Highlights

1. Indonesia has one of the highest numbers of COVID-19 cases in Southeast Asia. Children under 18 years of age make up 13.5 per cent of confirmed cases and 1.2 per cent of deaths.

2. Following a decline in cases since early 2022, Indonesia has started to see a slight increase, driven by Omicron subvariants.

3. Building on COVID-19 vaccination efforts, the government of Indonesia launched a National Immunization Month aiming to immunize more than 36 million children against vaccine-preventable diseases.

4. Following the revision of the school reopening regulation in April 2022, all schools are required to conduct 100 per cent face-to-face learning starting from the new school year in mid-July 2022. Preparation for the national Back to School campaign has commenced, including the preparation of media assets.

5. Supported by the Government of Japan, facilitating the procurement of 300 vaccine refrigerators to strengthen vaccine delivery capacities across Indonesia.

6. UNICEF has facilitated the arrival of more than 104 million COVID-19 vaccine doses via the COVAX Facility. UNICEF is supporting the government of Indonesia with vaccine deployment activities at the national level and in all 34 provinces, including targeting priority groups such as teachers and the elderly. The government continues vaccinating children aged 6–17 years. With the start of the booster vaccination programme in late 2021, over 50 million people have received a third dose as of June 2022.

### Situation in Numbers (as of June 2022)

- **Cases**
  - # confirmed cases: 821,638
  - # confirmed cases in children <18 yo: 1,880

- **Deaths**
  - # deaths: 156,731
  - # deaths in children <18 yo: 1,880

- **Vaccines**
  - # vaccines both doses administered: 168,964,866
  - # vaccines both doses administered to <18 yo: 4,028,577
  - # vaccines booster shots administered: 50,398,859

- **Additional Data**
  - # deaths in Indonesia <18 yo: 1,880
  - # confirmed cases in children <18 yo: 1,880
  - # tests: 100,741,581

### Indicator Summary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Total reached</th>
<th>Target</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nutrition</td>
<td>Number of people receiving messages on healthy diets</td>
<td>14,044,605</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health</td>
<td>Number of children and women accessing primary health care in UNICEF-supported provinces</td>
<td>1,136,556</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number of children 9 months to &lt;5 yo vaccinated against measles</td>
<td>11,156,576</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WASH</td>
<td>Number of people provided with access to appropriately designed hygiene facilities</td>
<td>126,858</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number of people reached with handwashing behaviour change programmes</td>
<td>148,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Child Protection, GBViE and PSEA</td>
<td>Number of children and caregivers accessing mental health and psychosocial support</td>
<td>93,491</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number of women, girls and boys accessing gender-based violence risk mitigation, prevention, or response interventions</td>
<td>3,383</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Education</td>
<td>Number of schools implementing safe school protocols*</td>
<td>214,344</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social Protection</td>
<td>Number of households reached with cash transfers through an existing government system where UNICEF provided technical assistance</td>
<td>21,600,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RECE:</td>
<td>Number of people reached through messaging on prevention and access to services</td>
<td>15,224,091</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ADAP:</td>
<td>Number of adolescents who participate in or lead civic engagement (including online) in UNICEF-supported programmes for preparedness, response and building back better (more resilient, peaceful, greener and sustainable)</td>
<td>35,584</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T4D:</td>
<td>Number of digital innovations developed to monitor COVID-19 impact on children and their families, to inform policy responses</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


UNICEF Indonesia is grateful for the support received from key partners, including Accenture in Indonesia; Binance Charity; Gavi, the Vaccine Alliance; the Governments of Australia, Canada, Japan, New Zealand, United Kingdom and United States of America; KOICA (Korea International Cooperation Agency); and individual and corporate donations received via UNICEF’s Private Sector Fundraising team.
COVID-19 vaccine update

In 2021, the Government of Indonesia launched an ambitious campaign to vaccinate 234.6 million people, including children aged 6–12 years. As of end of June 2022, more than 201 million people had received their first dose, including over 46.3 million children; and nearly 170 million people, including 39.1 million children, were fully vaccinated with two doses of COVID-19 vaccine.

All health workers (target 1.47 million) have received two doses of vaccine as well as a third booster shot. Of the target of 21.5 million older persons, only 14.5 million (67.5 per cent) have received both doses, and 25.2 million have received booster shots (24.3 per cent).

As of June 2022, Indonesia has received more than 104 million COVID-19 doses through the COVAX Facility.

As of 10 June 2022, all schools were conducting face-to-face learning, with different class capacities in each school. An estimated 94 per cent of schools in 492 districts/cities were conducting 100 per cent face-to-face learning with 100 per cent class capacity. Six per cent of schools in 22 districts/cities in six provinces were operating at 50 per cent class capacity. The 2021/22 school year ended on 2 June 2022. The 2022/23 school year is due to start in mid-July. With support from UNICEF, the Ministry of Health (MOH) and the Ministry of Education, Culture, Research and Technology (MoECRT) continues to improve data exchange and accuracy on teacher vaccination. Teacher vaccination figures have improved significantly over the last 19 months. As of 10 June 2022, 3.93 million teachers had received a first dose (95 per cent of 3.74 million), 3.56 million had received a second dose (90 per cent of 3.92 million) and 1.5 million had received a third dose (41 per cent of 3.92 million).

During the COVID-19 pandemic, there has been an uptick in the risk and reported cases of online child sexual exploitation and abuse (OCSEA) and online gender-based violence. In April 2022, the government adopted Law No. 12/2022 on Sexual Violence Crime. The law expands the forms of sexual violence to include online sexual violence. The law also adopted a standard for law enforcers and service providers to respect, protect and fulfil the rights of victims and witnesses, including children.

UNICEF has been supporting the Ministry of Women’s Empowerment and Child Protection (MOWECP) and local government partners to identify and provide relevant services to children affected by COVID-19-associated orphanhood. With the improved situation regarding COVID-19 and the subsequent reduction in people affected, hospitalized and deceased, only six additional children were registered in the last three months. In comparison with the end of March 2022, when 35,833 children were registered who had lost at least one caregiver, by 17 June 2022 MOWECP had identified a total of 35,839 children (17,622 girls, 18,217 boys) who had lost at least one caregiver.

COVID-19 has disrupted mothers’ access to essential services such as breastfeeding counselling through hospitals, health centres and home visits, as well as the Baby Friendly Hospital Initiative. Misinformation about the safety of breastfeeding during the pandemic has also tended to decrease breastfeeding practices by women who fear it could harm babies.

UNICEF’s latest analysis of WASH in schools data (2022) generated from the Ministry of Education’s information management system shows a significant increase in access to handwashing facilities in schools since the beginning of the COVID pandemic. Of the total number of schools, seven per cent of schools reported availability of at least one handwashing facility, thus providing access to hygiene services for more than 39 million school children. The data shows that access to handwashing facilities has increased by more than 20 per cent in the last two years (six per cent of schools had access in 2020) and that an additional 18 million children gained access to handwashing facilities as a result of accelerated efforts to provide children with a safe learning environment.

1 Situasi COVID-19 Berdesarkan Provinsi. <https://vaksin.kemkes.go.id/#/scpprovinsi>
Partnerships and coordination

In 2022, the United Nations Humanitarian Country Team (HCT) continued to support the government of Indonesia’s COVID-19 response in priority areas such as health, vaccination roll-out, risk communication and community engagement, mitigation of the socio-economic impact of the crisis and ensuring continuity and access to critical multisectoral services: nutrition; water, sanitation and hygiene; education; and child protection. UNICEF continues to support risk communication and community engagement along with the International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC) and other agencies, leading the education cluster, the nutrition sub-cluster, the child-protection sub-cluster and the WASH sub-cluster, and contributing to the health cluster and the psychosocial support sub-cluster.

Summary analysis of programme response

UNICEF’s 2022 COVID-19 Response Plan outlines core areas for UNICEF’s support to the government of Indonesia to respond to the COVID-19 pandemic and to support the government’s vaccine implementation plan.

Health

Through embedded health staff in the MOH and in close coordination with the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, the National Agency for Drug and Food Control (BPOM), Biopharma, the Indonesian Technical Advisory Group on Immunization and other partners, UNICEF continues to provide technical support to various COVID-19 response and vaccine-related initiatives, including:

- Facilitating the arrival of 9,743 antigen test kits supported by the government of Australia on 11 May 2022, which marks the last batch of a donation that began in 2021 to help detection in regions such as earthquake-stricken West Sulawesi.
- As part of an overall package to strengthen systems from the Government of Japan, facilitating the procurement of 300 vaccine refrigerators to support the storage and delivery of COVID-19 vaccines across the country.
- To date, facilitating the arrival of more than 104 million doses of COVID-19 vaccine doses via the COVAX Facility.
- Technical expertise for COVID-19 vaccinations at national and subnational levels to support key activities, including monitoring, addressing vaccine hesitancy, and improving access in hard-to-reach areas.

UNICEF also maintained support to MOH and partners across key areas to ensure continuity of essential health services during the COVID-19 pandemic at the national and subnational levels. The support for various programmatic interventions at the national level includes:

- Commemoration of World Immunization Week (WIW) under the global theme of ‘Long life for all: In pursuit of a long life well lived’, where MOH used the momentum to promote the National Child Immunization Month (BIAN) with key messaging, “ensuring your family’s health throughout the pandemic with complete immunization”. UNICEF supported a MOH media briefing and a series of subnational activities for advocacy, such as webinars, workshops and interactive dialogues, engaging health workers, professional organizations, journalists, religious and community leaders.
- Extensive support to the launch of BIAN in 27 provinces and campaigns to promote the catch-up of routine vaccinations, including against measles-rubella. As of mid-June 2022, this includes securing the formal commitments from 19 provincial governors and 105 district authorities
- Along with MOH, organizing the Youth Pioneer Jamboree held on 9-10 June as a commemoration of World No Tobacco day that channelled youth aspirations to MOH, Ministry of Youth and Sports and Ministry of Women’s Empowerment and Child Protection. Over 800 youth showcased best practices, success stories and creative video campaigns.
- Technical assistance for the development of the MOH decree on the Strategic Plan for 2020-2024, to accommodate the six pillars of health transformation; close involvement with the Health Working Group meeting to inform the government ahead of the G20 presidency.
- Working with MOHA and partners to develop a baseline study and modules to strengthen primary health centres (PHC) by improving local health systems that target 55 PHCs in West Nusa Tenggara province (NTB)

Across provinces, UNICEF continued to enhance capacity through its seven subnational offices where embedded staff have been supporting provincial COVID-19 task forces in a rapidly changing COVID-19 response strategy. UNICEF has provided technical assistance to improve data and information flows, design and disseminate technical and communications materials, as well as supporting essential health services. In the following provinces, this includes:

- Aceh: TVRI’s prime time news program featured a speaker from UNICEF on child’s rights and immunization. To address vaccine hesitancy over religious concerns, UNICEF released a guidebook on COVID-19 prevention from the Islamic perspective targeted toward local preachers. The guidebook was developed in partnership with Banda Aceh’s Sharia office, local clerics and journalist association, and endorsed by the national’s COVID-19 website.
- East Nusa Tenggara (NTT): Support for malaria elimination efforts with the issuance of a district regulation on malaria elimination.
- West Kalimantan: Technical assistance to advocate for the governor to discuss immunization acceleration strategies and cold chain support distribution.
• South Sulawesi: Support for advocacy meetings involving religious and community leaders for routine and school-based immunizations in 12 districts, including the roll out of a human-centred design (HCD) approach for community involvement

• Maluku: Support for cross-cutting coordination for the BIAN campaign that involved health, education and religious affairs offices and CSOs. Technical support on the use of Maternal Perinatal Death Notification (MPDN) application for PHC and hospitals. Additional technical support for malaria elimination assessments and efforts, with Ambon receiving a malaria elimination certification.

• West Papua: Support for the establishment of the Audit Maternal Perinatal district team. Technical support for launch of BIAN, including a media briefing involving 17 journalists; engaging the district vice-head and women’s organisations, the Ministry of Religious Affairs and the Indonesian Ulema Council (MUI). Support for World Malaria Day celebrations and launching of GEMARI (the acceleration effort for malaria elimination in Manokwari) involving 100 health workers and malaria cadres; and supporting village malaria cadre training with participants from provincial and district health offices (PHOs, DHOs).

• Papua: Support for malaria monitoring and evaluation meetings, cadre trainings and an integrated Malaria-MCH evaluation meeting. Technical assistance to improving maternal, neonatal and child health (MNCH) efforts including on-the-job training and joint monitoring through community level and private-public partnerships.

Nutrition
UNICEF continued to make strenuous efforts to prevent the further deterioration of maternal and child nutritional status during this COVID recovery phase by supporting the national and subnational governments to maximize the coverage and quality of preventive, essential nutrition services. Specifically, as part of the efforts to continuously improve infant and young child feeding practices, UNICEF supported the Ministry of Health in developing an updated breastfeeding counselling course and advocated for it to be nationally accredited in May 2022. Subsequently, UNICEF supported the government to establish a pool of national breastfeeding counselling course facilitators across 34 provinces, which will now facilitate the implementation of cascade training across the country.

As part of the effort to facilitate the early detection and referral of wasted children, UNICEF continued to support the provincial and district governments in scaling up the integration of mid-upper arm circumference (MUAC) measurement into routine monthly community child health services. Tremendous efforts were made to educate health workers, community volunteers and caregivers on how to assess children for wasting at home. This enabled more than 1,000 health workers across the country to be trained on early detection of child wasting and MUAC measurement between April and June. In addition, efforts were initiated in NTT, Papua and South Sulawesi provinces to integrate early detection of child wasting services into early childhood development (ECD) centres; this work will continue in the next few months.

In addition, UNICEF continues to develop and disseminate a wide range of key messages and information, education and communication materials on healthy eating, improving adolescent and maternal nutrition and prevention of overweight and obesity through online and offline platforms. Overall, UNICEF’s key nutrition messages reached more than eight million people through various digital platforms.

Child protection, gender-based violence in emergencies and prevention of sexual exploitation and abuse
UNICEF has continued to provide technical assistance to ensure the protection of children from violence, exploitation, abuse and neglect and their mental health and psychosocial wellbeing.

• A total of 15,419 children (7,016 girls; 8,358 boys) and 939 parents/caregivers (475 female; 443 male) have been reached by community-based mental health and psychosocial support and at least 77,198 parents/caregivers reached with social media messages targeting children and their caregivers.

• UNICEF has continued to strengthen child protection services. At the national level, UNICEF has supported the Ministry of Women Empowerment and Child Protection (MoWECP) to adapt guidelines and standard operating procedures (SOPs) for the fast, accurate, comprehensive, integrated service for the protection of children and women (CEKATAN) to respond to the new standards, which include guidelines on the competencies of service providers in handling victims of sexual violence based on the provision in the newly adopted Law on Sexual Violence Crime. In the second quarter of 2022, UNICEF continued to work with local government in Aceh, East and Central Java, South Sulawesi and Papua to strengthen services and the rolling out CEKATAN.

• With the increased risk of gender-based violence (GBV) and child marriage during the COVID-19 pandemic, UNICEF continued to support prevention efforts through the strengthening of protective social norms in pesantren (Islamic boarding schools), madrasah (Islamic schools) and the community. In Central Java and East Java, 25 adolescents (14 girls; 11 boys) facilitated life-skills education in pesantren and madrasah raising competencies, awareness and understanding of 826 children (517, girls; 191 boys) to deal with the risks of violence, including gender-based violence and child marriage. The
facilitators and children have developed follow up actions including organizing awareness-raising activities on child marriage with a poster competition and short videos.

- Trained members of Child Forum on child protection and child marriage have now additionally organized a campaign to raise awareness on prevention of violence against children and child marriage, reaching out 964 children (657 girls, 307 boys) in West Nusa Tenggara.

UNICEF continued to support civil society implementing partners (IPs) to lower their risk rating in line with protection from sexual exploitation and abuse (PSEA). There is no partner rated as SEA ‘high risk’ and 32 out of 58 active partners are rated ‘low risk’. UNICEF has also supported training, Conducting Investigation on Allegation of Sexual Exploitation and Abuse (SEA), for 33 participants (17 male; 16 female) from 14 IPs and two organizations involved with the Indonesia PSEA network. The training has strengthened the capacity of partners on PSEA investigation, which is one of the key gaps in overall PSEA capacity.

UNICEF supported PSEA training for 97 social workers (52 female; 45 male) who are part of the Indonesian Association of Professional Social Workers (IPSI). More than 700 social workers are directly engaged in social welfare and child protection programmes for children in 34 provinces in Indonesia. In East Java, UNICEF also provided technical assistance to the Provincial Integrated Women and Child Protection Unit (UPT PPA) to develop standard operating procedures (SOP) on the prevention of sexual exploitation and abuse.

**Education**

At the national level, UNICEF continued to provide technical support to the government on the acceleration of teacher vaccination and school reopening. In June 2022, UNICEF supported several socialization events to push for 100 per cent face-to-face learning, including the application of COVID-19 safety protocols by schools in compliance with the government’s recently revised school reopening regulation. A webinar on school reopening for the new academic calendar was conducted at national level and face-to-face training for a safe school reopening was delivered at subnational government level, including in South Sulawesi and Aceh provinces. To date, 7,700 teachers, local government officials, teacher associations and NGOs have been reached through online and offline training/workshops. The webinar and training sessions were hosted by MoECRT in coordination with UNICEF field offices. Similar training sessions will be delivered across six provinces throughout September 2022, including in geographical areas where UNICEF has a strong field presence: East Java, Central Java, East Nusa Tenggara, Papua, and West Papua.

UNICEF is working in partnership with MoECRT to support the development of the ministry’s national Back to School campaign. UNICEF began developing key media assets to use as part of the campaign during the reporting period. Assets will be disseminated through social media, radio, and television. To complement this work, UNICEF finalised an assessment of school readiness for mitigating the risk of COVID-19, including an assessment of how COVID-19 protocols are being applied by schools and local authorities. Initial findings show: (1) most schools have practised or conducted face-to-face learning activities, whether full or limited; (2) school reopening for full face-to-face learning activities have become a priority of the government at the province and regency level; (3) most teachers have received at least two vaccine doses. A small percentage of teachers could not have the vaccine due to health conditions; and (4) both parents and students feel that it is important for teachers to have the vaccine to mitigate the risk of COVID-19 in the future.

UNICEF, in partnership with MoECRT, is currently digitalizing a teacher pocketbook on early literacy and numeracy for children aged 5–8 years to assist teachers to help their students catch up on lost learning after lengthy school closures and to support young children (aged 5–6 years) to become ready for the transition to primary school.

UNICEF is currently collaborating with the Ministry of Villages (MoV) to implement a second round of nationwide monitoring to deepen the understanding of the impact of COVID-19 on out-of-school children. The monitoring covers 120 districts in 33 out of 34 of Indonesia’s provinces and it is expected to be completed in October 2022. Results from the monitoring will be used as a basis to identify and design relevant follow-up actions and interventions to help reach children who have already dropped out of school to return to their studies as well as preventing children who are at risk of dropping out of school to stay in school.

**WASH**

UNICEF continued to support regular WASH sub-cluster meetings to strengthen coordination among technical ministries, development partners, non-governmental organizations, and private sector actors to support continuity of WASH services as part of post-pandemic prevention and recovery activities. Current efforts include strengthening of WASH in Emergency systems and processes including the development of an inclusive contingency plan, an information management system and WASH technical guidance to ensure preparedness and a comprehensive response during emergencies.

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3 Limited face-to-face learning means the class capacity could be 50 or 75 per cent out of 100 per cent of students per class. Depending on class sizes per school and the application of physical distancing measures.
To improve access to inclusive handwashing facilities, UNICEF supported the installation of 200 handwashing stations in five districts/cities in Aceh province including in key facilities such as primary health posts, schools, and Islamic boarding schools. As part of ongoing efforts to strengthen public–private partnerships for hand hygiene and mobilize opportunities for increased private sector investments, UNICEF supported the Wings Group Indonesia’s campaign to install 150 handwashing stations in select primary health care facilities and educational units including primary and secondary schools, madrasahs, vocational schools, and disability-inclusive schools across six districts/cities in three UNICEF-focused provinces.

To strengthen the capacity of key actors for better emergency preparedness and response, UNICEF conducted WASH in Emergency trainings in collaboration with the Ministry of Social Affairs across five provinces and trained over 100 participants. The participants included key government agencies, WASH working group members, provincial and district stakeholders, and the private sector. The trainings included practical guidance on improving coordination mechanisms among different stakeholders and strengthening technical skills to deliver a timely, well-coordinated, inclusive, and quality response.

As part of UNICEF’s collaboration with the Ministry of Manpower aimed at mobilising businesses to improve WASH facilities, UNICEF trained 75 occupational safety and health (OSH) regional coordinators on the WASH4Work initiative. Additionally, UNICEF supported WASH data collection in 230 companies in five provinces across key industries including consumer goods, textiles, mining, pharmaceuticals, and tourism. This data will provide a better understanding of the WASH situation in workplaces and will support UNICEF’s engagement with the private sector and assist relevant ministries to scale up access to safely managed WASH services.

Social protection

The second round of the Socioeconomic Impact of Covid-19 Survey was completed in April 2022. The survey focuses on an analysis of the extent of access to social protection programs and time-learning loss by school aged children. The first draft of the analysis was presented to relevant government ministries by the Fiscal Agency (BKF) in June for the validation of the findings and co-creation of recommendations. The participating government ministries include the Bureau of Statistics Indonesia, BAPPENAS, the Ministry of Education, the MoH, the Ministry of Finance (MoF), and universities. UNICEF also conducted an interactive voice response survey using the random digit dialling method to assess the reach of social assistance programmes. The report will be disseminated via engaging youth organizations. The preliminary data reveal that the unemployment rate declined from 7.1 per cent in 2020 to 6.5 per cent in 2021; the rate is not yet back to pre-pandemic levels. Only 37.5 per cent of the respondents’ families with children receive at least one social type of the assistance. However, over 85 per cent of the respondents agreed that cash transfer is the most useful means to meet their needs. UNICEF is also supporting the Ministry of Development Planning to establish the socioeconomic registry, a web-based single database that hosts socioeconomic information of all households in order to manage social protection programmes efficiently and effectively in emergency and development situations. UNICEF is continuing its advocacy with MoV and MoF to sustain the cash assistance programmes launched during COVID-19 emergency.

Risk communication and community engagement (RCCE)

In the third year of the COVID-19 pandemic, creating demand for vaccines while promoting key prevention behaviours through an integrated risk communication and community engagement (RCCE) strategy remains a key focus of UNICEF’s agenda.

1. National support/coordination

UNICEF continues to lead the COVID-19 outbreak response by facilitating the RCCE working group with IFRC, along with a wide range of partners. The working group coordinates risk communication and community engagement programming, advocacy and public information through evidence generation, knowledge sharing, capacity building and dialogue with decision-makers. Six sessions were held (nine since January 2022), reaching 1,159 participants. In addition to regular thematic discussions, two capacity building sessions were conducted for working group members and a special session was held in ‘hybrid mode’ from the Global Platform for Disaster Risk Reduction (GP-DRR) site in Bali, emphasizing the role of community engagement in disaster response.

UNICEF continues to support digital content creation for the government’s COVID-19 website (covid19.go.id) and government social media. The website reached more than 2.1 million users (6.3 million since January 2022) with 4,421,026 pageviews (8,597,076 since January 2022) while 140,927 people were reached on social media with information on safe behaviours and vaccination (306,724 since January 2022). UNICEF also supports SMS blasts which reach 50 million people monthly with lifesaving information, in collaboration with telecom networks.

2. Awareness

UNICEF continues to sustain communities’ access to COVID-19 lifesaving information through community influencers, media hubs and digital media. On digital platforms, dedicated COVID-19 pages on UNICEF Indonesia’s website received 305,837 visitors (817,759 since January 2022) while digital content on social media reached 3,056,037 people and generated 1,582,494 engagements (3,549,648 reach and 1,650,667 engagements since January 2022). During this period, seven new episodes of the
COVID-19 mini soap series (Kopad-Kopid), reminders to get COVID-19 vaccinations, alerts to keep practicing prevention behaviours during Ramadan and Eid al-Fitr celebrations and a series of AKU videos on COVID-19 vaccinations were broadcast.

3. Advocacy
UNICEF supported the Alliance of Independent Journalists to hold an online seminar on World Immunization Week and the government-led National Childhood Immunization Months (BIAN). This is to provide understanding among journalists on the importance of routine immunization and to secure their commitment and support for the campaign, which is critical given the significant decline in routine immunization coverage during the pandemic. A joint press release between the Ministry of Health, UNICEF and WHO was published to promote the campaign.

4. Community engagement, including with young people
Community-based activities continue to be central to UNICEF’s response. Volunteers from faith-based organizations Nahdlatul Ulama and Muhammadiyah conveyed RCCE messages to communities through dialogue, entertainment education and participatory learning activities reaching over 315,434 people (1,306,156 since January 2022). During Ramadan, volunteers from Muhammadiyah educated people undertaking the homecoming journey to keep practicing COVID-19 preventive behaviours. In support of BIAN, interpersonal communication trainings were given to health workers and community cadres in several regions, including South Sulawesi, to equip them with the interpersonal skills to increase acceptance of COVID-19 vaccines and routine immunization. Around 5,000 young people took part in a national U-Report poll on mis/dis information on COVID-19.

5. Research and social listening
Action-oriented research conducted in Aceh and East Java - areas with high resistance to vaccination - has been completed and shared to relevant stakeholders for reference in developing more effective outreach and engagement strategies to increase vaccine acceptance. UNICEF’s social listening programme provided weekly monitoring/analysis of online conversations to guide the national strategy against hoaxes and misinformation.

T4D: Data, research and innovation
UNICEF continued to provide technical assistance and support to the Ministry of Health (MoH) to strengthen the COVID-19 data system, as well as the overall Health Information system, and to prepare the strategy for transition to post-pandemic COVID-19 by providing:

- Technical Assistance in enhancing the existing COVID-19 vaccine website by adding a Health Resilience Module (https://vaksin.kemkes.go.id/#/ketahanan_kesehatan). This module provides an easy way for MoH and the public to provide information and receive regular updates on the latest COVID-19 situation.
- Technical consultants embedded in MoH consist of two data analysts and three business intelligence analysts. These technical consultants work directly as part of the team in MoH’s Centre of System Strategy - an internal task force in the Ministry of Health, which is assigned to support the minister in formulating strategic high-level MoH initiatives. The data analyst and business intelligence analysts’ scope of work includes provision of regular data analysis, classification analysis of outbreaks, weekly trends and comparison of COVID-19 cases, variants and other aspects in some Indonesia priority provinces.

UNICEF continued to strengthen the subnational capacity of MoH by providing regular data analysis and advocacy materials to improve subnational governments’ use of quality data in responding to COVID-19. Other technical assistance provided to support other initiatives related to data and innovation, includes:

- National consultants in four provinces (Banda Aceh, Surabaya, Kupang, and Jayapura) provide information on daily/weekly COVID-19 vaccination trends and a COVID-19 vaccine situation report in province and districts, daily vaccination coverage, and other relevant data for each region.
- Support training for local health staff to analyse, synthesise and use vaccine data through the Indonesia Health Platform (ASIK – Aplikasi Sehat Indonesiaku)
- Technical assistance was provided by consultants to National Childhood Immunization Month through immunization readiness tools for subnational areas at province and district level and community health services (or Puskesmas). This was done in collaboration with the UNICEF Health team and as part of an overall support to the Ministry of Health.

Adolescent development and participation
As part of the response, UNICEF supports adolescents and young people to become empowered and take action on issues that affect them and their communities. This is done through skills-building and adolescent participation initiatives using UNICEF’s Adolescent Kit.

UNICEF Indonesia is continuing to support Adolescent Circle programmes in East Nusa Tenggara, West Nusa Tenggara, Central Java, Aceh, South Sulawesi, and Papua provinces. As of March 2022, there are 13 active circles with 1,442 in and out-of-school adolescents (887 girls, 555 boys) participating. Some of the adolescent-led solutions include garbage points, English language classes, counselling services and innovative batik creation for entrepreneurs.
A total of 79 young people (48 per cent girls and six young people with disabilities) from four districts in Papua took part in cross-
pokja consultation to help inform UNICEF and government programme planning. The key suggestions made by young people include making systematic efforts to prevent UNICEF staff, government and partners from sexual harassment, abuse and bullying of children and adolescents and parenting programmes for parents of adolescents to strengthen communication skills and promote positive parenting practices to empower adolescents to make informed decisions about their lives. Finally, the young people also encouraged UNICEF and the government to always include sign language interpretation to increase access for young people with hearing impairment.

**Next Situation Report:** October 2022

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### Health

**Guidance and assessment report documents:**
- Guidelines for family and communities on prevention and self-isolation for children and adolescents with COVID-19
- Rapid health assessment tool for early response in management of health crises
- COVID-19 prevention, Islam’s perspective
- Impact of COVID-19 on routine immunization in Indonesia
- Ministry of Health’s decree on strategic plan

**Stories and profiles:**
- Catching up on child vaccinations in Indonesia
- Committed to serving mothers and children
- Making COVID-19 testing accessible for all
- Arrival of medical supplies (ventilators) to support health facilities in the COVID-19 response in Indonesia, published through social media ([Twitter](https://twitter.com), [LinkedIn](https://www.linkedin.com))
- Arrival of health supplies (personal protective equipment) to support health workers in the COVID-19 response in Indonesia, published through social media ([Twitter](https://twitter.com), [LinkedIn](https://www.linkedin.com))
- The importance of international collaboration in the COVID-19 response: a discussion. Published through [Instagram](https://www.instagram.com)
- Delivering lifesaving vaccines on the road less travelled

**Paediatric COVID-19:**
- Guidebook for family and community: Prevention and self-isolation for children and adolescents with COVID-19. Developed in partnership with MOH and IDAI (Indonesian Paediatric Society) and disseminated through various social media and websites: [Instagram](https://www.instagram.com), [Twitter](https://twitter.com), [LinkedIn](https://www.linkedin.com), UNICEF, MOH website, national government COVID-19 website

**Immunization:**
- Chatbot for COVID-19 vaccination information
- Committed to serving mothers and children, [on resumption of immunization services in Kupang, East Nusa Tenggara](https://www.instagram.com)
- Ministry of Health’s media briefing on World Immunization Week ([YouTube](https://www.youtube.com))
- Public education on the importance of immunizations amid the pandemic in commemoration of World Immunization Week 2022 ([Instagram](https://www.instagram.com))
- TVRI news programme segment on immunization as a child’s right [TVRI ACEH 14 JUNI 2022 - YouTube](https://www.youtube.com)
- Government of Japan supported [procurement of 300 vaccine refrigerators](https://www.instagram.com)

**Adolescent health:**
- Mental health campaign on Safe Internet Day ([Instagram](https://www.instagram.com), [Instagram](https://www.instagram.com), [Instagram](https://www.instagram.com))
- Youth’s involvement in tobacco control through a virtual Youth Pioneer Jamboree in commemoration of World No Tobacco Day 2022 ([YouTube](https://www.youtube.com))

**Photos:**
- Indonesia receives 42 ventilators from UNICEF supply division facility
- Cold chain facility in West Nusa Tenggara
- Vaccination at Narmada Community Health Centre in West Nusa Tenggara
- COVID-19 vaccination and routine immunization in Aru Islands, Maluku
- Indonesia launches National Childhood Immunization Month (BIAN) for catch-up vaccinations including measles-rubella immunization

### Nutrition

- The Importance of growth monitoring and IYCF during the pandemic ([Facebook](https://www.facebook.com), [Instagram](https://www.instagram.com))
- The safety of breastfeeding for mothers with COVID-19 ([Facebook](https://www.facebook.com), [Instagram](https://www.instagram.com))
- The importance of growth monitoring during the pandemic ([Facebook](https://www.facebook.com), [Instagram](https://www.instagram.com))

### Education

**Stories and profiles on school reopening:**
- [The Little Ambassador with Big Dreams: Students overcome COVID-19-related vulnerabilities and help schools reopen through the Safe Return to Learning programme from South Sulawesi](https://www.instagram.com)
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Stories:</th>
<th>Photos:</th>
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| • Sister Emilia’s dedication to literacy and education | • Early grade literacy in Papua  
• Safe Return to Learning Programme - Learning |

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<th>Child Protection</th>
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| | • The Love of Family: Surviving double loss in the wake of COVID-19 (23 May 2022)  
• The Love of Family: Surviving Double Loss in the Wake of COVID-19 | • Safe Return to Learning – Child protection |

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<th>Adolescent Development and Participation</th>
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<td>• Situation analysis on child and adolescent participation and civic engagement</td>
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