



Displaced children and adolescents attend an art therapy class in Lviv.

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Reporting Period: 13 April–19 April 2022

# Ukraine

## Humanitarian Situation

### Report No. 9



## Highlights

- As of 19 April, 7.7 million people are displaced within Ukraine, with 78 per cent of internally displaced people (IDPs) sheltering in western and central Ukraine. Seven weeks of war have left 170 children killed and 277 injured. There have also been 150 attacks on health care facilities.
- An estimated 835,000 people in Ukraine have been able to access health care as a result of supplies distributed, either directly by UNICEF or in partnership with implementing organizations.
- UNICEF has provided access to safe water for around 408,684 people in affected areas, including through water trucking, bottled water distribution and supporting water availability in collective centres. Furthermore, at least 86,473 people have been reached with critical WASH supplies.
- Nearly 250,000 children have benefited from learning interventions with supplies provided by UNICEF, and more than 66,000 children have been engaged in formal or non-formal education.
- UNICEF and partners have reached 19,176 children and caregivers with community-based psychosocial support (PSS), and 11,857 children supported with case management.

## Situation in Numbers

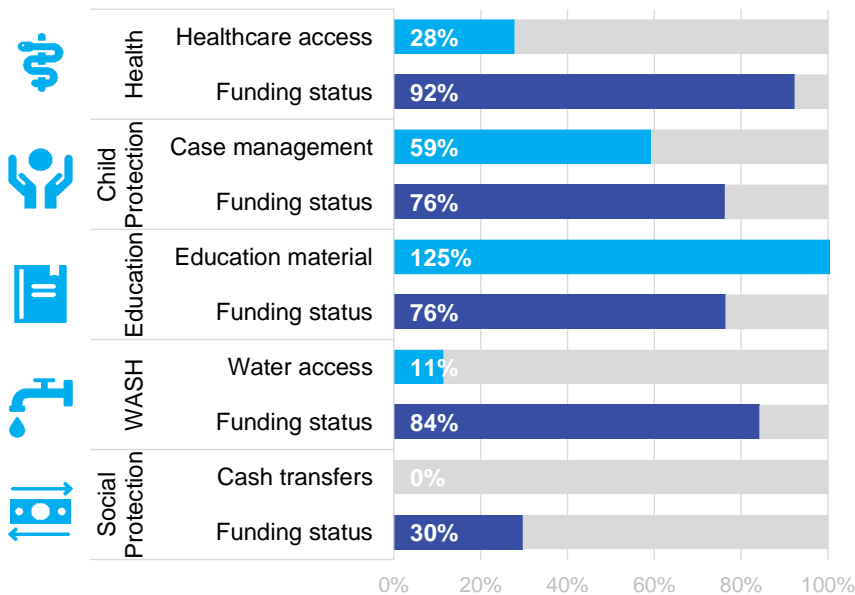
**3 million\***  
Children in need inside Ukraine

**15.7 million**  
People in need inside Ukraine  
(Draft OCHA revised Flash Appeal, as of 6 April)

**7.7 million**  
Internally displaced people (IOM Ukraine Internal Displacement Report – General Population Survey Round 3, 11–13 April 2022)

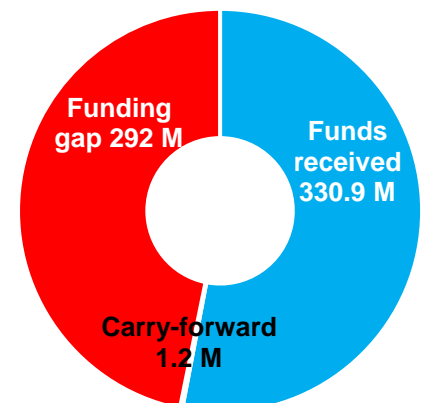
**1.7 million**  
Children targeted by UNICEF response in Ukraine from March to August 2022 (HAC April 2022)

## UNICEF Response and Funding Status<sup>iv</sup>



## UNICEF Appeal 2022

### US\$624 million\*\*



\* Children in need is UNICEF estimation out of PIN/OCHA, April.  
\*\* Revised funding ask, against the revised HAC (April 2022). The figures reported to the FTS may differ for the same period due to exchange rate fluctuations, recovery cost estimates, as well as in-process allocation of flexible funding.

## Funding Overview and Partnerships

UNICEF is urgently seeking US\$624.2 million in its revised 2022 [Ukraine and Refugee Outflow Humanitarian Action for Children \(HAC\)](#) appeal (March–August 2022) to provide emergency assistance to 1.7 million war-affected children and their families within Ukraine.<sup>1</sup> UNICEF has received a total of US\$330.9 million for the response inside Ukraine, with generous contributions coming from a wide range of donors, including the Governments of Austria, Czech Republic, Denmark, Iceland, Italy, Ireland, Japan, the Republic of Korea, Liechtenstein, Norway, Poland, Sweden, Switzerland, the United States of America, USAID, the European Commission, and the UN Central Emergency Response Fund (CERF). UNICEF also commends UNICEF National Committees, which have been able to fundraise significant flexible funding (57 per cent is flexible funding) from the private sector including corporate partners and individual donors.

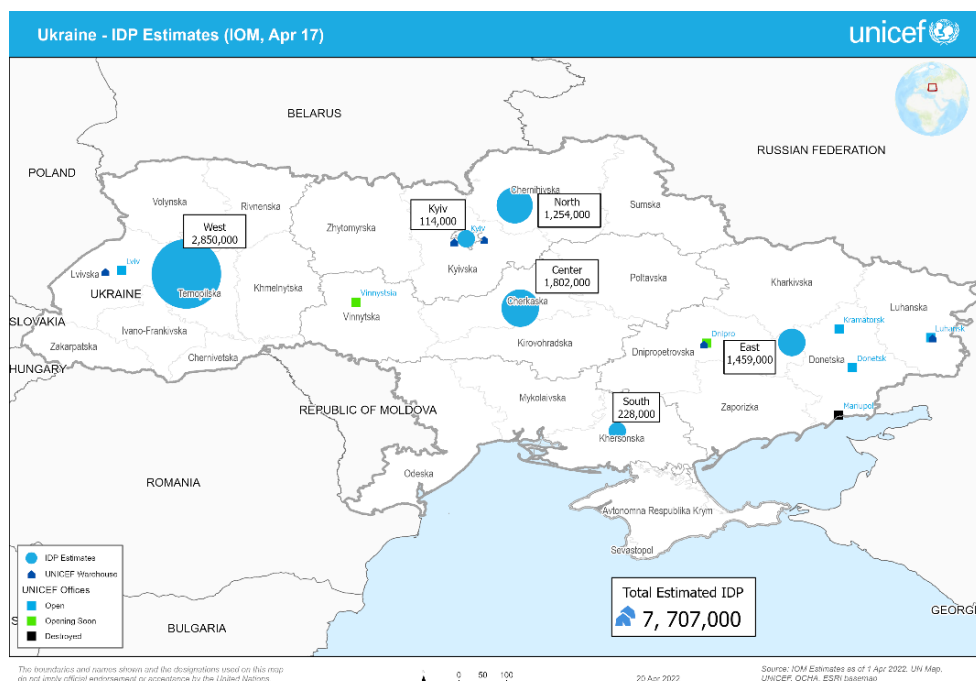
UNICEF continues to work with the Government of Ukraine, UN agencies, Civil Society/NGO partners and other humanitarian partners through established interagency mechanisms. Close consultations are also being held with Presidential advisors, key ministries (Foreign Affairs; Social Policy; Education; Youth; and Health), and mayors in several cities (including through 35 Child and Youth Friendly Cities) and Ombudspersons Office. Through its long-standing presence in Ukraine, UNICEF has established partnerships in key *hromadas* (municipalities) and will continue to expand these in all *oblasts* (regions). Overall, around 79 partners are engaged in UNICEF's response.

## Situation Overview & Humanitarian Needs

Ongoing fighting continues to disrupt the lives of millions of families and children throughout Ukraine. Over 12 million people have fled their homes for safety, including nearly 5 million who have sought refuge in neighbouring countries and beyond<sup>2</sup> – most of them women and children. An estimated 7.7 million people are displaced within Ukraine,<sup>3</sup> with most (78 per cent) internally displaced people (IDPs) finding shelter in western, central and northern Ukraine.

Seven weeks of war have left a devastating impact on children, with 170 killed and 277 injured.<sup>4</sup> Around 300 health facilities are located in areas with active fighting<sup>5</sup> and 150 attacks on health care, including personnel, patients, facilities, transport, supplies, and warehouses, have been reported.<sup>6</sup> UNICEF estimates that 1.4 million people have lost access to running water and 4.6 million more have only limited access.<sup>7</sup>

IDPs continue to have urgent needs and concerns,<sup>8</sup> including difficulties in accessing cash, food, livelihoods and housing/accommodation and the need for documentation, child-friendly spaces, assistance for unaccompanied children, and hygiene products (including for menstrual hygiene). In war-hit *oblasts* in eastern, northern and southern Ukraine,<sup>9</sup> access to medication, disruption to child wellbeing, disruption to transportation and/or fuel supply and lack of access to water and utilities are major concerns.



<sup>1</sup> The revised interagency appeal covers March-August 2022; UNICEF's HAC for Ukraine was revised accordingly to reflect UNICEF's proportion of the revised IA Flash appeal targets and requirements.

<sup>2</sup> UNHCR, Operational data portal – Ukraine refugee situation, as of 18 April 2022, accessed on 19 April 2022.

<sup>3</sup> IOM, 'Ukraine Internal Displacement Report – General Population Survey Round 3, 11–13 April 2022.

<sup>4</sup> OHCHR, 'Ukraine: civilian casualty update', 19 April 2022.

<sup>5</sup> WHO, press release, 'Regional Director pledges WHO support to help Ukraine's health system build back better during visit to Lviv', 13 April 2022.

<sup>6</sup> WHO, 'Surveillance system for attacks on health care', accessed on 19 April 2022. Including attacks against health facilities, transport, personnel, patients, supplies and warehouses.

<sup>7</sup> UNICEF, press release, '1.4 million people without running water across war-affected eastern Ukraine', 15 April 2022.

<sup>8</sup> REACH, Rapid Needs Assessments (RNA) of IDP-hosting areas (central, northern oblasts), April 2022.

<sup>9</sup> REACH, Rapid Needs Assessments (RNA) of conflict-affected areas (eastern, southern, northern oblasts), April 2022.

## Humanitarian Leadership, Coordination and Strategy

UNICEF is working closely with UN agencies, government and partners under the inter-agency framework. Following the activation of all clusters, UNICEF leads/co-leads the WASH, Child Protection, Nutrition and Education clusters and the Maternal Child Health Care sub-group under the WHO-led Health Cluster. During the reporting week, the UNICEF-led WASH Cluster (co-chaired by the National Water Company Association) set up an Assessments Working Group for better coherence on assessments, indicators and monitoring. The Nutrition Cluster is establishing a data collection system to monitor and coordinate the procurement and distribution of ready-to-use infant formula and breast milk substitutes with partners. The Child Protection sub-cluster is working with the Gender-Based Violence sub-cluster on mechanisms to respond to sexual violence cases. In addition, the sub-cluster has identified the need for partners' capacity building on mental health and psychosocial support (MHPSS).

UNICEF is using a zonal differentiated approach to its humanitarian response in Ukraine. In the east (Zone 1), where humanitarian corridors, intense and sustained conflict, and access constraints are present, UNICEF is using rapid response teams and inter-agency humanitarian convoys, and is engaging municipalities, regional and local administrations and civil society partners to implement its response. Supplies are also prepositioned therein to support children, women and other vulnerable people, including IDPs. In the central and western parts (Zones 2 and 3), which have security risks but little to no access challenges, UNICEF is using existing national systems and structures and is engaging local authorities (regional, municipal) and civil society partners to implement its humanitarian response. Since the war escalated, UNICEF Ukraine has also increased its response capacity with 186 personnel (staff, surge, consultants), with personnel in Lviv, Kyiv, Dnipro, Donetsk, Luhansk, Vinnytsia, and other areas within Ukraine and a few working remotely from outside the country.

With its team based in Dnipro UNICEF is using a multi-pronged programming approach that includes establishing a Rapid Response Mechanism (RRM)/mobile team network to provide a rapid minimum response package to the war-stricken population. Working with City Council and local partners, RRM has provided more than 100 IDPs shelters (over 7,000 families) in Dnipro city with WASH, education and child protection supplies and cash assistance registration. More than 400 metric tons (MT) of life-saving supplies have been prepositioned in key hard-to-reach locations (Bakhmutka, Dniprovka, Kharkivska, Kramatorska, Lymanska, Pokrovska, Sievierodonetska, Zaporizka).

## Summary Analysis of Programme Response

**Health and Nutrition:** Since 24 February, nearly 835,000 people in Ukraine were able to access health care as a result of supplies distributed, either directly by UNICEF or in partnership with implementing organizations.

During this reporting period, critical midwifery, obstetrics, surgical, medical and first aid kits, and diagnostic and treatment equipment were delivered to hubs in Kyiv, Dnipro and Odessa. These supplies are being distributed to eight health care facilities and shelters. In addition, six maternity houses (perinatal centres) and two children's hospitals in Kyiv, Kharkiv, Lviv, Poltava, Cherkasy and Sumy *oblasts* received life-saving supplies that will contribute to covering approximately 550,000 people, including 1,000 pregnant women and newborns.

Lipid-based nutrient supplements and high energy biscuits have been distributed to partners for 33,800 beneficiaries in Lvivska, Luhanska, Donetska, Dnipro, Odessa, Chernivetska, Kyivska and for prepositioning in other locations. In addition, ready-to-use infant formula has been prepositioned.

**Child Protection:** To date, UNICEF and partners have reached 19,176 children and caregivers with community-based psychosocial support, and 11,857 have benefited from UNICEF-supported case management.

A total of 20 Mobile Rapid Response Multidisciplinary Teams are now operating in six regions (Lvivska, Zakarpatska, Vinnytska, Dniprovka, Rivnenska, Chernivetska). Over the reporting period, 275 women and 128 children received psychological support, 494 legal support, and 1,156 social services support. Additionally, 102 parents, 74 adolescents, and 68 educational professionals received psychosocial support services (PSS) through online sessions facilitated under the PORUCH project.<sup>10</sup> A total of 2,229 children and parents/caregivers received PSS in the reporting period. Furthermore, 4,500 conflict-affected children benefited from PSS supplies and development kits as part of the Child Friendly Cities Initiative in IDP-hosting communities in Odessa, Cherkasy, Ternopil, Khmelnytskyi, Kremenchuk, Kanev, Khmelnyk, Bila Tserkva, Uman, Rogantyn and Volodymyr Volynskyy. In western Ukraine, UNICEF partnered with a civil society organization to provide blankets, early childhood development (ECD) and recreation kits to 115 children with disabilities and 561 IDP children.

A total of 6,832 calls have been received since 24 February, of which 5,265 children and caregivers have been referred to services and for case management support. During the reporting period, the toll-free Child Helpline provided consultations and referrals to other services to 1,718 children (1,050 girls, 668 boys). Other UNICEF-assisted helplines

<sup>10</sup> The PORUCH project connects psychologists with groups of parents and teens across Ukraine, offering offline and online sessions to help them deal with the trauma of war.

supporting social service workforce professionals, parents and caregivers, reached 3,410 beneficiaries.

In Donetsk *oblast*, UNICEF continued to provide protection services, reaching a cumulative total of 156 people affected by hostilities, including 26 boys and 33 girls, with emergency PSS. In addition, 24 affected children (11 boys, 13 girls) received case management services during the reporting period, including referral to external specialized assistance. In the context of the Ministry of Social Policy and UNICEF partnership to support children in all alternative care settings, the Ukrainian government has sent an official delegation, with technical support from UNICEF, to Poland, Germany and Italy. The technical support mission is looking at how to strengthen the involvement of the social service workforce from involved countries in managing cross-border case management workloads and accounting for children relocated from institutions alongside separated children who will be integrated into the child protection system of European countries for further reunification with their families in Ukraine.

**Education:** Nearly 250,000 children have benefited from learning interventions with supplies provided by UNICEF since 24 February, and more than 66,000 children have been engaged in formal or non-formal education.

During the reporting period, UNICEF delivered 600 recreation kits and 120 school-in-a-carton kits to 63 communities in Zakarpattia *oblast*, benefitting more than 57,000 children.

A total of 15 Spilno Child Spots have been established in Lviv, Ternopil and Ivano-Frankivsk and Uzhhorod *oblasts*. At the Spilno Spots, trained teachers held twice-weekly play sessions, benefitting 1,050 children. The spots were equipped with 30 ECD kits, hygiene kits, and first aid kits. An additional 39 teachers were trained to deliver learning sessions and PSS to displaced children.

As of 14 April, more than 3.6 million students have resumed their studies by distance learning, including around 81,000 IDP children. The Ministry of Education and Science has launched a Telegram chatbot 'EducationUaBot' to inform students, parents, and teachers of learning opportunities in Ukraine and abroad. The chatbot also provides information on national multi-subject testing and PSS.

**Water Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH):** Since 24 February, UNICEF ensured access to safe water for 408,684 people in affected areas, including through water trucking, bottled water distribution and supporting water availability in collective centres. Furthermore, at least 86,473 people have been reached with WASH supplies.

Examples of UNICEF-supported activities and people reached during the reporting period include the distribution of 1,020 WASH and dignity kits to 4,133 people in war-hit locations<sup>11</sup> and the provision to partners in Kyiv *oblast* of 222 individual hygiene kits, containing adult diapers for people with special needs, and 6,600 water containers. Other examples include the repositioning of 3,744 WASH and dignity kits, 10,400 jerry cans, and 120,000 aquatabs in the Lviv and Dnipro warehouses for further distribution to more than 10,400 IDP families with children.

Ensuring availability of safe water in health centres and other strategic infrastructure remains an urgent priority. During the reporting week, UNICEF and partners delivered 9,000L of safe water, benefitting at least 3,000 people, to the hospital and IDP centres in Mykolaiv, where the centralized water supply has been severely damaged. In addition, diapers for the elderly and cleaning supplies were provided in Mykolaiv, reaching 480 people. UNICEF and partners also provided cleaning kits and water filters to three collective centres in Kharkiv.

UNICEF supports water utility companies (vodokanals) to ensure continuity of water supply in war-torn regions and areas with IDP influxes. UNICEF continues providing water treatment chemicals to the Kharkiv and Uzhgorod vodokanals. Chlorine provided during the previous weeks keeps the water systems running and ensures safety of drinking water.

**Social Protection:** More than 88,000 households across Ukraine have applied to receive UNICEF humanitarian cash assistance, through the remote registration platform available at <https://register.unicef.org>. UNICEF is currently validating the beneficiary data and checking whether applicants meet eligibility criteria. The first payments will go to households with children as per the eligibility criteria<sup>12</sup> over the coming days via direct payment to beneficiary bank accounts. A toll-free phone hotline with trained staff has been set up and is providing information to beneficiaries.

**Influencing Social Behaviour:** Overall, social and behaviour change (SBC) digital content for caregivers has reached nearly 3.2 million people on Facebook only. Digital activation on breastfeeding has been rolled out on social media, with 21 bloggers sharing personal stories on the importance of breastfeeding in emergencies, reaching almost 100,000 users. Their testimonies have been covered by national media, including the most popular news website (tsn.ua).

The [online kindergarten NUMO](#) has remained top-performing content for caregivers, with its new episodes receiving 363,000 views. More than 180 Viber and Telegram chats have disseminated messages on NUMO, online schooling

<sup>11</sup> This includes 540 kits for 2,160 IDPs in Odessa *oblast*; 30 kits for 123 IDPs in Kaniv city (Cherkaska *oblast*); and 450 kits handed over to Dnipro City Council for distribution to collective centres, covering the needs of 1,850 IDPs.

<sup>12</sup> Eligibility criteria includes households with children with disabilities and/or three or more children.

and immunization to Ukrainian parents and caregivers, including those on the move.

The digital campaign and offline sessions on the explosive ordnance risk education (EORE) have reached 625,000 people through content created in partnership with the State Emergency Service of Ukraine.

In the framework of Accountability to Affected Populations (AAP), UNICEF has developed a chat bot to collect behavioural data and feedback from mothers who will receive newborn kits in the upcoming weeks, offering an easy-to-use tool to share their opinion about the quality of aid and their future needs.

The national hotline on the cash programme collected feedback and consultations of 10,000 people. Additional 3,000 requests were addressed through digital channels. The website pages dedicated to the cash programme received 550,000 views in total, with 135,000 views during the reporting period.

## Supply & Logistics

Since 24 February, UNICEF has ordered over \$116 million in emergency supplies for Ukraine. As of 19 April, UNICEF has received, in Lviv, 133 trucks with 1,450 MT of emergency supplies, out of the 147 trucks dispatched from the Supply Division in Copenhagen and Turkey. A total of 118 trucks have left warehouses to other locations in the country with 1,304 MT of critical supplies.

## External Media

UNICEF continues to highlight the situation of children and their families in Ukraine and advocate for their safety through external and internal media outlets. The following are a selection of communication materials produced in the reporting period:

### Press releases

[1.4 million people without running water across war-affected eastern Ukraine](#)

[UNICEF delivers ambulances to eight regions in Ukraine](#)

[‘Leave no Child Alone’ campaign to improve protection for children without parental care](#)

### Human interest stories

[In Ukraine, children and families caught up in the chaos of war](#)

[Craft classes help sew hope for Ukrainian families](#)

[Ukrainian children with disabilities feel the strain far from home](#)

[In Ukraine, young children suffer the invisible scars of war](#)

[In Ukraine, families find shelter and suffering below ground](#)

## Next SitRep: 29 April 2022

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## Annex A: Programme Results (01 March–19 April 2022)

Sector	Indicator	Total needs <sup>∞</sup>	UNICEF and IPs Response	
			2022 target	Total results
<b>Health and Nutrition</b>		12 million people		
	# children and women accessing primary health care in UNICEF-supported facilities		3,000,000	834,720* 15,850 ▲
<b>Child Protection</b>		2.2 million children		
	# children and caregivers accessing mental health and psychosocial support		1,000,000	19,176 7,551 ▲
	# children who have received individual case management		20,000	11,857 8,887 ▲
	# women, girls and boys accessing GBV/VAC response interventions		100,000	4,051** =***
<b>Education</b>		3.6 million people		
	# children accessing formal or non-formal education, including early learning		800,000	66,057 910 ▲

# of girls and boys benefitting from supplied education, ECD and recreation kits or learning materials		200,000	249,108*	190,100 ▲
# children accessing psychosocial support, social and emotional learning, or life skills education		50,000	5,400	-100 ▼
<b>WASH</b>	<b>13.6 million people</b>			
# people accessing a sufficient quantity of safe water for drinking and domestic needs		3,570,000	408,684	169,219 ▲
# people reached with critical WASH supplies		1,500,000	86,473*	25,104 ▲
<b>Cross-sectoral</b>				
# people reached through messaging on prevention and access to services		10,000,000	3,500,000	=***

\* This result is calculated based on the delivery of supplies from UNICEF to implementing partners.

\*\*This result does not include GBV risk mitigation and prevention across sectors

\*\*\* The symbol = indicates that there has been no change to the results since the last SitRep.

∞ Revised sector needs figures are provisional and will be updated upon the release of the revised Flash Appeal

## Annex B: Funding Status as of 19 April<sup>13</sup>

With the situation rapidly evolving and deteriorating, the humanitarian response and related financial requirements are being revised to reflect expanded needs until August 2022. A revised UNICEF HAC appeal was launched on 12 April 2022 to reflect the additional resource requirements to address children's needs in Ukraine. Continued, flexible contributions will enable UNICEF and partners to act quickly and respond strategically to where the needs are greatest.

Sector	Requirements	Funds available		Funding gap	
		Humanitarian resources received in 2022	Resources available from 2021 (Carry-over)	US\$	%
Health and Nutrition	83,900,000	77,429,921	8,396	6,461,683	8%
WASH	94,500,000	79,549,553	358,670	14,591,777	15%
Child Protection , GBViE & PSEA	59,300,000	44,516,377	687,566	14,096,057	24%
Education	31,400,000	23,847,290	121,659	7,431,051	24%
Social Protection	355,149,430	105,550,039	0	249,599,391	70%
<b>Total</b>	<b>624,249,430</b>	<b>330,893,180</b>	<b>1,176,291</b>	<b>292,179,959</b>	<b>47%</b>

<sup>13</sup> The figures reported to the FTS may differ for the same period due to exchange rate fluctuations, recovery cost estimates, as well as in process allocation of flexible funding.