**MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH**

- Causes of maternal deaths
  - Unmet need for family planning: 9% (2000-2003)
  - Antenatal visits for women (4 or more visits): 81% (2002-2003)
  - Intermittent preventive treatment for malaria: ---
  - Caesarean rate total (urban + rural): 4% (2005)
  - Procurement and delivery of care: ---

**IMC** adapted to cover newborns 0-1 week of age

**NUTRITION**

- Exclusive breastfeeding
  - Percent children < 5 years sleeping under ITNs*: ---

**WATER AND SANITATION**

- Water
  - Percent population using improved drinking water sources

**SYSTEMS**

- International Code of Marketing of Breastmilk Substitutes
  - Partial

**POLICIES**

- Antenatal care: Percent women aged 15-45 years attended at least once by a health provider during pregnancy
  - Skilled attendant at delivery: Percent live births attended by skilled health personnel
  - Neonatal tetanus protection: Percent of newborns protected against tetanus

**EQUITY**

- Coverage gap by wealth quintile
  - Healthcare expenditure as % of total government expenditure
  - Financial flows and human resources
    - Per capita total expenditure on health (US$)
    - General government expenditure on health as % of total government expenditure (%)
    - Child-related expenditure as % of total expenditure on health (%)
    - Density of health workers (per 1000 population)
    - Official Development Assistance to maternal, newborn, and child health per live birth (US$)
    - National availability of Emergency Obstetric Care services (% of recommended minimum)

**INTERVENTION COVERAGE FOR MOTHERS, NEWBORNS, AND CHILDREN**

- Under-five mortality rate
  - Deaths per 1000 live births

**DEMOGRAPHICS**

- Total population (000)
- Total under-five population (000)
- Births (000)
- Birth registration (%)