Highlights

- Ethiopia has confirmed 194 cases as of May 8. The first case was confirmed on March 13, with the first fatality on April 5. Three of the confirmed cases are under 12 while 17 are aged between 13 and 19 years.

- With new cases reported this week from Southern Nations, Nationalities and People’s (SNNP) and Tigray regions, six regions and two cities in Ethiopia have now reported cases. The number of cases has significantly accelerated for the first time since the start of the outbreak, with double-digit numbers reported for two consecutive days.

- This week, an estimated 507,512 people were engaged in two-dimensional community conversations and door-to-door activities on COVID-19, bringing the total number of people reached since March 16 to 1,561,012.

- UNICEF and Save the Children supported the development of a Costed Distance Learning Plan by the Ministry of Education and Regional Education Bureaus. With financial support from UNICEF, five broadcasts commenced during this reporting period benefiting over 1.5 million primary school children.

Epidemiological Overview

There have been 194 confirmed cases of COVID-19 in Ethiopia since the outbreak was first reported on March 13. Six regions and two cities are now reporting cases, including the first cases in SNNP and Tigray regions. Other cases have been reported in new locations in Oromia and Afar regions. In Somali Region, all the cases reported are of people already in quarantine centers.

A total of 95 patients have recovered, four have died, and one is receiving intensive care treatment. Some 73 per cent of the cases are males and three are children aged below 12 years, with 17 aged between 13 and 19 years.

As of May 7, 28,360 COVID-19 laboratory samples had been tested and 724 people (619 international travellers and 105 returnees) placed in mandatory quarantine at designated hotels and quarantine sites across Ethiopia.

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Funding Overview

UNICEF Ethiopia had estimated its initial needs at **US$28 million that includes US$6 million for 300,000 refugees for three months** to support the government in health (largely procurement of essential supplies, including protective equipment and essential drugs but also support to the primary health care system), risk communication and community engagement, access to water, basic sanitation and hygiene and secondary impacts across sectors such as education (remote learning and preparations for a future reopening of schools), nutrition (prevention and treatment of acute malnutrition) and child protection (case management, psychosocial support and interim care/family tracing and reunifications).

In addition to the US$19 million available resources, thanks to new funding (almost US$13 million) and reprogrammed funds (almost US$7 million) from donors, UNICEF has also made available US$5.3 million of its core resources for the COVID-19 response via reprogramming across all UNICEF sectors in consultation with the government.

UNICEF’s current response plan, covering this period until August, has a 29 per cent funding gap. The Plan is currently being updated considering expected needs and will expand the relevant actions and budgets until the end of 2020.

Situation Overview

**SNNP Region identifies cases through testing in quarantine sites and house to house screening**

The first case of COVID-19 in the SNNP region was confirmed in Moyale on May 1. The patient had completed quarantine and had travelled to SNNP before the test results were available. Thanks to strengthened surveillance, the Regional Health Bureau traced the patient who is now undergoing treatment at Halaba Treatment Centre. A second patient was identified on May 2 during house-to-house screening and has no travel and contact history; she is now at a treatment center in Worabe, the capital of Siltie Zone. As of May 6, 153 people who had contact with confirmed COVID-19 cases are in isolation at designated isolation centers.

COVID-19 risk communication interventions are ongoing through mobile vans throughout SNNP. The regional authorities are actively promoting physical distancing, hand washing and use of hand sanitizers with a special emphasis on marketplaces, bus stations, overcrowded urban slum houses and rural towns. UNICEF provided technical support to the messaging. Through these efforts, the regional government has reached an estimated 2,903,670 people.

Surveillance exercises contact tracing and case investigation continue across SNNP Region. A total of 1,357,375 people were screened between April 15 - May 5, with teams conducting house-to-house visits to carry out temperature checks and collect information on travel history. Screening also continues at entry points to towns, with a total of 780,107 travellers reported to have been screened at entry points in SNNP by May 5, 2020. Moreover, triage has started at 18 hospitals to screen patients at health facilities with suspected COVID-19 symptoms.

UNICEF supported the sensitization of 30 health care workers in the SNNP Region from zonal health departments and four hospitals in Hawassa on infection prevention and control measures to prevent COVID-19 infection and spread. This sensitization exercise was conducted alongside the distribution of registration books, pulse oximeters, and coveralls.

**Tigray region identifies its first COVID-19 cases in quarantine sites after beginning to relax restrictions**

In the Tigray Region, 175 individuals were screened with no cases identified as of April 22. Subsequently, on April 23 a decision was taken to begin relaxing restrictions on intra-regional travel and allow some businesses and government institutions to reopen, with limited capacity and preventive measures in place. With the Region having reported its first cases on May 7, it is expected that restrictions will be tightened, creating challenges to accessing refugees with humanitarian assistance.

The Tigray Regional Health Bureau has received 325 coveralls from UNICEF as part of Personal Protective Equipment supplies for COVID-19 prevention. In addition, UNICEF has provided 60 pulse oximeters to the region.

**Emergency Operation Centre scaling up response to returnees, with a special focus on returnees under quarantine**

Between April 1 and May 6, Ethiopia received more than 10,674 returnee migrants from Saudi Arabia, Sudan, Djibouti, Somalia and Kenya. The returnees have been quarantined in Addis Ababa and in the regions.

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2 Source: UPDATE ON COVID-19 RESPONSE TO RETURNING MIGRANTS, 6 May 2020 (presentation to Inter-cluster Coordination Working Group by IOM)
Assessments in the quarantine sites have raised concerns about sanitation, access to safe drinking water and returnee’s vulnerability to gender-based violence, sexual exploitation, and abuse. UNICEF is working closely with the government, IOM and other partners to ensure that vulnerable children are assessed and referred to child protection services and initiatives to reduce the risk of gender-based violence and sexual exploitation and abuse are put in place. WASH supplies, including hygiene items and roto tanks have been distributed and water pipes in several quarantine sites rehabilitated.

IOM estimates that a total of approximately 190,000 returnees are expected by the end of December 2020, with an anticipated influx of between 10,000 to 33,000 monthly returns. Based on current quarantine regulations, the returnees must be quarantined for a minimum of 14 days. The table below is an approximate estimation of returnee migrants between May - December.

IOM: Estimated Returns until December 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sending Country</th>
<th>May</th>
<th>June</th>
<th>July - September</th>
<th>October - December</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kingdom of Saudi Arabia</td>
<td>3,000</td>
<td>3,000</td>
<td>22,000</td>
<td>30,000</td>
<td>58,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sudan</td>
<td>4,000</td>
<td>1,500</td>
<td>15,500</td>
<td>24,000</td>
<td>45,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Djibouti (to Dire Dawa)</td>
<td>3,000</td>
<td>3,000</td>
<td>8,500</td>
<td>7,500</td>
<td>22,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kuwait, Lebanon &amp; Yemen (to Addis Ababa)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>5700</td>
<td>13,500</td>
<td>19,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Somalia</td>
<td>1,500</td>
<td>1,500</td>
<td>5,500</td>
<td>7,500</td>
<td>16,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kenya</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>700</td>
<td>4,200</td>
<td>5,600</td>
<td>11,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Djibouti (Semera)</td>
<td>1,000</td>
<td>1,400</td>
<td>3,500</td>
<td>1,900</td>
<td>7,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sub-total</td>
<td>13,100</td>
<td>11,100</td>
<td>64,900</td>
<td>90,000</td>
<td>179,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grand total (incl 5% contingency)</td>
<td>13,755</td>
<td>11,655</td>
<td>68,145</td>
<td>94,500</td>
<td>188,055</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The wider humanitarian context remains a concern as needs grow

Humanitarian needs in Ethiopia remain significant, with COVID-19 and existing chronic vulnerabilities to drought, recent floods, desert locusts, and ongoing cholera outbreaks requiring a response. Ethiopia still has a significant population of 1.7 million internally displaced people located in 1,237 sites\(^3\) and 762,000\(^4\) refugees.

The Government and humanitarian partners are also currently dealing with flood preparedness and response activities. Close to 219,000 and 107,000 people are affected and displaced respectively due to floods in Somali, Afar, SNNP, Dire Dawa and Harari. Over 90 per cent of the flood-affected and displaced people are from the Somali Region. UNICEF is contributing to the ongoing response which is hampered by flooded roads restricting physical access. Upcoming rains are expected to be above normal in duration and spatial coverage. In May, heavy rainfall is expected in many parts of the country.

Partners continue to scale up activities to respond to COVID-19 in support of government counterparts, despite a lack of personal protective equipment (PPE). The Logistics Cluster, co-chaired by the National Disaster Risk Management Commission (NDRMC) and WFP, has been activated in Ethiopia and UNICEF is a key member. WFP has launched air services to facilitate movement of humanitarian cargo and aid personnel in Africa between main regional and international hubs on a free-to-use basis.

Preparedness and Response actions

Communication for Development

- UNICEF technical assistants have been supporting the implementation of Risk Communication and Community Engagement (RCCE) plans at national level. During this reporting period, they facilitated the health extension workers mobile application (LEAP) training with AMREF Ethiopia, provided training for 52 operators of the national COVID hotline, and prepared standardized Q&As for the operators. These exercises further sensitized personnel to COVID-19 prevention strategies, demystified myths and provided support to hotline operators that are responding to questions from the public. A Q&A was developed out of the training activities and will be distributed to reinforce information shared.

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3 DTM Rd 21 IOM, 2020
4 https://data2.unhcr.org/en/country/eth
• With UNICEF technical support, the regions have been able to conduct informed risk reduction communication campaigns using mobile vans, interpersonal communication, and local mass media outlets. For example, in SNNP Region, regional government-led exercises are estimated to have reached 9,068,659 people.

Health
• UNICEF continues to participate in national and sub national EOC coordination platforms for the COVID-19 response.
• WhatsApp and Telegram COVID-19 information centers, available to the public, were finalized and launched with UNICEF’s technical input specifically on messaging.
• UNICEF-procured COVID-19 supplies were distributed to Addis Ababa and the regions based on a distribution plan from EPHI. These supplies worth US$1.5 million included 28,800 face shields, 6,000 coverall protection PPE and 1,062 pulse oximeters. A second consignment of PPE is expected in mid-May.
• UNICEF supported the continuation of essential health services in the context of COVID-19 at national and subnational level through developing plans, protocols, risk communication and community engagement.

WASH
• The WASH and Education sections have worked with a local metalworks supplier to develop a prototype hand washing stand with foot pedals for water flow. This will be mass produced for use in public places and especially in schools. The prototype is being installed and tested at the Akaki Kaliti shelter and should be available for roll out in large quantities in the next two weeks.
• In line with joint UN response, UNICEF has dispatched hygiene items to IOM for use in the quarantine and isolation centers in Addis Ababa. The items include 150 hand sanitizers, 5,200 bars of soap, 6,000 buckets, 115 hand washing containers with taps, 13 sprayers, and 33 disinfection kits.
• In Oromia, UNICEF continues to play its role in coordination as well as providing technical and logistic support to the Regional Government and partners through field support officers. For instance, UNICEF provided technical support to the preparation of disinfectant solutions necessary for Moyale town street disinfection.
• In SNNP, 74,993 people were reached with critical WASH supplies and services, including hygiene items such as soap and jerry cans.
• In Tigray, WASH supplies for water storage and treatment, hygiene and sanitation are being prepared for distribution. These supplies, to benefit households and health facilities, will include 17,383 plastic buckets, 38,056 laundry soaps and 29 water tanks.

Child Protection
• With UNICEF support, 210 children (173 boys and 37 girls) that were in three Addis Ababa quarantine centers were reunified with their families between April 30 and May 5. Social workers recruited with UNICEF support undertook the family tracing process and accompanied children to their families for reunification. Plans are underway to reunify 146 children (52 boys and 94 girls) currently staying in Addis Ababa University, Sidist Killo campus. Seven UNICEF supported social workers will participate in the reunification process.
• Some 67 children (34 boys and 33 girls) in Danwale and Gilile quarantine centers in Somali Region were reunified with their families. Social workers recruited with UNICEF support are supporting family tracing and reunification of children with their families. UNICEF also supported the social workers accompanying children to their families.
• In the Somali Region, 60 migrant children (18 boys and 42 girls) who were returned from Djibouti were registered and profiled in Danwale and Gilile quarantine centers. Similarly, 199 children (124 boys and 75 girls) that returned from Somaliland/ Puntland were registered and profiled in Jigjiga University quarantine center.
• In Gambella, UNICEF and International Medical Corps negotiated with the Regional Health Bureau to provide self-care materials to the social workers.
• In Amhara, 38 children (33 boys and 5 girls) that were living and working on the street in Bahir Dar were reunified with their families. Social workers and community service workers deployed through UNICEF support, undertook the reunification by tracing and identifying families of the children in different zones in collaboration with the Bureau of Women and Children and Youth Affairs (BoWCYA) and Save the Children.
• In Oromia, UNICEF provided awareness on child protection and the impact of COVID-19 on children’s vulnerability in several IDP sites. Some 1,177 people (566 males and 611 females) were targeted in IDP sites in Babile Woreda in East Hararghe Zone.
• In SNNP, 252 social workers received materials for self-care and behavior change messages on COVID-19. Similarly, to date 1,180 children, parents and primary caregivers have received community-based mental health and psychosocial support.
Nutrition

- Radio and TV scripts, posters and leaflets to promote safe child feeding and healthy diets in the context of the risks posed by COVID-19 have been developed by UNICEF, endorsed by the Ministry of Health, and translated into six local languages.
- The Ministry of Health has endorsed key messages for posters and leaflets on safe infant, young child feeding practices, the management of acute malnutrition and adult nutrition in the context of COVID-19 risks. These messages are currently being translated into local languages and are poised for wider dissemination.
- Training for remote monitoring through End User Monitoring (EUM) started on May 6 and is due to be completed by May 13. This will equip staff to appropriately trace and assess the usefulness of nutrition supplies and messages nationally.

Education

- UNICEF and Save the Children supported the development of a Costed Distance Learning Plan by the Ministry of Education and Regional Education Bureaus. Five broadcasts began running this week with financial support from UNICEF and will benefit over 1.5 million primary school children (799,089 boys, and 756,419 girls) in this initial phase. Overall, the plan aims to reach over 7 million children nationwide, with UNICEF support, through radio and TV learning.
- Amhara, Benishangul-Gumuz and Dire Dawa Education Bureaus are now broadcasting radio programs for primary aged children with UNICEF support.
- In Amhara, three FM radio stations are broadcasting lessons for grades 1-6 for two hours a day for five days. Negotiations with FM radio stations reduced the cost for broadcasting by less than 50 per cent for three stations.
- Addis Ababa Education Authority has started broadcasting education material with UNICEF’s financial contribution, using TV, radio, telegram, and YouTube targeting over 200,000 primary and secondary school-aged children in the initial phase. The TV broadcasts by Addis Ababa also have a wider coverage across the country and includes motivation mechanisms for learners who are watching to respond to questions using SMS and get a reward.
- In Gambella, trial broadcasting for radio education started this week and the radio schedule has been developed with support from UNICEF. The purpose of this trial (using existing content) is primarily to check the geographic coverage of the radio transmission and to sensitize the parents and communities to home-based distance education through radio. The Gambella Regional Education Bureau has posted announcements for teachers, school directors and woreda education personnel to listen in and check the geographic coverage of the broadcasts in local languages.
- Save the Children and UNICEF have developed a new partnership with a prominent satellite operator SES and the Ministry of Education to broadcast educational content on nine satellite TV channels. SES will provide the channels as an in-kind contribution worth approximately US$1 million. UNICEF and Save the Children will cover the playback costs until the end of the year.

Social protection

- UNICEF has secured an agreement from Swedish International Development Cooperation Agency (SIDA) to redirect resources to provide top-up cash transfers for three months to more than 10,600 pregnant and lactating women, in addition to the estimated 34,000 vulnerable households already enrolled for permanent direct support under the urban safety net (UPSNP) programme in Addis Ababa. This support is coordinated with the Urban Job Creation and Food Security Agency and Ministry of Labour and Social Affairs (MoLSA) which is in charge of implementing the UPSNP.

Communication, Advocacy and Partnerships

- UNICEF Ethiopia continues to produce content under three broad categories: general prevention messages targeting the general public, specific messages highlighting UNICEF’s response and acknowledging the leadership of the government, the support of donors, and the collaboration of implementing partners, and human interest stories of service providers in the frontline of the response and service recipients, including children.
- Between 16 March - 30 April, 10 million people had been reached and potentially more than 14 million impressions with paid ads costing US$2,800. UNICEF Ethiopia Facebook has been recognized as a trusted source of COVID-19 information in Ethiopia.
- UNICEF Ethiopia advocacy and communication efforts for the past week focused on continuity of health services for mothers and children and parenting during COVID-19 and achieved 839,000 impressions and engaged nearly 20,000 people on social media.
- The UNICEF Representative was the guest speaker at an online meeting of the Foreign Correspondents Association of Ethiopia. She spoke about the impact of COVID-19 on children, highlighting three areas of concern to UNICEF: children missing out on vital health services such as immunization, children missing out on education, and the rising admission of children with severe acute malnutrition. She also spoke about UNICEF’s support to the government to mitigate the impact on children.
Challenges

- Shortage of Personal Protective Equipment for frontline health workers and volunteers to support the continuity of routine maternal, neonatal and child health care services, and for social workers and other child protection front line workers.
- Increased risk of other disease outbreaks, including cholera, and health care workers who are ill-equipped and unwilling to assist because of the lack of personal protective equipment.

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  - Email: tclark@unicef.org
### Annex A

**Summary of Programme Results**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sector</th>
<th>UNICEF and IPs</th>
<th>Cluster/Sector Response</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Overall needs</td>
<td>2020 Target</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Risk Communication and Community Engagement including social science</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Health</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td># of people trained/oriented to sensitize the community on COVID-19 prevention and control measures</td>
<td>5,000</td>
<td>165</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of people reached on COVID-19 through messaging on prevention and access to services۵</td>
<td>30,000,000</td>
<td>3,878,192</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>C4D</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of people engaged on COVID-19 through RCCE actions۶</td>
<td>2,500,000</td>
<td>1,561,012</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Communication, Advocacy and Partnerships</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of people reached on COVID-19 through messaging on prevention and access to services, with a focus on social media engagement.</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td>12,618,923</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Infection Prevention and Control</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Health</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of healthcare facilities staff and community health workers provided with Personal Protective Equipment</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>6,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>WASH</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of people reached with critical WASH supplies (including hygiene items) and services⁹</td>
<td>1,584,113</td>
<td>1,602,750</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of people with access to basic sanitation services</td>
<td>500,000</td>
<td>20,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of health care facilities with improved sanitation¹⁰</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Prevent and address the secondary impact of the outbreak- minimize the human consequences of the outbreak</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Health</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of healthcare facility staff and community health workers trained in Infection Prevention and Control</td>
<td>550</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Education</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of pre-primary and primary schools equipped with handwashing and school cleaning supplies</td>
<td>439</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of children supported with distance/home-based learning¹¹</td>
<td>6,737,975</td>
<td>1,555,508</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of schools implementing safe school protocols¹²</td>
<td>439</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

⁵ This one directional communication that includes the Ethio-telecom initiative that replaces ringtones with COVID-19 prevention messages and broadcast of COVID-19 prevention and control messages through local media channels (TVs, Radio)

⁶ These refer to two-dimensional communication activities

⁷ Reach: On Facebook - 839,000 impressions; Twitter - 87,900 impressions; (1-7 May 2020)

⁸ Engagement: Facebook 18,476 engaged Twitter - 1054 engagements (1-7 May 2020)

⁹ Includes urban safety net beneficiaries with access to hygiene assets (soap, IEC materials etc) managed by the SPESI programme, funded by WASH

¹⁰ This target was revised from 1000 to 100 on May 7, 2020

¹¹ Estimate based on % in each region

¹² This result will be postponed until, schools are reopened.
Child Protection

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th># of social workers supported with materials for self-care and messages on lifesaving / behaviour change messages on COVID-19</th>
<th># of child protection cases reported and referred (by type of service)</th>
<th>Number of children without parental or family care provided with appropriate alternative care arrangements</th>
<th>Number of children, parents and primary caregivers provided with community based mental health and psychosocial support</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>375</td>
<td>1,300</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>3,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>19</td>
<td>1,093</td>
<td>509</td>
<td>5,342</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>125</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>1,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1613</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Nutrition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Number of primary caregivers of children aged 0-23 months and 24-59 months who received IYCF counselling through facilities and community platforms.</th>
<th>Number of number children 6 to 59 months affected by SAM admitted for treatment16.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>39,000</td>
<td>39,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2,340</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Social Policy Evidence and Social Inclusion (SPESI)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Socio-Economic Impact of COVID-19 with focus on children and women developed (y/n)</th>
<th>Number of social safety net beneficiaries reached with supplementary support to mitigate the effects of COVID17.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>584,113</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Annex 2: Funding Status

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sector</th>
<th>Requirements</th>
<th>Funds available</th>
<th>Funding Gap</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Received Current Year</td>
<td>Reprogrammed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nutrition</td>
<td>2,269,000</td>
<td>572,302</td>
<td>2,525,352</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health</td>
<td>8,683,649</td>
<td>5,143,068</td>
<td>1,242,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wash</td>
<td>8,435,500</td>
<td>2,886,821</td>
<td>686,957</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Child Protection</td>
<td>1,692,985</td>
<td>572,302</td>
<td>1,032,523</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Education</td>
<td>4,402,126</td>
<td>1,062,984</td>
<td>728,945</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C4D</td>
<td>2,181,656</td>
<td>1,508,120</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPESI</td>
<td>340,000</td>
<td>738,822</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAP</td>
<td>30,000</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>30,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PE</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1,160,683</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>28,034,916</td>
<td>12,906,281</td>
<td>6,954,599</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

13 In this reporting period, two social workers in Gambella region were oriented with COVID 19 customized tools, provided with PPE and linked with the isolation center to provide PSS and other services to affected children.
14 In this reporting period, 335 children, 20 in SNNPR, 38 in Amhara and 210 in Addis Ababa and 67 in Somali regions received reunification and alternative care support.
15 In this reporting period 641 children and parents/care givers (493 in Amhara, 148 in SNNPR) were reached through MHPSS messages.
16 The results for the treatment of SAM children in the context of COVID-19, will be delayed, until June 2020 due to the reporting timetable.
17 This result is captured under WASH but is represented here to illustrate the total number of social safety net beneficiaries reached. The support provided included access to hygiene assets (soap, IEC materials etc).