**Highlights**

- UNICEF, through implementing partners, has provided humanitarian assistance in WASH, protection, nutrition, health and education to more than **61,000 children and families** in the most affected district of Piura.

- Thanks to the coordinated effort of UNICEF, Piura Regional Government and humanitarian organizations, 1,789 people, including 1,270 children and adolescents, have received socio-emotional support.

- UNICEF continues supporting the itinerant registration campaigns, conducted by the National Office of Identity and Civil Registration (RENIEC), to provide ID in Piura. In the last two weeks, 1,265 children and adolescent were registered.

- In order to provide safe water and sanitation, UNICEF has installed 76 latrines and hand washing stations to teachers and children of two schools and child-friendly spaces implemented in the shelters in Piura.

- Piura Regional Directorate of Health, with the technical cooperation of UNICEF, trained 16 health workers who will be responsible for the community mapping and surveillance of health and nutrition status of pregnant women, nursing mothers, and children who are malnourished and at health risk in the rural area and in the shelters in Piura.

**Situation in Numbers**

- **547,006 children affected**
- **1,678,446 people affected**
- **147 deaths**
- **57,270 collapsed/uninhabitable houses**
- **330,341 affected houses**
- **260 collapsed/uninhabitable schools**
- **2,768 affected schools**
- **68 collapsed/uninhabitable health facilities** (INDECI, 1 Jun 2017)

**Urgent funding needs:**

$5 million

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**UNICEF Sector/Cluster**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UNICEF</th>
<th>Cumulative results (#)</th>
<th>Cluster Target (people)</th>
<th>Cumulative results (#) (as of 2 May)</th>
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<tr>
<td><strong>WASH</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Health</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Nutrition</strong></td>
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<td>2,000</td>
<td>13,000</td>
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<td><strong>Child Protection</strong></td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td>11,228</td>
<td>92,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Gap, 4,986,235**

**Received, 2,763,765**
SITUATION OVERVIEW & HUMANITARIAN NEEDS (reporting 24 May to 6 June)

Based on figures from the National Civil Defence System (INDECI) as of June 1st, 547,006 children and adolescents have been affected or severely affected in the country as a result of the rain and flooding produced by El Niño coastal phenomenon. The total population affected is 1’678,446; around 29 per cent is located in Piura and 27 per cent in Lambayeque. It is noteworthy that the last official report of INDECI shows a significant increase in people affected and severely affected in La Libertad. This is reported to be due to a better process of identification and registration of affected people, because there have not been further rain or floods in that department. Lambayeque and Ancash are also among the most severely affected departments.

INDECI also reports that 57,270 homes are destroyed or uninhabitable nationally, and more than 330,000 homes are affected. In addition 260 schools have collapsed or are uninhabitable with a further 2,768 affected and 68 health facilities have collapsed or are uninhabitable. Even though the national Government has prioritized the rebuilding and rehabilitation of roads, schools and health facilities, this process is progressing slowly, with the assessment and identification of damage still in progress.

On the other hand, the Government has announced they are designing an integral plan to provide housing and basic services to families living in shelters. However, currently, these families don’t have yet a concrete solution, to enable them to leave the shelters and return to their normal lives.

People living in shelters are the main concern. To date, 31,288 people are living in shelters across the country, including an estimated 13,370 children. This population is distributed in 205 shelters (3,342 tents) located in eight departments, of which the vast majority, housing around 50% of the affected population, are in Piura. Water, sanitation, food, and protection are the key problems in this context. Additionally, there is a greater risk that children and women will be exposed to violence and abuse. To date, just in Piura 296 case of violence (113 in San Pablo, 76 in Santa Rosa and 107 in Tambo Grande) were reported among the people living in shelters.

Although the Government, humanitarian organizations and local NGOs are working to provide safe water, sanitation and hygiene solutions to the population in shelters, coordination and supervision need to be further strengthened to ensure the appropriate support to operations and maintenance of provisional water systems and latrines. This situation increases the risk of infectious diseases like acute diarrhea and respiratory infections. At the same time, the food provided and prepared in shelters is not appropriate for the needs of young children, pregnant women and nursing mothers.

Even though the Ministry of Health (MINS) is conducting many activities to prevent dengue and ZIKV transmission, including fumigation and communication campaigns, the population remain reluctant to allow their homes to be fumigated and follow the prevention recommendation. Health authorities in the Piura region have expressed their concern about the continued increase of probable cases of dengue.

The Ministry of Health (MINS) has reported more than 23,353 cases of dengue and 19 confirmed deaths attributable to the disease nationwide as of 29 April. Piura has the highest number of dengue cases with 8,717 probable and 1,844 confirmed. This is followed by Ica with 1,794 probable and 698 confirmed cases, La Libertad with 977 probable and 1,308 confirmed cases and Lambayeque with 658 probable and 733 confirmed cases.
PERU SITUATION REPORT

6 June 2017

INDECI considers an ‘affected’ person to be someone who has suffered a disturbance in his or her surroundings due to a natural phenomenon and who may or may not require immediate support to eliminate or reduce the impact of this disturbance to return to normal activity.

**INDECI considers a ‘severely affected’ person an affected person who has suffered harm or damage to his or her health or belongings, especially to their dwelling place and who does not have the capacity to recover his or her belongings and property and therefore receives refuge and humanitarian aid.

HUMANITARIAN LEADERSHIP AND COORDINATION

The National Government is leading the emergency response. The National Civil Defence Institute along with the Office of the Prime Minister is coordinating national efforts at central (regional) and at sub-national (local) level.

Regional governments are also conducting actions to support and meet the population needs, gradually taking on these responsibilities and requiring continuous technical support.

A summary of the actions taken by the government and UNICEF in the last week follows.

Government

- The Peruvian Government, through the Peruvian Army, continues to distribute humanitarian aid. To date about 6,717 tons of aid (supplies, tools, food) have been distributed in affected departments of the country.
- Sectorial ministries continue to provide assistance to the affected areas in Health, Education, WASH and Protection.

UNICEF

- UNICEF is leading, at national and local level (Piura), the WASH cluster and the two inter-sectoral groups of Protection and Education, which it also represents on the COEN (“Centro de Operaciones de Emergencias Nacional”). UNICEF actively participates in the inter-sectoral groups of Health, Food Security and Nutrition and Early Recovery. Periodically, key partners share information and adapt common response plans to ensure complementary actions and common methodologies.
- UNICEF is assisting the Government to ensure that the Core Commitments for Children during an emergency are upheld.

Humanitarian Strategy:

Humanitarian Strategy: The Government has mobilized resources to support the required rehabilitation and reconstruction of affected areas. Having declared a National Emergency, the Government is accepting assistance from the Humanitarian Network to complement the rebuilding effort.

UNICEF, together with its partners, has established a support strategy with two principal lines of work:

1) The implementation of urgent actions to assist affected children and families focusing on the most affected regions of Peru in the following areas:
   - **Protection:** including prevention, detection and response to violence and exploitation, psycho-emotional support and supporting the provision of identity documents;
   - **Water:** including cisterns, safe water storage, home storage and final quality surveillance;
   - **Sanitation:** including portable toilets, sanitary batteries and waste management;
Hygiene: including cleaning kits, hygiene kits and promotion of healthy practices through C4D;

Nutrition and Health: including nutritional surveillance, supplementary feeding and nutritional supplements, primary health care with a focus on pregnant women and children under 5 years old;

Education: including the re-establishment of flexible and relevant educational services and a programme on education in emergencies.

2) UNICEF is offering technical assistance and support to MIMP, MINSA, MINEDU and other relevant ministries in order to ensure humanitarian assistance reaches children, adolescents and families in affected areas. At the same time, it continues its advocacy and communication work to ensure the resources earmarked by the State reach children, who are the most vulnerable population.

Summary Analysis of Programme response (24 May – 6 June)

UNICEF is focusing its intervention in the most affected area of Piura. Contact between colleagues in Piura and Lima is constant to ensure response to needs on the ground.

WASH

- In Cura Mori and Catacaos district, 76 latrines and hand washing stations were built to provide sanitation to teachers and children of two schools and child-friendly spaces belonging to the shelters in that districts. These activities were being carried out in collaboration with COOPI and Plan International through the CERF agreement.
- In Cumbibira and Tunel VI (communities of Piura), UNICEF and Action Against Hunger are preparing the technical dossier to rehabilitate the source of water in Tunnel VI and purchase a new Generator in Cumbibira. This action is in coordination with the local governments, and will benefit 3,650 people.

PROTECTION

- In the last two weeks, 1,789 people have received socio-emotional support in Piura, of which approximately 1,270 are children and adolescents. This has been achieved in a joint effort of the Piura Regional Directorate of Education, The Municipal Defense Office for Children and Adolescent (DEMUNA), The Yachay Program, Plan International, Red Cross Peru, World Vision and UNICEF.
- National Office of Identity and Civil Registration (RENIEC), with UNICEF support, continues the itinerant registration campaigns to provide ID in Piura. In the last two weeks, 1,265 children and adolescent were registered.
- In the last two weeks, 120 children deemed as vulnerable and at risk of violence received care by DEMUNA with UNICEF support.

EDUCATION

- UNICEF and Plan International, as part of the CERF project, have developed the plan to provide temporary classrooms and after-school support in child-friendly spaces to children living in shelters in Piura.
- UNICEF and UNESCO, in coordination with the Minister of Education and Piura Regional Directorate of Education, have hired 8 specialists to track school attendance and identify vulnerable children to ensure there are no children out of school. This forms part of the Piura Emergency Response Plan in Education.
- UNICEF and UNESCO provided technical assistance to the Regional Directorate of Education to assess the current situation of temporary classrooms installed to the purpose of ensure its operation.

HEALTH & NUTRITION

- In Piura, UNICEF in a joint effort with the Piura Regional Directorate of Health, Save the Children and Action Against Hunger have organized the training of 16 health workers who will be responsible for the community mapping and surveillance of health and nutrition status of pregnant women, nursing mothers, and children who are malnourished and at health risk. These health workers are added to other 6 evaluators previously trained to the anthropometric and anemia evaluation.
- UNICEF in collaboration with Action Against Hunger carried out a mapping exercise of kitchens installed in shelters and communities affected by the emergency. 43 canteens were identified, and training and equipment will be provided by UNICEF to prepare foods for children under 5 and pregnant women.

RESOURCE MOBILIZATION

- UNICEF continues waiting for additional funding that should be received in the coming weeks within the framework of the Flash Appeal.
Communications for Development (C4D)

- UNICEF in cooperation with COOPI, Plan International and Action Against Hunger will print flipcharts and posters to implement a hygiene promotion campaign in shelters as well as rural and peri-urban areas of Villa Vicus (in Piura).

Supply and Logistics

- UNICEF continues to wait for the release clearance of 1,600 insecticide bed nets arrived in the country on May 17th, which are currently being processed by customs before distribution begins in Piura in the next weeks.

Staffing

- UNICEF is receiving support from the Rapid Response Roster, with deployments to Peru to support Emergency Coordination, WASH, Education, Child Protection and Communications activities.
- UNICEF maintains staff dedicated exclusively to support the Response at national and local level including coordination and monitoring in the field
- Currently 9 people from the UNICEF team are deployed in Piura, 4 are nationals and 5 internationals. There are specialists in different areas as Coordination, WASH, Protection, Nutrition, Communication and Health.

Media and External Communication

- A photographic exhibition called Huellas has been held at the venue of the Gian Marco concerts in Lima, 25-28 May, highlighting the situation children are facing after the floods. The campaign ended on 31 May. In addition, a third emergency bulletin (http://bit.ly/BaciasEmergencia3) promoting Gian Marco’s album #PorTiPeruHoy which raises funds for those affected by the flood, has been disseminated through social networks and a mailing.
- The National Confederation of Private Enterprise Institutions (CONFIEP) released an interview on UNICEF’s response to the emergency. Its main audience is the private sector.
- A press release on UNICEF’s health and nutrition strategy was disseminated to local media in Piura.

Security

- UNICEF Peru office continues to take preventive measures to reduce all risks associated with field visits and staff based in Piura.

Next SitRep: 20 June 2017

Who to contact for further information:

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