,333 girls; 1,245 boys).

- UNICEF started partial distribution of supplies to 1,000 hub-schools and preschools working offline. During September ECD kits, school-in-a-box kits and recreation kits were delivered to schools and preschools benefitting 104,397 children (50,762 girls; 50,106 boys) in Kirovohradska, Dnipropetrovska, Odeska, Poltavska, Zaporizzka, Khmelnytska and Sumskia oblasts.

- UNICEF and its partners started implementing a youth support programme in Kirovograd oblast. As of 30 September, 526 young people (313 female; 213 male) were engaged in individual and group outreach activities on skills building and UPSHIFT while youth workers received training.

- Non-formal learning activities, including early learning, were delivered to 1,287 children in Spilno spots and other locations in Lvivska, Ternopilska, and Ivano-Frankivska oblasts. Furthermore, to provide PSS to children, UNICEF and a partner organized art therapy classes for 385 children, including 94 displaced children and eight children with disabilities.

- Tablets were provided to 210 teachers in Lvivska, Ternopilska, and Ivano-Frankivska oblasts to enable them to conduct online learning activities with students.
• UNICEF provided individual education kits to 1,538 children, including 749 displaced children and 121 children with disabilities, in Lvivska, Ternopilska, and Ivano-Frankivska oblasts.

• In cooperation with a partner, UNICEF mobilized volunteers to carry out educational activities for 2,732 children in central and eastern Ukraine. Moreover, volunteers provided PSS to 822 children in Kharkivska, Zaporizhkoa, Poltavska, Kirovohradska, and Cherkaska oblasts.

• The disability inclusive education programme is ongoing in Donetska NGCA. However, due to heavy shelling in the town centre, programmatic activities have been moved to Makivka. A total of 33 children with disabilities have joined the programme so far. In addition, 21 families participated in positive parenting activities in September. UNICEF also supports capacity building of implementing partner staff and community professionals on correctional and developmental programmes for children with disabilities, provision of psychological first aid and MHPSS.

Water Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH): Since 24 February, UNICEF has ensured access to safe water for 3,586,349 people, mostly by providing water companies with water treatment chemicals and equipment and through water trucking, bottled water distribution and supporting water availability in collective centres and other key locations. In addition, 965,896 people have been reached with WASH supplies. During the reporting period, the WASH programme focused on support to vulnerable communities in newly accessible areas, winterization activities, and support to vodokanals to ensure continuity of water supply services in war-affected areas. More specifically:

• UNICEF participated in inter-agency convoys to newly accessible areas, delivering hygiene kits and bottled water for people on the move, including through the mobilization of NGO partners. In newly accessible areas, water filters, purification tablets and water tanks were delivered so that women and children can access safe drinking water. Hygiene kits for families and for people on the move, institutional kits as well as other supplies were prepositioned in Donetsk region to support settlements in Sviatohirsk and Lyman.

• UNICEF also joined inter-agency missions led by OCHA and the WASH Cluster to Kharkiv to assess winterization needs, following which the procurement of 45 mobile boilers was initiated for Kharkiv and Donetsk oblasts.

• 10,039 people were reached with critical hygiene supplies across 12 oblasts, focusing on conflict-affected and newly accessible areas in eastern Ukraine, notably in Donetsk and Kharkiv oblasts.

• UNICEF also continued supporting vodokanals, including in Kharkiv and Kryvyi Rih, to provide safe drinking water to the affected population. Water treatment chemicals and generators were procured for 13 settlements.5

• After the massive floods in Kryvyi Rih due to the partial destruction of the water dam, UNICEF immediately provided 2,500 purification tablets (allowing 500,000 litres of clean water) and water tanks to the vodokanal for the provision of safe drinking water to affected households; technical equipment to the vodokanals for accelerated reconstruction of the dam on a 24/7 basis; and institutional hygiene kits for 11 collective centres in Kryvyi Rih.

• Rehabilitation of WASH facilities was completed in a school and medical facility in two settlements in NGCAs (Olhynka and Vynohradne).

Social Protection: A total of 143,763 households have been reached with multi-purpose cash assistance with a total value of US$146,991,900. The humanitarian cash assistance programme continues to work towards reaching 265,000 households.

Currently, UNICEF is planning a humanitarian multi-purpose cash assistance response in the newly accessible areas. Building on recent experience and existing cash assistance structures and collaborating with local partners, UNICEF will provide multi-purpose cash assistance to families with children, covering their basic needs.

UNICEF and WFP co-lead the Cash Working Group Task Team that links humanitarian cash assistance with social protection systems. The Humanitarian Coordinator has asked UNICEF to act as the humanitarian cash assistance liaison with the Ministry of Social Policy on these issues.

Influencing Social Behaviour: UNICEF continued implementing a multi-faced campaign designed to reduce barriers to learning and socialization of school children. A video reel for social media, released as part of the campaign, has reached 500,000 people. Online webinars on back-to-school related topics, including access to education for internally displaced children and changes in learning modalities during wartime, were held on UNICEF’s social media.

Jointly with State Emergency Service of Ukraine, UNICEF also continued online and offline sessions on explosive ordnance risk education (EORE) across Ukraine with a focus on the newly accessible areas of Kharkiv and Donetsk oblasts. More than 1,000 sessions were conducted and 100,000 edutainment kits on EORE disseminated among children (activity books with quizzes, riddles, comic books, colouring sheets). Additionally, a handbook for teachers on delivering EORE to school-aged children was developed together with the Ministry of Education and Science and introduced to the educators. UNICEF has trained 120 workers from local humanitarian NGOs to deliver EORE to the local population.

The media engagement project designed to increase demand for routine immunization and COVID-19 vaccination was concluded with a total reach of 7,500,000 people (contacts). The content with key demand generation messages was produced together with local media in Rivne, Chernihiv, Volyn, Lviv, Odesa, Ivano-Frankivsk and Zakarpattia

5 Liubar, Okhtyrka, Marhanets, Romny, Bobrovitsia, Lozova, Kharkiv, Borodianka, Shostka, Korosten, Cherkasy, Mykolaiv, Chasiv Yar.
regions. Implemented between July and September, the activity resulted in 86 publications and materials on local TV, radio and digital media. Publications included information about vaccine-preventable diseases and their consequences, types of vaccines available in Ukraine, the importance of vaccination for at-risk groups, vaccination during pregnancy and lactation, and practical advice for internally displaced people, parents, educators etc.

To promote breastfeeding and disseminate information about positive behaviours on infant and young child feeding, UNICEF disseminated 500,000 print materials to healthcare facilities across the country. In addition, the online reach of the online course on health nutrition was increased, with more than 100,000 watching 11 episodes released as part of the course in the reporting period.

In ECD, UNICEF expanded the promotion of its NUMO application for children, which has already been downloaded more than 30,000 times.

In the context of accountability to affected populations (AAP), over 128,000 calls were processed on humanitarian cash transfers and over 52,000 unique people were consulted in September 2022. A tailored feedback mechanism has been launched across the network of Spilno Child Spots.

Supply & Logistics: Since the start of the emergency in February, UNICEF has placed US$98.3 million worth of purchase orders to procure life-saving supplies. To date, US$90.2 million worth of life-saving supplies have been received in Ukraine. US$64.4 million worth of supplies have been dispatched from UNICEF-controlled warehouses in Ukraine, of which US$49.5 million worth of supplies went to implementing partners.

Over the past 30 days, US$4.1 million worth of life-saving supplies were dispatched to implementing partners and US$0.9 million worth of supplies were prepositioned at the Dnipro warehouse. Orders worth US$21 million are in the pipeline for winter supplies, which will be prepositioned in warehouses and at municipal level.

External Media: UNICEF continued to highlight the plight of conflict-affected children and their families in Ukraine and advocate for their safety through external and internal media outlets. The following is a selection of communication materials produced in the reporting period:

Human interest stories
- Art therapy helps nine year old find hope for future
- Learn how to save lives with board game designed by future doctors
- New start and new friends for children at Spilno Spot
- UNICEF chatbot helps foster teen find support in Ukraine
- "My new school will have the best bomb shelter"

Press releases
- UNICEF continues to provide critically needed humanitarian aid to war-affected areas in Ukraine
- New online service simplifies adoption process for Ukrainians
- UNICEF hotline soothes worries of social workers in Ukraine
- Over 70,000 Ukrainians supported through UNICEF hotline
- Ukraine receives close to 700,000 doses of polio vaccine from UNICEF
- UNICEF delivers critical medical supplies to meet basic humanitarian needs of 1.5 million people across Kharkiv

Next SitRep: 3 November 2022

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Progress is reflected against the revised targets for the UNICEF response inside Ukraine, which will be reflected in the updated UNICEF Humanitarian Action for Children (HAC) appeal, to be published shortly. These targets reflect efforts to scale up and sustain critical services and protection assistance in Ukraine, until the end of the year. They align with the revised OCHA Flash Appeal, which aims to reach 11.5 million people affected by the ongoing war with urgent humanitarian assistance until the end of December 2022.

### Annex A: Programme Results (01 March–30 September 2022)

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Sector</th>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Disaggregation</th>
<th>Total needs</th>
<th>2022 target</th>
<th>Total results</th>
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<td>Health</td>
<td># children and women accessing primary health care in UNICEF-supported facilities and mobile teams</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>4,500,000</td>
<td>4,532,208</td>
<td>329,446 ▲▼</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td># children aged 6 to 59 months vaccinated against measles</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>1,500,000</td>
<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td># of children, adolescents and caregivers accessing MHPSS through mobile teams</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>3,766,425</td>
<td>60,000</td>
<td>2,090 ▲▼</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nutrition</td>
<td># primary caregivers of children 0-23 months receiving infant and young child feeding (IYCF) counselling</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>538,337</td>
<td>300,000</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WASH</td>
<td># people accessing a sufficient quantity of safe water for drinking and domestic needs</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>9,750,000</td>
<td>4,500,000</td>
<td>3,586,349</td>
<td>50,323 ▲▼</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td># people reached with critical WASH supplies</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>4,800,000</td>
<td>1,750,000</td>
<td>965,896</td>
<td>217,313 ▲▼</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Child Protection</td>
<td># children and caregivers accessing mental health and psychosocial support</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>2,000,000</td>
<td>2,243,415</td>
<td>384,745 ▲▼</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td># children who have received individual case management</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>80,000</td>
<td>77,016</td>
<td>8,735 ▲▼</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td># women, girls and boys accessing GBV risk mitigation, prevention and/or response interventions</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>3,700,000</td>
<td>1,000,000</td>
<td>192,749</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td># women, girls and boys accessing GBV/VAC response interventions</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>3,700,000</td>
<td>100,000</td>
<td>107,078</td>
<td>22,384 ▲▼</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td># people with safe and accessible channels to report sexual exploitation and abuse by aid workers</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>1,000,000</td>
<td>691</td>
<td>691 ▲▼</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Education</td>
<td># children accessing formal or non-formal education, including early learning</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>4,600,000</td>
<td>1,400,000</td>
<td>856,903</td>
<td>93,772 ▲▼</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td># of girls and boys benefiting from supplied education, ECD and recreation kits or learning materials</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>4,600,000</td>
<td>600,000</td>
<td>384,860</td>
<td>104,397 ▲▼</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td># children accessing psychosocial support, social and emotional learning, or life skills education</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>4,600,000</td>
<td>400,000</td>
<td>109,132</td>
<td>2,780 ▲▼</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td># teachers and educational personnel trained in MHPSS, SEL/LSE</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>364,000</td>
<td>180,000</td>
<td>6,997</td>
<td>6,997 ▲▼</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social Protection</td>
<td># households reached with UNICEF funded multi-purpose humanitarian cash transfers</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>265,000</td>
<td>143,763</td>
<td>10,639 ▲▼</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cross-sectoral</td>
<td># people reached through messaging on access to services</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>12,000,00</td>
<td>11,278,913</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td># people sharing their concerns and asking questions/clarifications to address their needs through established feedback mechanisms</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>530,000</td>
<td>239,113</td>
<td>8,289 ▲▼</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td># people participating in engagement actions for social and behavioural change</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>800,000</td>
<td>260,645</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*This result is calculated based on the delivery of supplies from UNICEF to implementing partners.

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6 Source people in need figures; Flash Appeal, August 2022 revision.
7 Indicators and targets have been revised in line with the revised interagency Flash Appeal, and will be also reflected in a revision of UNICEF 2022 HAC appeal.
8 The counting of numbers of children and caregivers accessing MHPSS has been aligned to the IASC guidance on community-based MHPSS in emergency settings (2019), which has a broader view on access to MHPSS services that includes online, social channels, as well access to messages on MHPSS.
9 Overall education sector people in need is 5 million, including 4.6 million children.
Annex B: Funding Status

With humanitarian needs still acute, the UNICEF HAC appeal reflects resource requirements to reach vulnerable children and families with essential services and life-saving supplies in Ukraine. Continued, flexible contributions mean that UNICEF and partners can act quickly and respond strategically to where the needs are greatest.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sector</th>
<th>Requirements 11</th>
<th>Funds available</th>
<th>Funding gap</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Humanitarian resources received in 2022</td>
<td>Other resources used in 2022</td>
<td>Resources available from 2021 (Carry-over)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health and Nutrition</td>
<td>100,400,000</td>
<td>90,441,572</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WASH</td>
<td>106,500,000</td>
<td>100,693,937</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Child Protection, GBVIE &amp; PSEA</td>
<td>65,300,000</td>
<td>63,152,929</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Education</td>
<td>60,000,000</td>
<td>61,169,294</td>
<td>2,499,410</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social Protection</td>
<td>655,149,430</td>
<td>327,805,720</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>987,349,430</strong></td>
<td><strong>643,263,450</strong></td>
<td><strong>2,499,410</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

10 Figures reported to FTS may differ for same period due to in-process allocation of flexible funding. With expanding support needs, the response actions and related financial requirements are being assessed and a revised HAC appeal is being launched in line with the revised Flash Appeal. The sectoral breakdown is provisional and can be updated based on the needs/gaps.

11 UNICEF funding requirements have been revised in line with the revised interagency Flash Appeal, and will be also reflected in a revision of UNICEF 2022 HAC appeal, to be published shortly after the publication of the current Situation Report.