As of 3 August 2014, WHO has confirmed a total of 5,561 cholera cases including 122 deaths affecting five states: Central Equatoria, Eastern Equatoria, Western Equatoria, Jonglei and Upper Nile.

Communities along the Nile and in the Nile river basin, such as Eastern Equatoria, remain at high risk.
**Situation Overview:**
Cholera continues to spread, with new cases reported this week in Juba County, Upper Nile and Eastern Equatoria States. As of 3 August, according to WHO, 5,561 cholera cases have been reported, with 122 deaths for a case fatality rate of 2.2 per cent (above the 1 per cent emergency threshold). Torit County in Eastern Equatoria presents the highest cumulative attack rate in the country to date, with 1.3 per cent of the population affected. Cholera has already affected all the payams in Torit County and almost all the counties in Eastern Equatoria. The area is vast, with movement of people within counties and to/from Juba, in addition to having poor access to safe water and sanitation.

**UNICEF Response:**
UNICEF and partners have staff on the ground responding in affected locations providing technical guidance and training; delivering supplies; supporting Cholera Treatment Centres (CTCs); establishing Oral Rehydration Points and improving the water, sanitation and hygiene in affected areas. UNICEF is also ensuring the core pipeline of WASH supplies essential to the overall response, including household water treatment and soap.

UNICEF has deployed health, WASH and behaviour change communication staff to Torit, Wau Shiluk, Bentiu, Lopa, Magwi and Nimule to provide technical support. Fifty-two oral rehydration points (ORPs) have been established in Juba, Bentiu, Wau Shiluk and Eastern Equatoria complementing case management at CTCs. ORPs provide safe water and ORS to people suffering from acute watery diarrhoea at the community level, and act as a referral for severe cases to CTCs.

To date, UNICEF, WHO and partners have vaccinated nearly 90,000 people over one year old in PoC and IDP sites with Oral Cholera Vaccines (OCV) to limit the spread of the disease. UNICEF supported storage and distribution of the vaccines to Awerial, Bentiu, Malakal, Juba PoCs and Bor; supported on the orientation of vaccinators and monitoring of the OCV activities.

### Upper Nile

**Situation Overview (as of 3 August)**
- **Wau Shiluk:** 878 cases, with 17 deaths.
- **Malakal PoC:** 60 suspected cases, with 2 deaths.
- **Other sites in Upper Nile:** 54 cases, with 2 deaths

**UNICEF Response**
UNICEF supported the establishment of the CTC in Wau Shiluk with three 72m² tents, along with medical and WASH supplies, while latrines have been constructed in the CTC by a WASH Cluster partner. UNICEF partners have set up 26 ORPs in the area which have been equipped with handheld solar lamps to provide increased safety and protection for those seeking treatment.

UNICEF and WASH Cluster partners continue with the cholera response on many fronts. In Detang, UNICEF followed up on cholera cases targeting women in 144 households, with over 60 boxes of water treatment chemicals distributed. In Wau Shiluk, UNICEF and WASH Cluster partners increased the safe water supply by adding seven water systems with 14 tap stands as well as continuing water chlorination for people collecting water from the river and 9,600 PUR sachets provided to over 320 households (1,320 people). Solidarite International and CARE continued to construct open trenches to curb open defecation. The construction of 100 latrines is on-going. Cleaning campaigns were conducted with the participation of the affected communities in market places and IDP sites.

UNICEF also provided a diarrhoeal disease kit to the CTC which has been established in Malakal PoC. Cholera treatment is also on-going at the hospital in Malakal town.

In terms of social mobilization, in Wau Shiluk, Medair trained 43 additional hygiene promoters in the past week to support on cholera awareness while Care International continues to conduct a cleaning campaign every Saturday and cholera awareness in churches after Sunday church services reaching a total of 900 people to date. In Malakal Town,
Care International distributed jerry cans and soap to 920 households as a part of the cholera response while providing key messages on cholera prevention and control. To date, 30 drama sessions have been held in Malakal town to ensure community members are informed on cholera signs and symptoms for early reporting and referrals. Moreover, water chlorination sessions on the use of PUR continue at water points. In Lul, Kodok and Mellut, distribution of jerry cans and soap continue to aid in the reduction of caseload and prevention of new cases.

**Eastern Equatoria**

**Situation Overview (as of 3 August)**
- 2,308 confirmed cases in Eastern Equatoria including 56 deaths
- 1.3 per cent of the population affected in Torit
- Ikwotos County: 42 suspected cholera cases. So far there has been no facility death reported, however the disease had spread to two more villages - Irafi and Hafolere in Isohe Payam.

**UNICEF Response**
Health, WASH and behaviour change communication staff have deployed in response to the outbreak in Eastern Equatoria. Five diarrhoeal disease kits have been provided to support CTCs in the state, including in Torit and Kapoeta North. UNICEF and partners have strengthened their coordinated response in Eastern Equatoria where a cumulative number of 1,171 cholera patients have been treated at UNICEF supported ORPs and 125 were referred to CTCs.

In Torit, UNICEF supported the rehabilitation of the Mairo water system with a capacity of 60,000 litres per day (l/p/d) of treated water for 2,000 people. UNICEF and the Directorate of Water trained water technicians to operate the system. In Juba, where a new suspected cholera case was reported this week, UNICEF continues to support Juba Teaching Hospital with WASH supplies and is monitoring water quality trucked in different locations in Juba.

In Eastern Equatoria State, to date, partners have reached 9,316 households and have distributed 17,878 chlorine tablets, 1,600 bars of soap and 12,742 sachets of PUR. This week, radio campaigns on cholera prevention and control continued in all of Eastern Equatoria. Additionally, handwashing demonstrations along with the 5 steps to prevent cholera were held in Bur Payam reaching 59 participants.

**Juba & Central Equatoria State**

While the rate of new cases in Juba has slowed, UNICEF continues cholera prevention and response activities including improving water sources and behaviour change communication. With few new cases in Juba, the CTC at Juba Teaching Hospital has been handed over to the Ministry of Health and the Gumbo and Nyakuron CTCs have been closed. The Gurei CTC is being maintained as an ORP, in preparation for a potential second cholera wave in Juba.

Since the beginning of the outbreak, UNICEF supported Juba Teaching Hospital on CTC management, deploying a doctor and medical staff to provide on-site technical support, case management and guidance. UNICEF provided 11 diarrhoeal disease kits and established 6 ORPs in Juba. With a new suspected cholera case reported this week, UNICEF continues to support Juba Teaching Hospital with WASH supplies and is monitoring water quality trucked in different locations in Juba.

In Central Equatoria State, partners have reached 73 out of 197 schools with key messages through drama skits, plays and mobile video showings. To date, over 4,080 radio spots and talk shows in multiple languages have aired on seven radio stations and 70 cholera prevention and control church announcements have been made in numerous churches in the state. Additionally, 91 out of 109 targeted community meetings have been conducted to ensure that community members are informed on how to prevent cholera, while enhancing water and sanitation, hand washing with soap, safe drinking water and storage, safe handling of food and safe disposal of human waste.
Other Areas

- In Jonglei, health education was held in 19 health facilities in Bor Town reaching a total of 360 individuals with key messages. Thirty-eight religious leaders facilitated health talks in 28 different churches reaching 14,221 individuals. Thirty-four hygiene promoters from nearby villages around Bor town including Langbaar, Malou, Malualchat, Lekyak and Hai Machuor were trained to support cholera response activities such as house-to-house visits and community engagement. Radio spots are currently being broadcast eight times daily through FM 95.9 Radio Jonglei. To date, 30 per cent of radio listeners within Bor town and outside have heard messages about cholera control and prevention through radio.

- In Mingkaman, Lakes State, this week, 30 households were reached with key messages through door-to-door social mobilization. Four radio listener group sessions were held in site 2 in partnership with Radio Mingkaman 100 FM to ensure community members were provided with life-saving information followed by group discussions. Community engagement activities were further intensified through church announcements in 4 parishes in Mingkaman reaching over 1,600 parishioners with key messages. To date, over 8,000 people have been reached with key messages on Mingkaman 100 FM weekly (28 times in a week).

- In Bentiu, Unity State, as of 28 July, 5,263 households have been reached with key messages along with 4,240 bars of soap, 9,796 PUR sachets and 3,328 ORS sachets.

**UNICEF & implementing partner results**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Target</th>
<th>Results</th>
<th>Change since last report</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td># households in Outbreak States reached directly with messages on cholera prevention and control practices; and hygiene and health supplies¹</td>
<td>300,000</td>
<td>133,114</td>
<td>9,764</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td># of schools reached with cholera awareness campaigns</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>131</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td># of community volunteers, leaders, teachers, social mobilizers promoting cholera prevention and control at the community and HH levels</td>
<td>1,500</td>
<td>760</td>
<td>99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td># of operational Oral Rehydration Points supported by UNICEF</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Funding:** UNICEF will require approximately USD 17.6 million to support the cholera prevention and response in Juba and in other parts of the Country. **To date, USD 2,096,070 or 22 per cent of requirements, have been received.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Immediate Funding required in USD</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Health</td>
<td>6,050,680</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WASH</td>
<td>8,550,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social Mobilization</td>
<td>2,330,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Logistics</td>
<td>700,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>17,630,680</strong></td>
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</tbody>
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¹ Supplies include chlorine tablets, PUR, and ORS