In the week to 24 May 2015, there were three confirmed Ebola cases, down from eight in the previous week. All were from known contacts or quarantined homes.

There have been a total of 8,608 people who have contracted Ebola in Sierra Leone, of whom 3,543 have lost their lives. 19,030 children have been directly affected by the Ebola crisis, nearly half of whom have lost one or both parents.

Preparations are continuing for the first measles and polio campaign since the Ebola outbreak. 22 new solar-powered refrigerators were distributed by UNICEF, while spare parts were procured for repairs.

More than 20,000 people have now been triaged at UNICEF-supported Community Care Centres (CCCs) since November 2014, with 844 admissions.

More than 1.6m UNICEF school kits have now been distributed so far to children, who returned to school last month.

UNICEF Sierra Leone requires USD 178 million for its response to the Ebola crisis until end of June 2015. To date, USD 118.9 million has been received – 67 percent of the total*.

*Funding status as of 26 May 2015

As of 25 May 2015

8,608
Confirmed cases of Ebola

3,543
Confirmed deaths from Ebola

1,459
Confirmed cases of infected children under age 18 registered by MSWGCA

8,619
Registered Ebola Orphans

UNICEF funding needs to June 2015
USD 178 million

UNICEF funding gap
USD 59 million*

1. Source: Ministry of Health and Sanitation
2. Source: Ministry of Social Welfare, Gender, and Children’s Affairs (MSWGCA). No new data was provided this week.
**Situation Overview and Humanitarian Needs**

In the week to 24 May 2015, there were three confirmed Ebola cases, down on the eight recorded in the previous week. All three cases (2 Western Area Urban, 1 Port Loko) were from known contacts or sources and there were no positive swabs of dead bodies.

Over the last eight weeks, weekly confirmed cases have all been in the 2-11 range, and are focused on the North-West of the country, around Freetown (Western Area), the border with Guinea (Kambia) and Port Loko district in between.

There have been a total of 8,608 people who have contracted Ebola Virus Disease (EVD) in Sierra Leone, of whom 3,543 have lost their lives. 19,030 children have been directly affected by the Ebola crisis, nearly half of whom have lost one or both parents.

**Summary Analysis of Programme Response**

**Health**

Preparations for the measles-polio integrated campaign with EPI (Expanded Programme on Immunization) defaulters tracing slated for 5-10 June 2015 continues with the Ministry of Health and Sanitation (MoHS) and key partners such as WHO. Distribution is almost complete for the 1.5 million doses each of the polio and measles vaccines. UNICEF supported the MoHS with the procurement of solar refrigerator spare parts and engaged the services of technicians to repair broken down refrigerators in the districts. The repairs are on-going and will result in a strengthened the cold chain. Additionally, 22 new solar refrigerators procured by UNICEF were distributed to the 13 districts. UNICEF is supporting the training of 100 independent monitors and 52 national supervisors on 27-29 May 2015. The subsequent training of over 20,000 personnel in the districts is planned for 1 June 2015.

The coaching and mentoring exercises for health staff working in Peripheral Health Units (PHUs) on Infection Prevention and Control continued during the reporting period. An additional 36 Community Health Centres benefitted from the job coaching and mentoring by trained teams.

To facilitate and enhance the supervision of maternal and new born health services, the distribution of twenty motor bikes to Pujehun and Port Loko districts is in progress. Ten motor bikes have already been supplied to Pujehun district. A total of 163 new Community Health Workers (CHW) have been trained and deployed to replace inactive ones in Tonkolili. 45 CHWs received refresher training on Integrated Community Case Management (iCCM) in Pujehun.

**Nutrition**

In the last week, as part of the Integrated Management of Acute Malnutrition (IMAM), 22,150 children under 5 were screened at the community level in 86 out of 149 chiefdoms (437 communities). A total of 456 (2.05 percent) severe acute malnourished (SAM) children were identified, of whom 367\(^3\) were admitted for treatment at the Out Patient Therapeutic Programmes, while 124 children\(^4\) who had SAM with medical complications were referred to an In-Patient Facility (IPF) to receive paediatric and nutrition care. The total number of children receiving treatment in the programme was 2,304 by the end of the week. 387 boxes of Ready-to–Use Therapeutic Food (RUTF) were consumed. These results came from the

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\(^3\) This represents 80.5 percent cases that attended after referral from the community. There are efforts made to encourage mothers whose children have been identified with malnutrition to attend.

\(^4\) The referred cases include those referred from the community and other who were in OTP programs under treatment.
seven districts (Kambia, Port Loko, Bombali, Kono, Kenema, Moyamba and Tonkolili) which send OTP reports on weekly basis. An OTP verification exercise has been completed in all the seven districts and analysis of the collated data is in progress.

So far, the number of EVD centres that UNICEF is providing with nutrition supplies include: 13 Ebola Treatment Units (ETUs), 23 Ebola Holding Centres (EHCs), one ETU/EHCs, 11 interim care centres (ICCs) and six observational interim care centres (OICCs) as well as 20 Community Care Centres (CCCs). Nutrition supplies have been prepositioned at District Medical Stores (DMS) for replenishment to the operational ETUs, EHCs, CCCs, ICCs and OICCs countrywide. Ready-to-Use Infant Formula (RUIF) is supplied regularly to all infants below six months of age at quarantined households who have been infected or affected by EVD as well as separated/orphaned. There is a total of 106 infants 0-5 months of EVD affected mothers and infant orphans (0-5 months) of non-EVD affected mothers being supplied with RUIF on bi weekly basis in communities in Port Loko, Kambia, Tonkolili, Koinadugu, Western Area, Moyamba, Kenema, Pujehun, Bonthe, Bo and Kono. The third quarter distribution and propositioning of the RUTF to OTP Health Facilities and DMSs has been completed.

UNICEF continues to support the Food and Nutrition Directorate to ensure a harmonized nutrition response for the EVD outbreak through twice-a-month Nutrition in Emergency Coordination meetings.

**WASH**

UNICEF is coordinating the WASH sector in the Ebola response, helping to identify and fill the gaps, in addition to monitoring the functionality of WASH facilities in Ebola Care Centres (ECCs). Moreover, UNICEF is coordinating the decommissioning of Community Care Centres (CCCs) and disposal of infectious waste, following established standard operating procedures (SOP) and supporting the capacity building of implementing partners in WASH information management. UNICEF continues to support 17 CCCs, as well as 28 ETUs and EHCs in eight districts with essential WASH packages (sanitation facilities, waste management and water supply for drinking, personal hygiene and disinfection).

During the past week, the Ministry of Water Resources (MoWR), with the support of UNICEF, delivered more than 561,000 litres of water to Ebola affected communities, including ECCs, reaching an estimated 4,007 people. Two CCCs have been decommissioned during the week and improvements are now complete to the physical structure of the 17 retained CCCs to mitigate the anticipated impact of the rains. WASH facilities in 55 PHUs, 155 schools and 156 communities are being rehabilitated and the work is expected to be completed by end of June 2015.

During the past week, through UNICEF’s WASH implementing partners, 69,978 people, including 23,126 children were reached with Ebola prevention messages including the importance of hand washing with soap. To date, UNICEF’s WASH partners have reached more than 1,335,793 people (approximately 226,363 households) with Ebola prevention messages.

**Community Care Centres (CCCs)**

Since 17 November 2014, UNICEF-supported CCCs have triaged 21,055 patients, admitted 844 (4 percent), and conducted rapid ambulance transfers for 377 (2 percent) patients across five districts. In the past week, the number of patients triaged was 1,011 at UNICEF-supported CCCs, representing a daily average of 144 patients per day. There were five new admissions at CCCs. One out of five (20 percent) patients came within 48 hours of symptom onset and four out of five (80 percent) received their lab test results within 48 hours of admission.

### Seven-day status update

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>District</th>
<th>Number Type of CCC</th>
<th>Implementing Partner</th>
<th>Triaged</th>
<th>Admitted</th>
<th>Transferred</th>
<th>% Ebola Suspects</th>
<th>Reporting Completeness</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bombali</td>
<td>3 x 8 beds</td>
<td>World Hope</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>78%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tonkolili</td>
<td>4 x 8 beds</td>
<td>Concern Worldwide</td>
<td>212</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>96%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kambia</td>
<td>8 x 8 beds</td>
<td>Marie-Stopes</td>
<td>689</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.3%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Western</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kono</td>
<td>2 x 8 beds</td>
<td>Partners in Health</td>
<td>167</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1.8%</td>
<td>86%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>136 beds</td>
<td></td>
<td>1011</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.5%</td>
<td>92%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*All data received through RapidPro, a SMS-based data collection platform, is cleaned continuously and adjusted, including for those previously reported.

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3 Supplies include high energy fortified biscuits (BP100), ready-to-use infant formula (RUIF) and Ultra High Temperature (UHT) whole/full cream milk for Ebola patients and survivors – including Infants

4 UNICEF as well as other agencies CCCs
Decommissioning of select CCCs: In line with preparations for the safe reopening of schools, the first phase of closure of select Ebola Care Centres (ECC), including CCCs, on or near school premises, was completed under the leadership of the National Ebola Response Centre (NERC), with the Ministry of Health and Sanitation (MoHS) and partners. Of the initial 46 CCCs, 15 were decontaminated and closed during the first phase of decommissioning. In response to declining EVD case incidence, UNICEF supported the NERC, DERC, District Health Management Teams (DHMT) and partners in a second phase of CCC decommissioning, in which 14 CCCs were safely decommissioned. A total of 29 CCCs have been decommissioned to date, leaving 17 CCCs (with 136 total bed capacity) operational across four districts.

Communication for Development (C4D) and Social Mobilization (SM)

UNICEF continues to provide technical support to Social Mobilization (SM) Pillars across all 14 districts with a special focus on Kambia, Western Area, and Port Loko. Following the new cases in those three districts, Rapid Response Teams (RRTs) have been activated in hotspot chiefdoms and wards along with hotspot buster teams for community engagement and social mobilization activities. UNICEF is actively engaging communities and working in close collaboration with District Ebola Response Centres (DERCs)/DHMTs, community stakeholders, and paramount chiefs.

In Kambia district, the Kambia Community Action Plan 1 (KCAP 1) was completed this week. Seven teams across the districts engaged almost 10,000 community members in a culturally sensitive manner. The key findings from the KCAP highlighted the importance of a deepened participatory community engagement, creating an open platform for a meaningful dialogue with the communities.

In Port Loko district, the DHMT, DERC and UNICEF, with other partners, engaged paramount chiefs in carrying out temperature screening cordons around hotspot areas. The cordon aims to screen people living close to quarantine households to help locate and isolate sick people within and outside the quarantine homes. UNICEF continues to collaborate with WHO on island visits, engaging communities to be alert around visiting travellers, and contacting 117 for any Ebola related symptoms.

During the week 19 to 25 May 2015, mobilizers from SM Pillar partners in ten districts reached out to 188,565 people through interpersonal communication and group discussions in 3,978 communities. In order to strengthen the weekly reporting from the district partners, a review of the current partners was conducted to highlight the active and inactive partners. This was subsequently shared with the SM pillar partners.

UNICEF supported Hotspot Busters project: Health For All Coalition (HFAC) social mobilizers covered three hotspot districts (Western Area, Port Loko and Kambia) covering seven hotspot areas within the districts, reaching 2,261 households (11,300 people) through door-to-door community sensitization. The mobilizers reported 13 suspected cases of Ebola and 10 were referred to an ETU or a holding centre.

Village Development Committees (VDCs): Out of a total 1,279 VDCs in the 14 districts, 648 (51 percent) VDCs meetings were held across the districts. The most active VDCs have been in Bonthe, Pujehun, Kailahun, Tonkolili and Kono. The Terms of Reference (ToRs) for the VDCs were successfully discussed and approved in 646 VDCs. 648 (98.4 percent) of these discussed key messages on Ebola, focusing on identifying new travellers/outsiders in the community, using the 117 hotline, and safe and dignified burials. 89.8 percent also discussed the back to school campaign and 23.1 percent (648) informed communities on the national polio-measles campaign.

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7 UNICEF is the lead agency for the UN for social mobilization and community engagement and is co-chairing the Social Mobilization pillar with the Health Education Division (HED) of the MoHS.

8 Tonkolilli, Bo, Bonth, Port Loko, Pujehun, Bombali, Kenema, Moyamba, Bonthe, Western Area
114 chiefdom level meetings were organized to engage the paramount chiefs in supporting the VDCs and orienting them on the roles and responsibilities of VDCs. The meetings are held weekly to facilitate the feedback mechanisms from VDCs meetings to the paramount chiefs and to help facilitate the development of Chiefdom level social mobilization plans on Ebola to ensure key community actions are taken and community ownership is strengthened.

**CCC Decommissioning:** During the week, social mobilizers from UNICEF’s four CCC implementing partners (IPs)\(^9\) reported on visiting 956 villages and reached out to 31,095 people in Bombali, Kambia, Kono, and Tonkolili for active case finding, community surveillance, and community engagement. 437 women and youth networks and 119 traditional and religious leaders were engaged in community dialogues as focussed on key messages such as “Ebola is not gone yet”, safe and dignified burials, sustaining preventive behaviours in relation to Ebola, and preventing complacency among the communities. A total of 485 cases of sick people were referred to the CCCs, the majority being from Kambia and Kono.

Community engagement interventions have been continuing in all districts for this second phase of decommissioning. Key messages focussed on the CCC area being safe to use by communities, emphasising the increased use of PHUs, and the sharing of lifesaving messages on Ebola. A total of 127 villages, covering 6,395 people, have been engaged on the decommissioning and relocation.

**Back-to-School:** The Back-to-School social mobilisation activities continue with SM pillar partners reporting reaching 1,034 communities and 71,560 people. 336 community meetings were held for the Back-to-school campaign.

**Polio-Measles communication campaign:** The communication plan for the polio and measles campaign (5-10 June 2015) is ready for implementation. Banners, key messages, radio spots, and district level activities are being rolled out to prepare communities in regards to going to the correct distribution points, and making sure their children receive the required doses.

**Child Protection\(^{10}\)**
UNICEF child protection staff provided facilitation support to Case Management Training for Pillar members and Ministry of Social Welfare, Gender and Children’s Affairs (MSWGCA) staff from Moyamba. Two more Case Management trainings are planned for next week for the districts of Bo and Koinadugu.

**Registration:** No new data has been reported since 14 April 2015. 19,030 (9,422 boys and 9,608 girls) have been documented by MSWGCA through child protection service providers, of whom 8,619 (4,311 boys and 4,308 girls) have lost one or both parents. 742 (349 boys and 393 girls) were reported as separated and/or unaccompanied. As reported earlier, an independent body was commissioned to conduct a data verification exercise to determine the accurate caseload of EVD-affected children. The results are expected to be finalized and reviewed by the MSWGCA in the coming weeks, and during this time MSWGCA has made the decision to not report any new data in order to avoid confusion.

**Psychosocial support:** 592 children were in need of psychosocial support and 585 of them (98.8 percent) received one-on-one counselling and/or group counselling support during this reporting period. Counselling services have been provided during follow up visits for children, during and after quarantine, at the time of placement in foster care or reunification with the family.

**Observational Interim Care Centres (OICCs):** 13 OICCs are on stand-by to provide care for asymptomatic contact children (unaccompanied/without any caregivers).
OICC status reports are received on a daily basis through the RapidPro SMS Service. In the Cap Anamur Centre in Western Urban, two contact children are in quarantine as of 25 May 2015. Two children were also reunified during the period 18-24 May 2015.

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9 World Hope International (WHI), Marie Stopes Sierra Leone (MSSL), Concern International, Partners In Health (PIH)
10 UNICEF is the lead agency for the UN on child protection in the Ebola response and is co-chairing the Child Protection, Psychosocial and Gender pillar with MSWGCA
As of 25 May 2015, 551 contact children (cumulative number) have received care and support through OICCs in Sierra Leone (21 in Bo, 24 in Moyamba, 8 in Tonkolili Magburaka, 91 in Bombali, 54 in Kenema, 23 in Kono, 100 in Port Loko Town, 65 in Port Loko Lunsar, 90 in Kailahun, 58 in Western Urban and 17 in Kambia).

**Interim Care Centres (ICCs):** Eight Interim Care Centres are receiving children out of twelve that are ready to receive children upon referral. The ICCs provide care and support for Ebola-affected (non-contact) children with no caregivers, as a last resort. 119 children are staying in eight ICCs as of 25 May 2015, (one in Bo, three in Kenema, 77 in Western Rural, 26 in Western Urban, three in Tonkolili, one in Kailahun and eight in Bombali). During this reporting period 14 children were newly admitted in the ICCs and six children were reunified with their families. All children in the ICCs receive psychosocial support. 87 children have been staying in an ICC for more than six weeks and 56 children in ICCs are from Western Rural. Most of the cases of children staying longer than six weeks in ICCs are due to complex family tracing and reunification processes.

**Child Protection district coordination:** 84 cases (43 girls and 41 boys) have been reported to the protection desks during the period 18 to 24 May 2015. 57 of the cases (68 percent) were immediately referred to the appropriate service providers for assessment and follow up. During the reporting period, 398 children were provided services through the protection desk referral mechanism, 29 children were placed in alternative care, 357 children benefited from psycho-social services and 12 from other services (such as food, water and other non-relief items). Currently all 13 desks are operational, staffed by the MSWGCA and supported by UNICEF.

**Education**

Following the strategic planning workshop of the Ministry of Education, Science and Technology (MEST), held on 12 and 13 May 2015, UNICEF has been supporting the MEST to come up with key priorities for each of the eight subcommittees and to develop realistic budgets, which can be supported by partners.

UNICEF continues to monitor schools in high risk districts to provide rapid response and supports the coordination of interventions among partners and the MEST. This week, UNICEF worked closely with the District Education Offices and partners in Western Area and Port Loko, two of the high risk districts, to ensure that schools comply with the Safe School Protocols, by actively involving the ‘Back-To-School Committees’.

The positive Ebola case reported last week in Koya Town (Ward 350, Wellington, Western Urban Area) has caused concerns within the communities, where children are attending four schools in the immediate neighbourhood (with approximately 450 children enrolled this year). UNICEF immediately mobilised resources and provided basic hygiene and school preparation kits for each of the four schools and trained 23 teachers (20 male and 3 female) on the Safe School Protocols in order to ensure that children are safe while attending school. Additionally, UNICEF and the social mobilisation pillar started community mobilisation activities on ‘Back-to-School’.

The distribution of school kits (exercise books, pens, pencils, erasers, sharpeners, mathematical sets, rules and other essential items) continued last week and 90 percent of schools have now received the learning materials. UNICEF continues to conduct spot checks at school level to verify that the right quantities have been delivered.

**Supply and Logistics**

The Supply and Logistics team continued to clear emergency response supplies and equipment from the port, with a further 21 containers cleared during the week. The team also continues to support emergency programming with distributions of CCC supplies and medicines, with the urgent provision of cleaning materials to additional schools, and assisting partners by providing tents for triage protection during the rainy season. Work is ongoing on the rationalization strategy of in-country stocks of pre-positioned emergency items held in the WFP Logistics Support Unit (LSU) and Freetown UNICEF warehouses, and also in building capacity for rapid response outbreak interventions.
Human Resources
As of 26 May 2015, the total number of international staff in the country office is 72, of whom 20 are deployed in the field. Out of 161 national staff members, 68 are based in the field. The total number of staff on surge and stand-by-partner staff is 10, with six in Freetown and four in the field. These staff members, including 232 outsourced third party and government staff, continue to support the CCCs.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UNICEF Personnel in Sierra Leone</th>
<th>Freetown</th>
<th>In the field</th>
<th>Total Staff Strength</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>International Staff</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National Staff</td>
<td>93</td>
<td>68</td>
<td>161</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Staff on Surge and SBP</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outsourced third party/government staff for CCCs</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>232</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Media & External Communication
A UNICEF-organised media visit with the head of the EU delegation in Sierra Leone to see EU-funded drugs for the Free HealthCare initiative continued to receive widespread coverage, with articles in The Nationalist, Education Microscope, For Di People, New Vision and Satellite. A local press release was also issued. Interviews were also given to the state broadcaster, SLBC, and Capital Radio (Sierra Leone). Separately, the education chief also gave an interview to Radio Democracy regarding the distribution of school kits.

Last week, the UNICEF Sierra Leone Facebook page received 1,096 post likes, 260 new page likes, 33 post comments and reached 25,358 accounts. We also witnessed an additional 26 followers to our Twitter account, with 175 retweets and 46 mentions. Staff continued to support UNMEER on the yellow ribbon awareness campaign.

Funding
In line with the UN inter-agency response strategy for the Ebola Outbreak, UNICEF humanitarian action for children (HAC) is appealing for USD 178 million for Sierra Leone to support the needs of children and communities affected by the Ebola crisis until the end of June 2015. As of 26 May 2015, USD 118.9 million has been received, 67 percent of the current appeal.

UNICEF greatly appreciates the contributions that have been received to date including from DFID/UKAID, OFDA/USAID, the World Bank, the African Development Bank, the Islamic Development Bank, SIDA, the Governments of Canada, Germany, Ireland, Italy, Japan, the Netherlands, Norway, Switzerland, and the United Arab Emirates, ECHO, OCHA, and the Danish, Japan, Swedish, Swiss and UK Committees for UNICEF, as well as the US Fund for UNICEF, and the private sector.

Programme Results
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Household reached with interpersonal communication on Ebola prevention</th>
<th>886,480</th>
<th>1,429,716</th>
<th>161%</th>
<th>532,000</th>
<th>885,151</th>
<th>167%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hotspot communities reached by social mobilizers/rapid response teams within 24 hours of detection of Ebola cases in the past week</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>100% (7/7)</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>100% 7/7</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chiefdoms reporting resistance/reticence to cooperating with frontline workers in the past week</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>9% (17/182)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>9% (17/182)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ebola-related resistance/reticence incidents reported in the past week</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>19</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proportion of population surveyed who indicated discriminatory attitude towards Ebola survivors</td>
<td>&lt;3%</td>
<td>38% 1,286/3,415</td>
<td>&lt;3%</td>
<td>38% 1,286/3,415</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proportion of population surveyed who rejected alternatives to traditional burials/funerals</td>
<td>&lt;3%</td>
<td>12% 437/3,540</td>
<td>&lt;3%</td>
<td>12% 437/3,540</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Community Care Centres

| CCCs established | 58 | 46 |
| CCCs functional | 19¹³ | 17 |
| CCCs decommissioned | 39 | 29 |
| CCCs converted/transformed into Alternate Care Centres | 0 | 0 |

### WASH

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ebola community, treatment and holding centres with essential WASH services</th>
<th>94</th>
<th>69</th>
<th>72%</th>
<th>52</th>
<th>36</th>
<th>69%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CCCs provided with essential WASH services</td>
<td>58</td>
<td>58</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>46</td>
<td>46</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Ebola health centres in Ebola-affected areas provided with hand washing station and/or WASH support</td>
<td>1,162</td>
<td>1,162</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>1,162</td>
<td>1,162¹⁴</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>People benefiting from household WASH kits in Ebola-affected areas</td>
<td>420,000</td>
<td>230,830</td>
<td>55%</td>
<td>420,000</td>
<td>230,830</td>
<td>55%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### CHILD PROTECTION

| Ebola-affected children provided with minimum package of psychosocial support (PSS) services | 13,298¹⁵ | 11,241 | 84% | 13,298 | 11,241 | 84% |
| Registered children who lost one or both parents/primary caregivers due to Ebola and child survivors of Ebola who received a minimum package of support/nationally agreed package, including family tracing and reunification or placement in alternative family based care | 2,481 | 1,852 | 75% | 2,481 | 1,852 | 75% |

### HEALTH

¹² There are 149 chiefdoms in districts in Sierra Leone. However the Western Area (urban and rural) Districts do not have chiefdoms but wards. These total chiefdoms and wards add up to 182

¹³ KAP Survey, December 2014

¹⁴ According to information received 2 weeks ago, only 2 non UNICEF CCCs are currently functional

¹⁵ This was a one off activity carried out by UNICEF on behalf of the cluster

¹⁶ Target is dynamic and based on the number of cases identified.
| Health structures in Ebola-affected areas provided with Infection, Prevention and Control (IPC) supplies | | | | 1,185 | 1,195 | 101% |
| Community health workers trained in Ebola prevention and case management | | | | 6,000 | 9,715 | 162% |

**HIV/AIDS**

| HIV positive pregnant/breast feeding women receiving antiretroviral therapy (ART) for the prevention of mother-to-child transmission (PMTCT) | | | | 1,142 | 916 | 80% |
| Exposed new born provided with antiretroviral (ARV) for the prevention of mother-to-child transmission (PMTCT) | | | | 900 | 155 | 17% |
| HIV positive children under 15 continuing to receive ART | | | | 539 | 300 | 56% |

**NUTRITION**

| Ebola patients receiving nutrition support | | | | 3,200 | 2,685 | 84% |
| Children suffering from severe acute malnutrition (SAM) admitted for treatment | | | | 18,885 | 9,315 | 49% |
| Infants 0-6 months who cannot be breast fed, receiving ready to use infant formula | | | | 300 | 106 | 35% |

**EDUCATION**

| Radio stations broadcasting emergency learning programmes | | | | 41 | 41 | 100% |
| Teachers trained in providing psychosocial support (PSS) | | | | 36,000 | 18,000¹⁶ | 50% |
| Teachers trained in Ebola prevention | | | | 36,000 | 18,000 | 50% |
| Schools equipped with minimum hygiene package for Ebola prevention compliant with protocols | | | | 9,000 | 8,460¹⁷ | 94% |
| Children in school benefitting from learning kits | | | | 1,800,000 | 1,620,000 | 90% |
| Children enrolled in schools equipped with minimum hygiene package | | | | 1,800,000 | 1,692,000 | 94% |

Next Situation Report: 3 June 2015

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Who to contact for further information:

Geoff Wiffin, Representative
UNICEF Sierra Leone
Tel: +44 2033579278/9 x1001
Mobile: +232 76 101 004
Email: gwiffin@unicef.org

Sandra Lattouf, Deputy Representative
UNICEF Sierra Leone
Tel: +44 2033579278/9 x2001
Mobile: +232 76 291 023
Email: slattouf@unicef.org

John James, Communication Specialist
UNICEF Sierra Leone
Tel: +232 76 601 310
Mobile: +232 76 102 401
Email: jjames@unicef.org

¹⁶ Complete package of teachers training in PSS, EVD prevention including school protocol and guidance notes
¹⁷ This is derived from the national coverage of 94 percent observed in RapidPro Monitoring
¹⁸ UNICEF targeted at distributing 24,300 hygiene kits.
¹⁹ Derived from schools equipped with minimum hygiene package multiplied by average of 200 students per school.