**Indonesia COVID-19 Response Situation Report**

**13 August – 09 September 2020**

**Highlights**

- Indonesia has the second highest number of COVID-19 cases in southeast Asia, with 196,989 COVID-19 confirmed cases and 8,130 deaths confirmed as of 08 September. Children < 18 years old make up 9.5% of cases and 1.9% of deaths.

- Physical distancing recommendations have been eased in most areas, including resumption of domestic air travel and some international flights.

- Recent revisions to national guidelines support school re-opening at both primary and secondary levels for learners across nearly half the country’s districts deemed low-to-moderate risk.

- UNICEF’s WASH and Data & Analytics teams have been supporting a national digital platform for real-time independent monitoring of handwashing, safe distancing, and mask-usage which is being scale up in 8 provinces across the country.

- UNICEF continues its support to the national website which has received 22.6 million visitors and 71.6 million page views.

- UNICEF and the MoH finalized a national survey of community perceptions regarding resumption of safe immunization services. This was launched this week by the national COVID-19 task force and the UNICEF Representative.

- An assessment of safely managed sanitation in 18 provinces noted 40% experienced disruptions to wastewater and de-sludging services, with half reporting budget cuts.

- A boat with 296 Rohingyas (185 children) disembarked in Aceh province of Indonesia, after midnight on 7 September 2020. This group added to 99 Rohingyas (56 children) disembarked in Aceh on 24 June 2020.

- UNICEF Indonesia has received 65% of its US $26.3 million request through the generous support of the Asian Development Bank, COVID-19 Solidarity Response Fund, Global Platform for Education, the Governments of Australia, Canada, Japan, New Zealand, United Kingdom and United States of America, Johnson & Johnson Foundation, Prudential Indonesia, Sumitomo Mitsui Financial Group, UN COVID-19 Response and Recovery Multi-Partner Trust Fund, Wings Group Indonesia and individual and corporate donations received via UNICEF’s Private Sector Fundraising team.

**UNICEF Response with Partners**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Total Reached*</th>
<th>Target</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Risk Communication: People reached with COVID-19 messaging on prevention and services in past month</td>
<td>200,000,000</td>
<td>200,000,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Supply and Logistics: Total health staff reached with personal protective equipment</td>
<td>199,249</td>
<td>200,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Health: Total primary health facility staff trained in COVID-19 and Infection Prevention and Control</td>
<td>36,460 COVID</td>
<td>32,072 IPC</td>
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<tr>
<td>Nutrition: Total people reached with nutrition messages</td>
<td>9,128,000</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WASH: Total people reached with critical WASH supplies</td>
<td>2,641,274</td>
<td>3,000,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Education: Total number of children supported with distance/home-based learning</td>
<td>45,600,000</td>
<td>36,400,000</td>
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<td>Child Protection: Total children without family care provided with alternative care arrangements</td>
<td>359,777</td>
<td>250,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social Protection: Total COVID-19-affected families receiving cash assistance for basic needs</td>
<td>7,863,870</td>
<td>8,200,000</td>
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*Total reached exceeds targets in some instances

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**Situation in Numbers**

- 273,523,615 # at risk of COVID-19 (total population)
- 34 (all provinces) # provinces with confirmed cases
- 1,731,634 # tests
- 196,989 # confirmed cases
- 8,130 # deaths
- 18,713 # confirmed cases in children < 18 yo
- 154 # deaths in children < 18 yo

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**COVID-19 Funding Requirement, as of September 2020**

- **$ 26.3M**
- 35% Total received 17m USD
- 65% Funding gap 9,3m USD
Situation Overview

A total of 196,989 COVID-19 cases have been confirmed in Indonesia as of August 12. With 2,452,164 conducted to date, the country’s testing rate per million population ranks low regionally – Indonesia 8,948; Thailand 10,729; Philippines 25,855; Malaysia 40,300 (Worldometer). Trends in daily cases over the past month have increased in parallel with resumption of population movement. In Jakarta, transmission has been slowly increasing with Sept 7 Rₜ =1.14 from 1.09 the previous month. Testing positivity rate has also increased from 8.9% to 14.1% over the month. While hospital-bed occupancy has increased, daily deaths have remained relatively stable over the past 2 months. UNICEF is supporting a major communication effort on importance of mask use, handwashing with soap and maintaining a safe distance in the context of this ‘new normal’.

To better understand transmission dynamics, WHO has been supporting the government in developing a protocol for a national serosurvey to assess antibody levels indicative of previous infection; similar efforts supported by US-CDC are ongoing in Bali with discussions in Jakarta also underway.

The government has recently received cross-ministerial briefings by Gavi and UNICEF around the COVAX Facility and ACT Accelerator. A country coordination mechanism is being established. Given UNICEF’s central role in procurement, an MOU with UNICEF Supply Division is being established to support Indonesia’s participation in the Advance Market Commitment mechanism.

A revised government policy on school re-opening now advocates re-opening in low and moderate risk zones. By these criteria, close to half of schools would be eligible. While data collection is still ongoing, at least 16,600 schools had reopened by the end of August and welcomed around 1.8 million children to face-to-face classes.

While the safe school protocols mandate the availability of basic WASH facilities as a minimum condition for re-opening of schools, nearly half of the schools in Indonesia still lack a combination of basic water supply, functional toilets and handwashing with soap facilities. Continuity of existing services is also critical and there’s been a reduction in the ability of sanitarians to conduct community-based sanitation mobilization and outreach due to COVID related restrictions is resulting in reduced households’ access to sanitation facilities. A safely managed sanitation assessment in 18 provinces demonstrated more than 40% of respondents reporting disruptions to wastewater and de-sludging services and over 50% reporting budget cuts by at least 25% impacting trucks and piping systems.

After 7-month in the sea, a boat with 296 Rohingyas, which include 185 children (141 girls; 44 boys)) disembarked in Aceh province of Indonesia, after midnight on 7 September 2020. This group added to 99 Rohingyas (56 children) disembarked in Aceh on 24 June 2020. UNICEF has been providing clinical mental health and psychosocial support for the first group of refugees and building the capacity of local social workers and CSOs in providing mental and psychosocial support since mid-August 2020.

Partnerships and Coordination

The UN Country Team has been working to support the Government of Indonesia’s COVID-19 response through a cross-agency coordination mechanism organized around the following six priority areas:

- **Health**: WHO leads; UNICEF Health supporting
- **Risk Communications and Community Engagement**: UNICEF Communications co-leads with IFRC
- **Logistics**: WFP leads
- **Food Security**: WFP and FAO co-lead
- **Mitigate the socioeconomic impact of the crisis**: UNDP lead; UNICEF Social Policy supporting
- **Critical multisectoral services**: government lead; UNICEF supports Nutrition, WASH, Education and Child Protection

Summary of UNICEF Strategy and Response Actions

UNICEF’s Expanded COVID-19 Response Plan outlines a range of strategies to mitigate the immediate risks and longer-term effects of COVID-19 on children. UNICEF Indonesia’s contributions to five global priority areas are outlined below.

1. **Strengthening Risk Communication and Community Engagement (RCCE)**

Strategy and Coordination: UNICEF co-leads the UN RCCE Cluster and has staff members embedded in the National Management Disaster Agency and Government’s COVID-19 Task Force, providing direct support to national authorities on all aspects of risk communications. Since March 2020, UNICEF has facilitated more than 400 daily national press briefings with 500 experts and responds to daily inquiries from international media; UNICEF continues to provide technical and content creation support for the Government’s COVID-19 website which has reached more than 23.7 million users since March 2020, with 75.6 million pageviews.

Public Awareness: UNICEF supported digital content has reached 50 million people and generated over 7 million engagements (1.6 million over this reporting period) through UNICEF’s social media platforms; 500,000 visitors (75,000 over this reporting period) via UNICEFs’ COVID-19 website; 300,000 people via UNICEF Chatbot; and 13 million people via UNICEF-generated radio PSAs. UNICEF supported video PSAs from prominent public figures, alongside work with 130 micro influencers who have reached 250,000 people.

Community engagement, including young people: Partnerships with the country’s two largest faith-based organizations and three community-based organizations have reached 4,746,634 people in 94 districts with awareness and behavioral change interventions, through mobile vehicles (“COVID-19 cars”) disseminating messages through inter-personal communication in public places and communities, installation of simple hand washing facility and community meetings. In terms of youth engagement, the digital
campaign #COVID19Diaries provides a platform for young people to share their experience during COVID-19 and mobilize others to take action through stories, photos, videos, drawings, etc. So far, the campaign has reached 52.7 million people and engaged 4.5 million on social media through over 800 submissions shared by young people. Since March 2020, 46,244 respondents have participated in 19 U-Report polls across all 34 provinces on several aspects of the impact of COVID-19. A series of biweekly online mental health sessions for young people by young people was launched in August with the Center of Indonesian Medical Students Activities (CIMSA), providing psychosocial support and practical knowledge to sustain mental well-being during COVID-19. During the first two sessions, over 2,000 people attended the online sessions, which are live-streamed and open to the public.

Advocacy: A series of online media briefings facilitated by UNICEF has brought together experts and journalists to discuss various aspects of the impact of COVID-19 on children in Indonesia. So far, seven media briefings have been held: 1. child poverty (link + press release + explainer video); 2. mental health (link); 3. immunization (link + press release); 4. education (link + press release + explainer video); 5. nutrition (link + press release + explainer video); 6. young people (link + press release); 7. Routine immunization during COVID-19. During this reporting period, the latest briefing took place following the release of a survey by the Ministry of Health (MOH) and UNICEF on community perception related to immunization services. The media push consisted in a media briefing with MOH and the Indonesian Pediatricians Association, a joint press release, an op-ed by Indonesia’s leading newspaper the Jakarta Post, a photo story and social media posts on Facebook, Twitter, Instagram and LinkedIn on safe immunization services during Covid-19.

Documentation: Stories on UNICEF’s response to COVID-19 are published regularly on UNICEF’s website and promoted on social media platforms. So far, 19 stories have been published, complemented with photographs and videos available on WeShare for use by partners, donors and national committees. Recent web stories covered several topics including mental health and education.

2. Improve IPC and provide WASH supplies

Distribution of WASH supplies is ongoing at health facilities, schools, public places and households in six provinces, reaching a total of 2,641,274 beneficiaries. Through the Indonesian Red Cross Society, 600,000 Unilever soap bars were distributed to 300,000 households reaching a total of 1.5 million beneficiaries. To operationalize sub-national protocols for WASH and Infection Prevention and Control (IPC), UNICEF supported 70 trainings for health care centers and trained 1,049 health facility staff. Orientation sessions for setting up HWWS units and ensuring good O&M were conducted for the provincial and district offices.

The hygiene behavior change coalition (HBCC) partnership between UNICEF and DFID/Unilever was formally launched on September 4th by the British Ambassador through a virtual press conference. A panel discussion discussed the scale of the problem related to hygiene and handwashing with soap in Indonesia, the need for sustained behavior change and the role that multi-stakeholder partnerships in scaling up and sustaining hygiene behavior change in the new normal phase of COVID-19 pandemic. The HBCC initiative in Indonesia includes developing a national coalition for public-private partnerships for handwashing with soap and a national hygiene behavior change training programme.

The 3M (handwashing with soap, wearing a mask and social distancing) real-time monitoring system was successfully piloted in Jakarta. Scale-up plans include 8 provinces: North Sumatra, DKI Jakarta, West/Central/East Java, South Kalimantan, South Sulawesi and Papua. Additionally, UNICEF is developing guidance material for volunteer enumerators. The data collected will offer snapshots of compliance leveraging a volunteer network of over 30,000.

As a result of high-level advocacy efforts, the Governor of Papua issued a directive calling for increased funds for WASH facilities in schools. Other UNICEF focused provinces have initiated similar advocacy efforts, with NTT province conducting its first provincial level advocacy meeting in the last month of August, to be followed by a series of district level meetings for roll-out of the protocol.

UNICEF, in partnership with WHO, conducted an orientation of the WASH in healthcare facilities assessment tool (WASH-FIT) in Papua province. The training was conducted for enumerators, provincial health officers and district health officers who are part of the assessment team to roll-out the tool in 4 districts, covering 50 Puskesmas. The data collected will be used for further advocacy for WASH improvements in healthcare facilities.

UNICEF in collaboration with GIZ and SNV supported the Ministry of Religious Affairs to develop the “WASH in Madrasah Profile 2020”, an analysis of the current WASH conditions in Madrasahs across Indonesia. The study reveals that only 27% of madrasahs have basic access to WASH facilities, with 70% having access to safe drinking water, only half of them having access to basic sex-segregated sanitation facilities and only 56% having access to basic hygiene or at least one hand washing facility with running water. The publication will be officially launched by the Ministry of Education and Culture on Global Handwashing Day on October 15th, to drive high-level advocacy for prioritization of funds for WASH improvements in madrasahs.

3. Supporting continued access to essential health and nutrition services

Health

With the financial support of the Asian Development Bank (ADB) and other partners, to date, UNICEF has procured a total of 199,249 items of critical health supplies and handed these over to the Ministry of Health (MoH) for national distribution. Additionally, key equipment such as ventilators and bedside monitors have been procured.
The Ministry of Health (MOH) and UNICEF launched a report on understanding the perceptions of parents and caregivers when seeking immunization services for their children. UNICEF supported a talk show at the National Task Force for COVID-19 (Satgas) with the MOH and the Indonesian Paediatricians Association – it was broadcast on TV along with a joint press release and an op-ed by our Representative in Indonesia’s leading newspaper, the Jakarta Post. This was accompanied by a photo series and social media posts on Facebook, Twitter, Instagram and LinkedIn highlighting safe immunization services during the Covid-19 pandemic.

A critical component of UNICEF Indonesia’s sustained immunization advocacy since the COVID-19 pandemic began has been with the media: we have had 38 media stories and 42 social media posts to date on childhood vaccination as well as coverage on the government’s COVID-19 public website, accessed by more than 22 million users.

As a result of these advocacy efforts, the Ministry of Home Affairs issued a circular letter to all provinces highlighting the importance of maintaining immunization interventions and the MOH reprogrammed part of its Gavi budget to purchase personal protective equipment for vaccinators so that immunization services can safely continue at the community level. Furthermore, Satgas, in collaboration with Indonesia’s four main telecom providers will promote routine childhood immunization services through a SMS blast next week targeting almost 200 million users. The advocacy initiatives are leading to tangible policy impact.

From July to August, UNICEF supported MoH with a series of 10 webinars on maintaining malaria services during COVID19 pandemic. Each session had hosted 1,200-1,800 participants from MOH, expert committees, researchers and malaria program managers from provinces and districts all over Indonesia. The webinars ensure that malaria elimination 2030 is kept high on the government agenda. Similarly, a series of workshops with the MOH on HIV services brought together nearly 1,000 participants across all 34 provinces.

Jointly with partners, UNICEF continues supporting a series of capacity-building exercises for immunization, HIV, MNCH, malaria, which, to date, have reached 36,6460 health care workers across 34 provinces. To further highlight the importance of continuing HIV/AIDS services, UNICEF has been providing close technical support to MoH in development of IEC materials. UNICEF has also been providing support of breastfeeding during the pandemic. Notably, a two-day national training on the implementation of the international code of marketing of breastmilk substitutes was conducted with participation of multi-stakeholders including civil society, professional organizations and journalists.

For prevention and treatment of child severe wasting, UNICEF supported the national and sub-national governments to conduct an intensive training of health workers and community frontline workers on massive screening of child wasting across eight provinces. To facilitate early detection of child wasting, UNICEF provided mid-upper arm circumference (MUAC) tape across all eight provinces and has pilot tested a ‘family-led MUAC screening’ in two provinces as a proof of concept.

UNICEF continued to provide lead technical support to the government in disseminating the ‘new normal’ national guideline to support re-opening of essential nutrition services during the pandemic. Importantly, UNICEF provided intensive support to government in implementing the guideline on safe resumption of child growth monitoring during the vitamin A supplementation month in August. Our effective technical and advocacy support, along with intensive capacity building initiatives have continued to provide more than 2 million children with access to essential nutrition services during the pandemic. In addition, UNICEF provided technical support for various nutritional assessments, including an online survey on infant and young child feeding practices which was successfully administered among over 8,000 caregivers, and a comprehensive assessment of service continuity is being rolled out across all 34 provinces. Continued efforts were made to disseminate key messages on healthy eating, hygiene and physical activity through various online and offline platforms reaching more than 9 million people nationwide.

4. Addressing Secondary Impacts (Education, Child Protection and ECD)

Education

UNICEF supported the development of a national school reopening guidelines for the new academic year which resumed on 13 July 2020. Initially only schools in the “green” districts at low COVID risk could reopen for face-to-face learning. However, recent revisions as of 7 August 2020 allow greater numbers of schools to reopen in both green and yellow districts if schools fulfil the minimum safety requirements. This would allow 49% of schools to re-open with others continuing distance learning.

UNICEF has supported the MoEC to monitor school reopening including development of systematic data collection, analysis and visualization mechanisms. Ongoing data collection indicates only 32% or around 173,000 schools from 514 districts and cities from all risk zones have initiated preparation for school reopening, applying necessary safety protocols. While data collection is still underway, at least 16,600 schools had started face-to-face teaching and learning sessions by the end of August.
To promote safe return to school and address potential COVID-related concerns regarding out-of-school children (OOSC), UNICEF is supporting the Government in conducting ‘Back-to-Learning Campaigns.’ This targets parents, school communities and local governments disseminating key information and materials on safe school re-opening (e.g. health protocols, simplified curriculum) and continued distance learning. First round of the campaign took place at the beginning of the new school year in mid-July 2020 and information related to ‘learning in new normal’ was widely disseminated across the country through various media. As an effort to identify the impact of COVID-19 on children’s education retention, UNICEF in collaboration with the Ministry of Villages is preparing implementation of a nation-wide post-COVID monitoring of school enrollment in order to identify children who have dropped out or are at risk of dropping out due to the pandemic, with a focus on disadvantaged families with school-age children in rural, remote areas.

A report on rapid assessment of home-based learning among children with disabilities has been finalized. Most of the respondents (74%) stated that it was difficult to follow the online learning. The biggest challenge is difficulties in concentrating on learning due to the environment condition, for instance because of the interference from other family members as well as due to the limited facilities and accessibility to needed materials and equipment at home. In addition, lack of access to the internet due to physical or financial reasons was highlighted as a main obstacle for children with disabilities to effectively engage in learning activities at home.

**Child Protection**

A new partnership one of the largest faith-based organization which aims to reach 1 million people with information on mental health and psychosocial support (MHPSS). In the first week of September alone, 56 psychiatrists and psychologists from 34 hospitals were mobilized for additional MHPSS.

In the last four weeks, MHPSS reached an additional 4,947-individuals (3751 children) from various activities, including 2 children with disabilities. Those who were reached include 2,057 (at least 897 female) children and adolescents who engaged and reached in two sessions on mental health. Additionally, children and families were directly engaged MHPSS services including 63 Rohingya refugees (31 children) in Aceh, 45 (at least 14 children) in South Sulawesi, 271 (186 females) adults and 59 (22 girls) in Central Java. In total, UNICEF supported programs have reached 1,095,642 (368,189 children) directly alongside indirect support through messages on mental health and psychosocial support across a range of platforms.

In addition to the identification and direct/indirect support to 6,297 childcare institutions reported previously, an additional 40 institutions were reached and registered by Ministry of Social Affairs. The identification and registration were conducted during distribution of UNICEF-supported hygiene, recreation kits and positive parenting/caregiver education materials by social workers at district levels. While updated data on children has not been analyzed, it will add to the total of 421,573 children living in or supported in those institutions, including 350,777 children living in childcare institutions without parental care.

With CSO and government partners, UNICEF continues to build the capacity for front liners. This includes 95 (69 female; 26 male) volunteers on child rights as well as on psychological first aid in earthquake-affected West Nusa Tenggara and 8 (6 female) social workers and CSO volunteers working with the Rohingya refugees on trauma informed counseling. Partners and volunteers also benefit on capacity building on child rights and advocating and handling diversions of children in conflict with the law and its applications during COVID-19 situation. These add to 2,918 people received capacity building between March to August 2020.

**Social Protection**

UNICEF is providing ongoing support to government in developing guidelines for increasing coverage and benefits of unconditional cash transfers of a poverty-focused child grant program during COVID-19. UNICEF also provided support on the design of a modified mechanism of for a locally controlled ‘village fund’ that has so far benefitted 6.5 million poor families not currently accessing national social protection programmes. Finally, UNICEF is working with the Ministry of Finance and National Bureau of Statistics with INDOMOD projections to simulate the impact of government spending on social protection through COVID-19 safety net programmes, and to identify priority programs for children for secured financing in the 2021 Annual Budget.

**5. Data Collection & Social Science Research**

UNICEF and UNDP are supporting a joint assessment of Socio-Economic Impact of COVID-19 on households in Indonesia. The study will survey 20,000 households and aims for representation at national and city levels. Detailed work is ongoing to model the impact of COVID-19 on child poverty based on existing household survey data and macroeconomic projections. In parallel, UNICEF is monitoring the situation of families through immersive qualitative research that will produce longitudinal insights into the impact of COVID-19 on families and coping mechanisms that they adopt. Through a global partnership with Google and Facebook, UNICEF has been supporting an analysis of population mobility from big data sources to understand adherence to physical distancing measures in inform national and sub-national decision-making.

**Next Situation Report:** October 14, 2020

**Further Information:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Position</th>
<th>Email</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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| Risk Communication & Community Engagement | Web stories: | Young People Take the Lead on Mental Health (28.08.2020)  
Diversity is a Source of Learning: The Story of Atika (21.08.2020)  
Back to School, Wherever Students Are (14.08.2020)  
On Top of The World (14.08.2020)  
Health centers open their doors to communities during COVID-19  
Press Releases: Remote learning; safe immunization; hygiene and behavior change; COVID-19 vaccine |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Health | Guidance documents: | Maternal and newborn health services during COVID-19  
Safe immunization guidelines  
Safe malaria guidelines |
| Training videos: | Malaria and COVID-19  
Immunization and COVID-19 |
| IEC materials: | Maternal, newborn and child health; Immunization; HIV |
| Brief: | COVID-19 and immunization |
| Stories and profiles: | Let's get childhood immunization back on track  
Safe immunization photo series  
Malaria prevention: Hope Amidst COVID-19  
Ensuring immunization continuity  
Keeping health workers safe  
Assessment of essential service disruption |
| WASH | WASH Guidance: | Disinfection and Environmental cleaning SOPs  
Handwashing with soap in public places and institutions  
Medical waste management guidance  
HWWS in schools video tutorial |
| WASH Guidance in Re-opening Protocols: | Ministry of Health: Decree Re-opening offices and industry  
Ministry of Religious Affairs: Adapting to the new normal |
| Implementation activities: | Disinfection services in NTB province  
Call to action on handwashing with soap |
| Private sector engagement: | WASH Cluster Map; WASH Cluster 4W Visualization; WASH ICO in COVID-19 Response |
| Stories and Profiles | Fighting for environmental health in Jayapura during COVID-19  
Battling Coronavirus from West to East  
Disinfection activities in progress in UNICEF provinces  
Distribution of WASH supplies in South Sulawesi |
Increasing immunity to prevent the risk of infection |
| Media: | Breastfeeding during COVID-19; UNICEF’s concerned on wasting in Indonesia;  
Impact of COVID-19 to nutrition; Animation Jingle Breastfeeding WBW 2020; Healthy Diets;  
Human Interest Stories: Maintaining-nutrition-lifeline-during-covid-19-pandemic; Keeping Anaemia at Bay |
Number of malnourished children in Indonesia could increase sharply due to covid19 |
Number of malnourished children in Indonesia could increase sharply due to covid19 |
| Tiktok for children: | Physical Activities with UNICEF |
| Child Protection | Guidance: | Guidelines for social workers during COVID-19  
Intersectoral protocols for children in need of special protection: Temporary Care; Release of children from Juvenile Detention Facilities |
| TikTok for children: | Family Pairing Feature; Safe-at-home/Safe-on-line |
| Violence prevention: | Government materials on prevention of violence against children and positive family development |
| Psychosocial support: | Instagram examples of materials for Parents, Teachers, Young People, Parenting tips video |
| Monitoring vulnerable children and families in Central Java: | Dashboard |
| Policy Brief on COVID-19 and child protection: | Brief |
| Education | Guidance: | Learning from Home during COVID-19 pandemic situation  
Learning from home guidance  
Off-line learning materials compilation  
Reopening school guideline: adjusted version |
| Monitoring: | National Monitoring school re-opening: Dashboard |
| Back to learning campaign: | New academic calendar year (Unicef Instagram); MoEC Instagram |
| Assessments: | Survey result of the effectiveness of TV program for home learning  
Survey result of the children and youth opinion on school re-opening through UI-Report |