UNICEF Response and Funding Status

Highlights

- Since 24 February, at least 227 children have been killed and 322 have been injured according to OHCHR.
- The situation in parts of eastern and southern Ukraine is especially grim, with at least one in every six UNICEF-supported schools in eastern Ukraine damaged or destroyed since the start of the war.
- Since 24 February, UNICEF has distributed critical health supplies to support access to primary health care for over 1.5 million children and women; UNICEF has ensured access to safe water for nearly 1.3 million people in affected areas and at least 112,086 people have been reached with WASH supplies.
- Since 24 February, UNICEF and partners have reached 158,920 children and caregivers through offline and online group and individual psychological counselling as part of community-based mental health and psychosocial support. A total of 268,417 children have also benefited from learning interventions with supplies provided by UNICEF and 158,824 children have been engaged in formal or non-formal education since 24 February.
- As of 20 April, UNICEF has provided assistance to over 9,000 people evacuated from Mariupol and frontline locations, including 115 people (40 children) evacuated from the Azovstal steel plant on 3 May; the evacuees have been provided with over 30,000 litres of water, 5 metric tons of medical supplies, 1,200 hygiene kits, recreational items, emergency food for children, counselling, and psychosocial support activities.

UNICEF Appeal 2022
US$624 million**

Funding status as of 29 April***
(US$ million)

- Healthcare access: 52%
- Case management: 182%
- Education material: 134%
- Water access: 36%
- Cash transfers: 0%

Funds received
US$342.6 M

Funding gap
US$280 M

Carry-forward
US$1.2 M

* Children in need is UNICEF estimation out of PIN/OCHA, April.
** Revised funding ask, against the revised HAC (April 2022).
***Funding information for this week will be available in next week's SitRep.
Funding Overview and Partnerships

UNICEF has received a total of US$342.6 million for the response inside Ukraine out of the US$624.2 million total funding requirement in its revised 2022 Ukraine and Refugee Outflow Humanitarian Action for Children (HAC) appeal (March–August 2022) to provide emergency assistance to 1.7 million war-affected children and their families within Ukraine. Generous contributions have come from many donors including the Governments of Austria, Czech Republic, Denmark, Iceland, Italy, Ireland, Japan, the Republic of Korea, Liechtenstein, Norway, Poland, Sweden, Switzerland, the United States of America, USAID Bureau for Humanitarian Assistance (BHA), the European Commission, and the United Nations Central Emergency Response Fund (CERF).

Ongoing fundraising campaigns by UNICEF National Committees and Countries Offices have generated timely and flexible support (65 per cent in flexible funding) from the private sector, including from corporate partners, foundations, philanthropy partners and individual donors, with actual funds already remitted totalling US$298.6 million. Private sector support has been unprecedented with donations received from approximately 500 businesses, 150 philanthropy partners, 79 foundations, and a large base of individual donors across over 24 countries. Some prominent private sector donors and partners who have made significant contributions include Epic Games, Akelius Foundation, Aeon, Apple, Google, LEGO Foundation, ING, HSBC, Google, Binance Blockchain Charity Foundation, Capgemini and Ikea.

UNICEF continues to work with the Government of Ukraine, United Nations agencies, civil society organizations/NGOs and other humanitarian partners. Close consultations are also being held with Presidential advisors, key ministries (Foreign Affairs; Social Policy; Education; Youth; and Health), and mayors in several cities (including through 35 Child and Youth Friendly Cities) and Ombudspersons Office. Through its long-standing presence in Ukraine, UNICEF has established partnerships in key hromadas (municipalities) and will continue to expand these in all ooblats (regions). Overall, more than 80 partners are engaged in UNICEF’s response, which despite the challenging conditions, has been able to ensure humanitarian support in some of the most war-affected and hard-to-access locations.

Situation Overview & Humanitarian Needs

The war in Ukraine continues to have unprecedented impacts on the lives of families and children. Since 24 February, at least 227 children have been killed and 322 have been injured. The situation is particularly dire in parts of eastern and southern Ukraine where active fighting and attacks continue adversely impacting the civilian population and civilian infrastructure. Also, sporadic/occasional strikes have been reported in western Ukraine. Of special concern is the situation in Mariupol where joint efforts between the United Nations and the International Committee of the Red Cross have allowed successful evacuations of civilians. Nevertheless, many more remain in the cut-off city, living in extremely precarious conditions. Schools and kindergartens, which should provide a safe space for children, have not been spared from the destruction. At least one in six UNICEF-supported schools in eastern Ukraine has been damaged or destroyed since the start of the war.

As revealed by the latest Rapid Gender Analysis, the multisectoral impact of the crisis in Ukraine is affecting women disproportionately. Women constitute the majority of those displaced and face significantly increased safety and protection risks. Incidents of gender-based violence, particularly domestic violence and conflict-related sexual violence, are reportedly increasing, but services for survivors are not provided in full. Protection, physical health, mental health care, and safe shelter have been identified as priority needs for women interviewed by the study.

Humanitarian Leadership, Coordination and Strategy

UNICEF is working closely with United Nations agencies, the government and humanitarian partners under the inter-agency framework. UNICEF leads/co-leads the Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH), Child Protection, Nutrition and Education clusters and the Maternal Child Health Care sub-group under the WHO-led Health Cluster.

The Child Protection Sub-Cluster decided to focus the response on internally displaced populations, in particular, based on service mapping reporting, in locations such as Sumy, Kirovograd, and Mykolaiv.

The WASH Cluster started collaborating with the Association of Amalgamated Territorial Communities to support municipalities in collecting and analysing WASH indicators from all over Ukraine. A gender assessment survey has also been finalized to identify capacity reinforcement needs. Last week’s analysis of 3W (who’s doing what, where) data shows a reduction of partner presence in two WASH Cluster priority areas (Chernihivska and Sumska o Oblasts). The cluster is currently undertaking an assessment and mission, with UNICEF support, to Cherniviv, Irpin and Kyiv.

The Education Cluster supported the Ministry of Education and Science’s Institute of Educational Statistics to design and launch a needs assessment, a hromada-level survey utilizing KoBo. The survey was launched with a 13 May deadline. Meanwhile, the Cluster is helping to prepare a needs assessment for higher education. The Cluster is also consolidating members’ inputs to meet the ministry’s targeted asks around digital education for kindergarten to Grade 11 and psychological care and support for teachers, students, and their parents/caregivers.

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1 The revised interagency appeal covers March–August 2022; UNICEF’s HAC for Ukraine was revised accordingly to reflect UNICEF’s proportion of the revised inter-agency Flash Appeal targets and requirements.
5 KoBo is a comprehensive platform for humanitarian data collection.
Three-zone humanitarian response strategy: UNICEF is using a zonal differentiated approach to its humanitarian response in Ukraine. In the east (Zone 1), where humanitarian corridors, intense and sustained conflict, and access constraints are present, UNICEF is using rapid response teams and inter-agency humanitarian convoys, and is engaging municipalities, regional and local administrations and civil society partners to implement its response. Supplies are also prepositioned therein to support children, women and other vulnerable people, including those who have been displaced. In the central and western parts (Zones 2 and 3), which have security risks but little to no access challenges, UNICEF is using existing national systems and structures and is engaging local authorities (regional, municipal) and civil society partners to implement its humanitarian response. Since the war escalated, UNICEF Ukraine has also increased its response capacity with personnel in Lviv, Kyiv, Dnipro, Donetsk, Luhansk, Vinnytsia, and other areas within Ukraine.

Rapid Response Mechanism (RRM) highlights

- UNICEF has provided non-food items, WASH, protection and nutrition supplies, in addition to cash programme registrations, counselling, and child protection activities in Zaporizhzhia, reaching 30,000 internally displaced people in 80 shelters and centres for the internally displaced, and in Dnipro reaching over 150,000 internally displaced people in 110 transit centres, including the permanent presence in Dnipro railway station. Five mobile teams have provided health/protection services and an inter-city Rapid Response Unit continues providing shelter and a WASH response at the Dnipro railway station and to families in private and public shelters.

- RRM supplies reached areas in Sofievka, Kryvy Rih, Kramatorsk, Kharkiv and Zaporizhzhia, enabling partner capacity to provide coverage of over 130,000 people with life-saving items.

- As of 20 April, UNICEF has provided assistance to over 9,000 people evacuated from Mariupol and frontline locations, including 115 people (40 children) evacuated from the Azovstal steel plant on 3 May. Four RRM and volunteer teams, in addition to city council partners, have provided the evacuees with over 30,000 litres of water, 5 metric tons (MT) of medical supplies, 1,200 hygiene kits, recreational items, emergency food for children, counselling, and psychosocial support (PSS) activities. The response is ongoing.

- The UNICEF Team in Zaporizhzhia established a 'children on the move' bag, which was distributed to 600 children fleeing frontline locations.

Summary Analysis of Programme Response

Health and Nutrition: Since 24 February, UNICEF has distributed critical health supplies to support access to primary health care for over 1.5 million children and women.

During the reporting period, UNICEF handed over eight ambulances to children’s hospitals and perinatal centres in Chernihiv, Sumy, Dnipro, Mykolaiv, Zaporizhia, Chernivtsi and Kharkiv.

Aimed at strengthening local-level response and contingency capacities, passive cooling equipment for the vaccine cold chain was shipped to Dnipro and Vinnytsya oblast warehouses, to be distributed according to the Ministry of Health approved plan. In addition, 300 oxygen concentrators were distributed across all regions (except Donetsk, Luhansk and Kherson oblasts). Five generators were supplied to children’s hospitals and maternity houses in Chernihiv region, an additional seven will be delivered in the coming week.

Targeting health care professionals, UNICEF conducted four online education events covering issues such as management of health care systems and facilities, needs assessments, health care personnel support at times of war, and doctors’ experiences as war medics. The events reached over 296,000 people via Facebook, and over 2,300 views were received on YouTube.

Coinciding with the World Immunization Week, UNICEF and local family doctors and nurses provided routine immunization consultations at Spilno Spots. Around 200 parents and caregivers received consultations in Uzhgorod, Lviv, Ternopil and Ivano-Frankivsk; 80 signed up their children for routine immunization in local health care facilities. In addition, COVID-19 vaccines were provided at Spilno Spots in Ternopil.

UNICEF is also producing content for video courses on healthy nutrition for parents and cooks and on breastfeeding for pregnant women and new mothers. Key messaging on infant and young child feeding in emergencies for Ukrainian health care professionals and parents is being reviewed and adapted.

Child Protection: Since 24 February, UNICEF and partners have reached 158,920 children and caregivers through face-to-face and online group and individual psychological counselling as part of community-based mental health and psychosocial support (MHPSS). 6 A total of 36,448 children have benefited from specialized services through case management and referral to support services and 10,111 women and children have so far been reached by UNICEF-supported gender-based violence response services.

UNICEF continued its outreach support in western, central and eastern Ukraine through 56 Rapid Response Multidisciplinary Teams (mobile teams) operating in 11 regions. Of these teams, 12 address mainly violence and gender-based violence cases in the east. Over the reporting period, in partnership with an NGO, the mobile teams reached 7,134 beneficiaries with gender-based violence prevention and response services, PSS, basic case

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6 According to IASC Guidance on community-based MHPSS in emergency settings (2019), online social channels and dissemination of materials counts as MHPSS support provided. The majority is in person (140,000).
management, and legal support. A total of 9,200 families with children were reached with PSS supplies.

The UNICEF-supported national toll-free Child Helpline provided consultations to 1,970 children and youth (84 per cent girls). In addition, 1,981 social workers were supervised and coached through a dedicated Ministry of Social Protection helpline. In total, 3,328 families with children, including children with disabilities, were reached with case management services.

UNICEF and an NGO partner distributed PSS supplies and non-food items to 1,893 children and their families, including 740 children with disabilities. Moreover, service providers, including 230 social workers and 76 psychologists, were trained on Psychological First Aid (PFA), reaching at least 10,280 children and caregivers through MHPSS. An online course was also launched on the basics of PFA for children and parents/caregivers.

UNICEF and partners continue to monitor and assess children in alternative care facilities in Ukraine. Over the reporting period, more than 800 alternative families (foster care and family-type group homes) were monitored and assessed, with all families receiving case management. Furthermore, 18,380 Ukrainian families applied through the Telegram chatbot to temporarily foster unaccompanied and separated children. All families were equipped with basic knowledge on foster care and will be screened and assessed further for eligibility to the foster care programme.

**Education:** As reported by the Ministry of Education and Science, distance and blended education continues in 6 out of 25 regions. In the other 19 regions, schools are working in distance mode or have suspended activities. As of 28 April, more than 12,600 schools are operating remotely, providing education to approximately 3.7 million students. There are more than 88,000 internally displaced children who are registered in schools in host communities. More than 3,400 kindergartens in 16 regions are operating in distance, blended, and face-to-face mode, while in other regions, kindergartens remain shut. There are 1,800 internally displaced pre-schoolers who joined kindergartens in host communities Since 24 February, 268,417 children have benefited from learning interventions with supplies provided by UNICEF, and 158,824 children have been engaged in formal or non-formal education.

During the reporting period, UNICEF supported 106 volunteers (44 male, 62 female) within the national platform ‘Spivdia’ with safe space and transportation, meals, hygiene, and materials. Since 8 March, young volunteers have provided humanitarian assistance to vulnerable populations in Kyiv and Kyiv oblasts, reaching over 6,500 people with disabilities, families with children, the elderly, young people in conflict with law and other groups. Furthermore, working with a local volunteering organization, 110,000 young volunteers support vulnerable people across Ukraine with humanitarian response, preparedness, and building back better initiatives; volunteers provided learning opportunities to 230 children (including 140 adolescents) and PSS to 32 children. They also delivered first aid kits to bomb shelters and collective centres.

Through the network of Spilno: Meeting Points, focused on adolescents, UNICEF and partners trained 89 educators and volunteers to conduct socio-emotional learning activities for 3,314 children. The Spilno: Meeting Points are functioning in Kharkiv metro and bomb shelters, Poltava oblast (Poltva, Kremenchuk, Svitlovodsk), Kropyvnytskyi, and Kharkiv. Early childhood development (ECD) kits and hygiene kits were distributed in the Meeting Points for 1,918 children. In addition, 1,099 children, including 491 boys and 608 girls, benefitted from UNICEF-supported early learning activities at Spilno Spots in Lviv, Ternopil, and Ivano-Frankivsk oblasts. Teachers at Spilno Spots are trained on PSS, learning-through-play activities, and mine risk education. UNICEF provided 31 ECD kits, 32 recreation kits, and 18 school-in-a-box kits, benefiting more than 4,500 children in Ivano-Frankivsk oblast.

**Water Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH):** Since 24 February, UNICEF has ensured access to safe water for nearly 1.3 million people in affected areas, including through water trucking, bottled water distribution and supporting water availability in collective centres and other critical infrastructure. In addition, at least 112,086 people have been reached with WASH supplies.

During the reporting period, UNICEF delivered 12,528 bottles of water (1.5 litres and 0.5 litres) to Zaporizhzhia City Council to support evacuees from Mariupol and 1,020 bottles of water (5 litres) to Mykolaiv City Council as the city experiences water supply disruption. In addition, water trucking started in Kharkiv, with 7,300 litres delivered to health care facilities, shelters, and residential areas, benefiting around 2,500 people. In Avdiivka (Donets oblast), 3,000 litres of drinking water were delivered to cover the needs of 650 people.

UNICEF provided WASH and dignity kits to 171 people in collective centres for the internally displaced in Ternopilska and Cherniaska oblasts. Distribution of locally procured hygiene supplies is ongoing in Rivne to support 300 internally displaced people from Mariupol while critical hygiene supplies including WASH and dignity kits, baby hygiene kits, and kits for people with disabilities will be distributed in Vinnitsia oblast, benefiting 540 families.

To reach the hardest-hit areas, UNICEF and a local partner provided water canisters and hygiene supplies to shelters for the internally displaced, health care facilities, and social institutions in Dokuchaevsk, Donetsk, Mariupol and Chystiakove, improving access to water and hygiene for 12,788 people. Hygiene items and diapers were also distributed to families in Donetsk, Mariupol and settlements in Volnovasky rayon, benefiting 1,840 people. Water trucking in Kharkiv provided 10,000 litres of water daily to two hospitals, orphanages, shelters and residential areas affected by the ongoing shelling in the city.

Water utility companies (vodokanals) in Sumy, Kharkiv, Chernigiv and Zhytomyr continued to receive support through

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7 The Splino Meeting Points target adolescents and volunteers. In these spaces, volunteers are trained to provide learning activities and PSS to children.
the provision of welding machines, electric power plants, valves and other equipment. Provision of water treatment chemicals continues for Kharkiv and Uzhgorod vodokanals.

**Social Protection:** The humanitarian cash assistance programme registration form has been revised to ensure better quality of information and documents to be uploaded by households. In addition, human resources capacity for the grievance and complaint mechanism was doubled, with more than 20 people now available to address issues raised via the hotline and other information channels. UNICEF continues to build the capacity of implementing partners on the remote registration and data management platform.

**Influencing Social Behaviour:** On the occasion of World Immunization Week (WIW), UNICEF held a series of offline and online activities to increase demand for routine immunization, especially among internally displaced people. Vaccination counselling sessions and COVID-19 vaccination were conducted at the Splino Spots in Uzhhorod, Lviv, Ternopil and Ivano-Frankivsk. A human interest story on internally displaced caregivers vaccinating their children against polio in Zakarpattia region was published on both the Ukraine Country Office and global UNICEF channels, with demand generation messages on immunization reaching at least 500,000 people in Ukraine. The post on adult immunization, with a reach of 2 million people, published during the Immunization Week, became the highest performing publication in the reporting period. Overall, 3.5 million people were reached with digital content, materials, and activities on immunization.

UNICEF continued producing and disseminating the episodes of the online kindergarten NUMO. In total, 34 videos have been released in the past two months, reaching over 12,000,000 views on Facebook and YouTube. Both online and offline activities on explosive ordnance risk education (EORE) continued and included a series of content pieces on EORE for children produced in partnership with the State Emergency Services.

In the reporting period, UNICEF launched a new digital activity #важливоюніколи (from Ukrainian—'Important like never before'), designed to engage social media influencers and individual experts in producing and disseminating tailored digital content on health, breastfeeding, and PSS. Using Instagram as the primary platform, the content has reached over 500,000 people. The content is developed based on the caregivers’ information needs, identified through online and offline social listening mechanisms.

UNICEF-produced content on breastfeeding included a series of stories from mothers who breastfeed and two explainer posts about breastfeeding in emergencies. Dissemination through UNICEF channels was strengthened by sharing these content pieces in Facebook groups with a total number of 900,000 subscribers. Two brochures on breastmilk substitutes were also produced by UNICEF for the shared use by Nutrition Cluster partners.

In the area of Accountability to Affected Populations (AAP), 15,675 people received information through the hotline on the cash assistance programme (13 per cent of the beneficiaries called from Kyiv region, 9 per cent from Dnipro region, and 7.5 per cent from Donetsk region).

**Supply & Logistics**

As of 3 May, UNICEF Ukraine has received nearly US$14 million8 worth of emergency supplies in the country from Europe (Supply Division in Copenhagen, Poland and Turkey)—equivalent to nearly 1,818 MT. Supplies valued at US$11 million were dispatched from in-country UNICEF warehouses in Lviv, Kyiv, and Dnipro to the field (around US$9 million were dispatched to implementing partners and US$2.5 million pre-positioned in UNICEF field warehouses). More than 150 trucks were loaded with UNICEF supplies weighing 1,458 MT and dispatched to various locations in Ukraine.

**External Media**

UNICEF continues to highlight the situation of children and their families in Ukraine and advocate for their safety through external and internal media outlets. The following are a selection of communication materials produced in the reporting period:

**Human interest stories**

Amid war, Ukrainian mothers fight for a healthy future for children
Children count the cost of attacks on schools in Ukraine
Ukraine war: Trapped families in besieged Mariupol appeal for help (YouTube)

**Press releases**

School year nears tragic end in Ukraine amid child deaths, empty classrooms and destruction of educational facilities
UNICEF launches the Bebbo mobile app to help parents care for children during the war [Ukrainian] [English]

Next SitRep: 13 May 2022

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8 Corrections in UNICEF’s transaction management system have been made, which has removed duplicate entries of supplies that were reported in error the previous week. The corrections were made as per posted waybills in the transaction management system.
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Annex A: Programme Results (01 March–01 May 2022)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sector</th>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Disagg.</th>
<th>Total needs</th>
<th>UNICEF and IPs Response</th>
<th>Change ▲▼</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2022 target</td>
<td>Total results</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health</td>
<td># children and women accessing primary health care in UNICEF-supported facilities</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>3,000,000</td>
<td>1,565,670*</td>
<td>386,600 ▲</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td># children aged 6 to 59 months vaccinated against measles</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>1,500,000</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nutrition</td>
<td># pregnant and lactating women receiving preventative iron supplementation</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>150,000</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td># children 0-23 months receiving the relevant nutrition services</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>100,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WASH</td>
<td># people accessing a sufficient quantity of safe water for drinking and domestic needs</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>3,570,000</td>
<td>1,295,282</td>
<td>277,848 ▲</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td># people reached with critical WASH supplies</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>1,500,000</td>
<td>112,086*</td>
<td>4,464 ▲</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Child Protection</td>
<td># children and caregivers accessing mental health and psychosocial support*</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>1,000,000</td>
<td>158,920</td>
<td>127,453 ▲</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td># children who have received individual case management</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td>36,448</td>
<td>24,412 ▲</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td># women, girls and boys accessing GBV/VAC response interventions</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>100,000</td>
<td>10,111</td>
<td>6,060 ▲</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Education</td>
<td># children accessing formal or non-formal education, including early learning</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>3.3 M</td>
<td>800,000</td>
<td>158,824</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td># of girls and boys benefitting from supplied education, ECD and recreation kits or learning materials</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>3.3 M</td>
<td>200,000</td>
<td>268,417*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td># children accessing psychosocial support, social and emotional learning, or life skills education</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>3.3 M</td>
<td>50,000</td>
<td>14,970</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social Protection</td>
<td># households reached with UNICEF funded multi-purpose humanitarian cash transfers</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>265,000</td>
<td>534**</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cross-sectoral</td>
<td># people reached through messaging on access to services</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td>7,000,000</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td># people sharing their concerns and asking questions/clarifications to address their needs through established feedback mechanisms</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>530,000</td>
<td>99,924***</td>
<td>15,675 ▲</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* This result is calculated based on the delivery of supplies from UNICEF to implementing partners.

**2nd round of payments is being completed after the reporting period and will be reflected in the next prevention across sectors.

***Unique numbers that contacted the hotline (one number could call 1-3 times per period).

9 The indicators for Nutrition will need to be revised; most of what UNICEF is doing is technical support to partners on IYCF and key messaging to caregivers; and also commodities like LNS, Infant formula (RUIF, powdered BMS), baby foods etc. to support the prevention of malnutrition which are not clinical services as per the indicator measure. In the case of Iron supplementation for pregnant women, while UNICEF has provided Iron supplementation to the health counterparts; as per national protocols in Ukraine, iron supplementation is only given to pregnant and lactating women who are diagnosed with anemia for treatment; not as a prevention.

10 The counting # of children and caregivers accessing MHPSS is being reviewed by UCO as per the IASC guidance on Community Based MHPSS in emergency settings (2019) which has a broader view on access to MHPSS services which includes online, social channels, as well access to messages on MHPSS.

11 3.6 million overall education sector need, including 3.3 million children.
Annex B: Funding Status as of 29 April¹²

With humanitarian needs multiplying in Ukraine, the revised UNICEF HAC appeal reflects the additional resource requirements to reach vulnerable children and families with essential services and life-saving supplies in Ukraine. Continued, flexible contributions mean that UNICEF and partners can act quickly and respond strategically to where the needs are greatest.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sector</th>
<th>Requirements</th>
<th>Funds available</th>
<th>Funding gap</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Humanitarian resources received in 2022</td>
<td>Resources available from 2021 (Carry-over)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health and Nutrition</td>
<td>83 900 000</td>
<td>76 476 392</td>
<td>8,396</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WASH</td>
<td>94 500 000</td>
<td>76 331 697</td>
<td>358,67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Child Protection, GBVIE &amp; PSEA</td>
<td>59 300 000</td>
<td>41 068 229</td>
<td>687,566</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Education</td>
<td>31 400 000</td>
<td>21 253 164</td>
<td>121,659</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social Protection</td>
<td>355 149 430</td>
<td>127 496 230</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>624 249 430</td>
<td>342 625 712</td>
<td>1 176 291</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹² Figures reported to FTS may differ for same period due to exchange rate fluctuation, recovery cost estimates, and in-process allocation of flexible funding.