Highlights

- As of 26 July, 315 cholera cases including five deaths (case fatality rate 1.58 per cent) have been reported in Juba County. Oral cholera vaccination started on 27 July in the UNMISS Tomping site, Juba, reaching 4,000 people and in Gorom.

- Relocation of displaced people from the UNMISS Tomping site to the UN House Protection of Civilian (POC) site has started at voluntary basis. UNICEF is constructing 60 latrines at new site and additional water points will also be installed. UNICEF partner THESO provided 250 buckets to relocated families.

- Gender based violence remains a major concern and whilst advocacy continues for more patrols and other prevention measures, UNICEF has supported an assessment of health facilities throughout Juba city in order to identify gaps and facilitate the subsequent re-stocking of supplies for clinical management of rape.

Humanitarian Overview

After the heavy clashes in Juba on 7-11 July, security situation continues to be tense and unpredictable. The number of people remaining displaced in Juba is reportedly 12,088, of which 10,838 are located in the UNMISS sites. This is on top of nearly 28,000 displaced people in the Juba POC site prior to the crisis.

The Ministry of Health has declared a cholera outbreak. As of 26 July, 379 cases including 19 deaths have been reported nationwide. 83 per cent of the cases have taken place in Juba. No additional cases have been reported from Duk, Bor and Terekeka. However, out of five stool samples collected from Duk, one was confirmed positive for cholera. Suspected cases were also reported in the Malakal POC site, Maban, Torit and Kapoeta, one case each. Rain is exacerbating the situation, undermining sanitation efforts and threatening to further the spread of cholera. As of 26 July, 315 cholera cases including five deaths (case fatality rate 1.58 per cent)
Summary Analysis of Programme Response

CHOLERA RESPONSE: New cases have been reported in Jebel Yesua, Hai Mayo, Mahad, and Hai Jalaba in Juba. In addition, unverified report of 14 cases and one death was received from Bungu, 35 km away from Juba on YeI road. A verification team will visit the location on 30 July.

On 27 July, 25 patients were admitted at cholera treatment centre (CTC) in Juba, bringing the total caseload managed at the CTC to 304 with seven deaths. Twelve Oral rehydration points (ORPs) are now operational in Gumbo, Munuki, Gurei, Mahad, Kator, Alshaba, Lologo, Nyokuron, Gorom, Giada and Gudele, of which ten are run by UNICEF partner, Health Link South Sudan, 26 cases have been managed in the center. A toll free line for cholera response (1144) is operational 24hours a day/7 days a week by the Social Mobilization Working Group, with support from UNICEF. A team from the Ministry of Health is planning to travel to Jonglei to support the team in Duk on 30 July.

Prevention efforts continue. Information, Education and Communication (IEC) materials on cholera are displayed in public places, and public announcements and 16 radio stations are broadcasted in five different messages twice each day. A total of 1,080 households were visited in key locations of Juba and provided with soap, chlorine tablets and oral rehydration solution along with demonstration of good practices with water chlorination, handwashing and food hygiene. The same package is provided to patients at the time of discharge to prevent future cases.

WASH: In the UN House POC sites, 54,000 people have been provided with 906,000 litres of safe water daily through 151 water tanker trips with an average of 17 litres per person per day (l/p/d), attaining Sphere Standards. UNICEF is prepositioning water tanks as part of contingency planning and organizing training so that continuous water provision will be assured. Majority of the solid waste backlog in POC 1 and 3 caused by access constraints in the past two weeks has been solved. A new dump site was identified in Gumbo, more than 15 km away from the POC sites as the road to a nearby dump site remains unsecure. Hygiene promotion activities are constantly conducted. In the UNMISS Tomping site, WASH facilities installed by UNICEF are in full operation and are being managed by IOM, providing enough quantity of safe water and sanitation facilities to displaced people.

HEALTH: In UN House, UNICEF partner IMC continues providing life-saving medical interventions in POC 1 and 3. A total of 1,407 curative consultations have been provided this week, of which 34 per cent were to children under 5; main causes of morbidity are acute respiratory tract infections (ARI, 36 per cent), malaria (26 per cent), and acute water diarrhea (AWD, 25 per cent). Fifty pregnant women were provided with
antenatal care and 28 long-lasting treated insecticide nets distributed. Eighteen deliveries were conducted under the care of skilled birth attendants.

In the UNMISS Tomping site, UNICEF continues to support IOM to provide curative, preventive and maternal health services. From the beginning of this week, 578 curative consultations have been provided, of which 30 per cent were to children under 5. Main causes of morbidity among children under 5 during the last three days are shown in the graph. Routine immunization is expected to start by the end of the week by IOM. Seventeen pregnant women were provided with antenatal care. Health promotion and awareness raising are ongoing, using IEC materials equipped by UNICEF, reaching 726 households and 1,580 individuals.

**NUTRITION:** In the UN House POC sites, 196 children under 5 have been screened for malnutrition on 27 and 28 July, of which 22 children were identified with severe acute malnutrition and 18 children have been identified with moderate acute malnutrition. Routine monitoring and infant and young child feeding counselling were also conducted. While relocation of displaced people from the UNMISS Tomping site commenced, UNICEF partner Concern Worldwide is ready to serve new arrivals with outpatient therapeutic programme (OTP) and targeted supplementary feeding programmes (TSFP) as the need arises. A list of OTP and TSFP sites was shared with Health and WASH cluster leads to facilitate referrals with cholera treatment centre.

**CHILD PROTECTION:** UNICEF continues to work with partners (a majority of whom are national organizations) both in the POC site and outside, in Gurei, Gumbo and Kator. Sixty new unaccompanied, separated or missing children were identified over the last two days, bringing the number to a total of 333, of which 45 children have been reunified with their caregivers. During this reporting period 3,390 children have participated in psychosocial support activities, including 723 children. The Confident Children out of Conflict centre continues to provide specialized support, including interim care, to child survivors of violence, children separated from their families and other vulnerable children.

**EDUCATION:** A total of 1,155 children (499 girls and 656 boys) have been enrolled in the UNMISS Tomping site. Education activities are underway, but a lower turnout of children has been observed in the past two days.

In the UN House POC site, 8,123 children (3,262 girls and 4,861 boys) have been enrolled. However, classrooms are occupied by displaced people since the recent influx and school activities have been paused. While UNICEF and partners are continuously advocating for relocation of people, alternative safe locations have been identified so that school activities can resume at the earliest possible. Schedules are designed to allow for both education and child protection programmes to take place on the same premises. This will include academic lessons in the morning and child protection activities such as psychosocial support immediately after, with the same schedule for the afternoon. As part of the packaged intervention, messages on prevention of family separation, mine risk education and cholera prevention are being organized.

**FUNDING:** UNICEF requires US$ 5,372,568 to urgently scale up to respond to the ongoing crisis in Juba. This is in addition to UNICEF South Sudan’s Humanitarian Action for Children (HAC) appeal for US$ 154,464,955 and for the funds needed to support the ongoing response in Wau requiring US$ 2,931,000.
### Appeal Sector Needs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appeal Sector</th>
<th>Required (US$)</th>
<th>Funded (US$)</th>
<th>Funding Gap (US$)</th>
<th>Funding Gap (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nutrition</td>
<td>583,200</td>
<td>450,000</td>
<td>133,200</td>
<td>23%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WASH</td>
<td>3,143,448</td>
<td>520,000</td>
<td>2,623,448</td>
<td>83%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health</td>
<td>855,360</td>
<td>335,000</td>
<td>520,360</td>
<td>61%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Child Protection</td>
<td>660,960</td>
<td>110,000</td>
<td>550,960</td>
<td>83%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Education</td>
<td>129,600</td>
<td>50,000</td>
<td>79,600</td>
<td>61%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>5,372,568</strong></td>
<td><strong>1,465,000</strong></td>
<td><strong>3,907,568</strong></td>
<td><strong>73%</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

**UNICEF South Sudan Crisis:** [www.unicef.org/southsudan](http://www.unicef.org/southsudan); [http://www.childrenofsouthsudan.info/](http://www.childrenofsouthsudan.info/)

**UNICEF South Sudan Facebook:** [www.facebook.com/unicefsouthsudan](http://www.facebook.com/unicefsouthsudan)

**UNICEF South Sudan Appeal:** [http://www.unicef.org/appeals/](http://www.unicef.org/appeals/)

**Who to contact for further information:**

- Mahimbo Mdoe, **Representative**
  - UNICEF South Sudan
  - Email: mmdoe@unicef.org

- Shaya Ibrahim Asindua, **Deputy Representative**
  - UNICEF South Sudan
  - Email: sasindua@unicef.org