**Highlights**

- Twenty suspected cases of cholera have been reported, and testing is ongoing. A cholera outbreak response is in process, with a focus on both prevention and control.
- Nutrition screening undertaken among 387 displaced children in Tomping suggests a global acute malnutrition rate in the site is 18%.
- There is a lack of space for education and psychosocial support activities, with a further influx of internally displaced persons to Tomping on July 16.

**Humanitarian Overview**

As of 16 July, the situation in Juba during the day was quiet, with gun firing in the vicinity of UN House in the early evening. While many internally displaced persons (IDPs) are choosing to return home, there has been an influx of IDPs to UNMISS’ Tomping compound. A move to transport IDPs from Tomping to UN House is being discussed, and IDPs have been informed accordingly.

**Humanitarian Response**

UNICEF and partners, with coordination support from OCHA and the cluster system, continue to respond to the crisis in Juba. With a concerning number of suspected cholera cases, humanitarian actors are putting increased emphasis on cholera prevention and response.

**Summary Analysis of Programme Response**

**HEALTH:** Twenty suspected cases of cholera have been reported in Juba Teaching Hospital and one suspected case in Tomping, and all are under investigation.

Case Management of the response is conducted in Juba Teaching Hospital supported by MoH, UNICEF, WHO, and partners. Oral Rehydration Points will be set up in Al Kiyadha, Locko PHC, Kator and Gabath health clinics for immediate support. Radio broadcast for cholera prevention and control has been ongoing through all major radio channels for the past month.

UNICEF supplies for immediate outbreak response in the Juba Teaching Hospital are as follows:
10 Diarrhoeal Disease Kits, each of which can treat 500 cholera cases (including 100 severe), and 200 Shigella cases.

30 additional Cholera Treatment Centre beds (in addition to the existing 70 functional beds that UNICEF had provided last year).

2 tents for the triage and extension of the Cholera Treatment Centre, one of which was erected today.

WASH items including buckets, water tanks, chlorine supplies.

Cholera prevention and control education, information, and communication materials, already supplies to all outbreak sites.

**WATER, SANITATION, AND HYGIENE:** In addition to cholera prevention activities, the delivery of safe water to affected populations is a major component of UNICEF’s response in Juba, and strongly contributes to preventing major disease outbreaks. In Tomping, on July 16, three trucks delivered 18,000 liters of drinking water and chlorine powder to the IDP site. Meanwhile, twenty-three trucks carrying a total of 228,000 liters of water was delivered sent to UN House. Distribution of WASH supplies also took place in POC1, with buckets, soap, and collapsible jerrycans being provided to 487 households on the 15th and 16th of July.

**NUTRITION:** On July 16 in Tomping, 387 children were screened for malnutrition by UNICEF partner World Vision. Eighteen cases of severe acute malnutrition (SAM) and 52 cases of moderate acute malnutrition (MAM) were reported. Children with SAM were supplied with two weeks ration of ready-to-use therapeutic food.

**EDUCATION:** An additional 220 children were registered by volunteer teachers on July 16 in Tomping, bringing the total number of registered school-age children to 470 (43% girls). No activities were able to take place due to lack of space following an influx of additional IDPs to the UNMISS base in Tomping. The three locations under trees previously used for education activities were occupied by IDPs. The education team on the ground, including UNICEF partner CHADO, are assessing alternative sites for education and psychosocial support activities.

**CHILD PROTECTION:** The Child Friendly Space in Tomping is occupied by newly arrived IDPs, and UNICEF partner Nile hope has temporarily suspended psychosocial support activities until new space is identified. Nonetheless, 201 children (43% girls) benefited from Child Friendly Spaces activities in Kator Church and St. Joseph. In both two locations, 653 people also benefited from messages on psychosocial support and mine risk education.

Family tracing and reunification activities continue and on 16 July six children (four boys and two girls) were reunited with their parents in Kator, Tomping, and the POC3. Meanwhile, an additional eleven unaccompanied, separated, and missing children (seven boys and four girls) were registered in Kator.
FUNDING: UNICEF requires US$ 5,372,568 to urgently scale up to respond to the ongoing crisis in Juba. This is in addition to UNICEF South Sudan’s Humanitarian Action for Children (HAC) appeal for US$ 154,464,955 and for the funds needed to support the ongoing response in Wau requiring US$ 2,931,000.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appeal Sector</th>
<th>Required (US$)</th>
<th>Funded (US$)</th>
<th>Funding Gap (US$)</th>
<th>Funding Gap (%)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nutrition</td>
<td>583,200</td>
<td>450,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Child Protection</td>
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<td>550,960</td>
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<tr>
<td>Education</td>
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<td>79,600</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>5,372,568</td>
<td>1,465,000</td>
<td>3,907,568</td>
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</table>

UNICEF South Sudan Crisis: www.unicef.org/southsudan; http://www.childrenofsouthsudan.info/  
UNICEF South Sudan Facebook: www.facebook.com/unicefsouthsudan  
UNICEF South Sudan Appeal: http://www.unicef.org/appeals/  

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