Yemen

Almost two years of conflict in Yemen have left 18.8 million people – some 70 per cent of the population – in need of humanitarian assistance. After the United Nations-backed peace talks were suspended in August 2016, airstrikes and hostilities intensified and civilians are paying the price. Close to 4,000 civilians have died as a direct result of the conflict, including 1,332 children. At least 14.5 million people lack access to safe water and sanitation and 14.8 million have limited or no access to health services, compounding a cholera crisis that has put 7.6 million people at risk. The nutrition situation has deteriorated, with 3.3 million children and pregnant or lactating women suffering from acute malnutrition and more than 460,000 children under 5 suffering from severe acute malnutrition (SAM). The near collapse of national services has left an estimated 2 million children out of school. Almost 2.2 million internally displaced persons, nearly half of them children, as well as 1 million returnees and many host communities are also in need of assistance. Ongoing conflict and the deteriorating economic situation have put essential public services such as health on the verge of collapse, leaving children and women at even higher risk.

Humanitarian strategy

Life-saving health, nutrition, WASH, education, child protection and social protection services will be delivered to 9.8 million people, including 6.9 million girls and boys. In coordination with the Humanitarian Country Team, UNICEF leads the water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH), education and nutrition clusters and the child protection sub-cluster and is an active member of the health cluster. UNICEF will promote integrated activities; scale up nutrition services; focus on increased procurement of vaccines, outbreak response and newborn and obstetric care; and strengthen national systems and institutions, particularly the nearly collapsing health system, including by providing essential supplies and covering basic operational costs. Cholera prevention and response activities will continue to be implemented. Malnutrition prevention and treatment will be expanded, 1.2 million mothers and caregivers will receive infant and young child feeding counselling and 4.5 million children will receive micronutrient supplements. UNICEF plans to support the operation, maintenance and rehabilitation of water systems to reach 4 million people. Some 1.8 million children will gain sustained access to education through the rehabilitation of schools, establishment of temporary learning spaces and distribution of school materials. UNICEF will also scale up psychosocial services to prevent long-term harm linked to exposure to violence and expand the Monitoring and Reporting Mechanism (MRM). The humanitarian cash transfer programme will cover 17,500 vulnerable families.

Results from 2016

As of 31 October 2016, UNICEF had received US$137.9 million against the US$180 million appeal (77 per cent funded). UNICEF provided health and nutrition services to health facilities in hard-to-reach locations through mobile teams, outreach campaigns and community volunteers. Some 4.8 million children were vaccinated against polio and nearly 182,000 were treated for SAM. Nearly 3 million people gained access to water through the construction, rehabilitation and operation of systems; while over 1.4 million people benefited from improved sewage and solid waste management. Hygiene kits reached 340,000 people. By building local capacity, MRN coverage was expanded to reach 1.2 million children and 2,662 children affected by the conflict were identified and referred to child protection services. Mine risk education was provided to 887,000 children and an action plan was signed with the Ministry of Education. The cash transfer programme was extended – surpassing initial targets – and now also reaches conflict-affected families in Taiz enclave. The cash programme emphasizes empowering mothers/female caretakers and includes a grievance mechanism to maintain quality and accountability. Following the cholera outbreak in October, a multi-sector response plan was implemented. Results for children in 2016 were achieved despite funding gaps, an extremely complex working environment, access constraints into and within the country, non-availability of supplies locally and low supply of local currency, among other challenges.

2017 programme targets

Nutrition
• 323,000 children under 5 affected by SAM admitted for treatment
• 4,528,000 children under 5 received micronutrient interventions

Health
• 5,342,000 children under 5 vaccinated against polio
• 1,071 million children under 5 received primary health care

WASH
• 4,068,000 affected people accessed safe water supply
• 654,000 affected people accessed basic standard hygiene kits

Child protection
• 571,000 children benefited from psychosocial support
• 1,347,000 people reached with information on protecting themselves from mines/unexploded ordnance/explosive remnants of war

Education
• 417,000 provided with access to education via temporary learning spaces, school rehabilitation and capitation grants
• 560,000 conflict-affected children received school supplies

Social protection
• 105,000 affected and extremely vulnerable people provided with humanitarian cash transfers
NUTRITION

Children under 5 treated for SAM

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cluster 2016 target</th>
<th>Cluster total results</th>
<th>UNICEF 2016 target</th>
<th>UNICEF total results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>178,562</td>
<td>181,673</td>
<td>178,562</td>
<td>181,673</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Pregnant or lactating women benefited from infant and young child feeding counselling

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cluster 2016 target</th>
<th>Cluster total results</th>
<th>UNICEF 2016 target</th>
<th>UNICEF total results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>313,119</td>
<td>342,324</td>
<td>313,119</td>
<td>342,324</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Children under 5 given micronutrient interventions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cluster 2016 target</th>
<th>Cluster total results</th>
<th>UNICEF 2016 target</th>
<th>UNICEF total results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>276,000</td>
<td>4,023,003</td>
<td>4,000,000</td>
<td>4,023,003</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

HEALTH

Children under 1 vaccinated against measles (MCV1)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cluster 2016 target</th>
<th>Cluster total results</th>
<th>UNICEF 2016 target</th>
<th>UNICEF total results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>770,000</td>
<td></td>
<td>420,380</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Children under 5 vaccinated against polio

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cluster 2016 target</th>
<th>Cluster total results</th>
<th>UNICEF 2016 target</th>
<th>UNICEF total results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5,039,936</td>
<td></td>
<td>4,853,083</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Children under 5 receiving primary health care

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cluster 2016 target</th>
<th>Cluster total results</th>
<th>UNICEF 2016 target</th>
<th>UNICEF total results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>815,000</td>
<td></td>
<td>746,754</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Pregnant or lactating women receiving primary health care

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cluster 2016 target</th>
<th>Cluster total results</th>
<th>UNICEF 2016 target</th>
<th>UNICEF total results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>680,000</td>
<td></td>
<td>281,031</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

WATER, SANITATION AND HYGIENE

Affected population (men, women, boys and girls) provided with improved water sources and environmental sanitation services by developing, rehabilitating and maintaining public and community infrastructures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cluster 2016 target</th>
<th>Cluster total results</th>
<th>UNICEF 2016 target</th>
<th>UNICEF total results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6,384,984</td>
<td>5,062,569</td>
<td>5,186,000</td>
<td>4,324,673</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Affected people with access to safe water as per agreed standards (7.5–15 litres per person per day)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cluster 2016 target</th>
<th>Cluster total results</th>
<th>UNICEF 2016 target</th>
<th>UNICEF total results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>682,332</td>
<td>1,061,303</td>
<td>100,000</td>
<td>129,159</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Affected people provided with standard basic hygiene kits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cluster 2016 target</th>
<th>Cluster total results</th>
<th>UNICEF 2016 target</th>
<th>UNICEF total results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1,382,461</td>
<td>528,671</td>
<td>500,000</td>
<td>339,642</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CHILD PROTECTION

Children in conflict-affected areas covered by MRM interventions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cluster 2016 target</th>
<th>Cluster total results</th>
<th>UNICEF 2016 target</th>
<th>UNICEF total results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1,372,933</td>
<td>1,161,735</td>
<td>1,372,933</td>
<td>1,161,735</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Children in conflict-affected areas receiving psychosocial support

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cluster 2016 target</th>
<th>Cluster total results</th>
<th>UNICEF 2016 target</th>
<th>UNICEF total results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>399,594</td>
<td>451,210</td>
<td>279,716</td>
<td>393,913</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Children and community members receiving knowledge to protect themselves against injury/death of mine/unexploded ordnance explosion

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cluster 2016 target</th>
<th>Cluster total results</th>
<th>UNICEF 2016 target</th>
<th>UNICEF total results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>502,158</td>
<td>910,817</td>
<td>351,511</td>
<td>887,280</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

EDUCATION

Affected school-aged children provided with access to education via temporary learning spaces and school rehabilitation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cluster 2016 target</th>
<th>Cluster total results</th>
<th>UNICEF 2016 target</th>
<th>UNICEF total results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>244,500</td>
<td>134,733</td>
<td>156,000</td>
<td>110,929</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Affected children receiving psychosocial support services in schools

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cluster 2016 target</th>
<th>Cluster total results</th>
<th>UNICEF 2016 target</th>
<th>UNICEF total results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>575,500</td>
<td>257,214</td>
<td>173,000</td>
<td>245,022</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Affected children with access to basic learning supplies, books and classroom furniture to be integrated into education system

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cluster 2016 target</th>
<th>Cluster total results</th>
<th>UNICEF 2016 target</th>
<th>UNICEF total results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>522,710</td>
<td>333,081</td>
<td>360,000</td>
<td>316,437</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SOCIAL PROTECTION

Vulnerable individuals reached with humanitarian cash transfer

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cluster 2016 target</th>
<th>Cluster total results</th>
<th>UNICEF 2016 target</th>
<th>UNICEF total results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>34,285</td>
<td></td>
<td>83,880</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

COMMUNICATION FOR DEVELOPMENT

Affected people reached through integrated Communication for Development efforts

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cluster 2016 target</th>
<th>Cluster total results</th>
<th>UNICEF 2016 target</th>
<th>UNICEF total results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1,200,000</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,032,103</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Results are through 31 October 2016 unless noted.

(i) Figures correspond to UNICEF total SAM targets and results.

(ii) The estimate for the number of pregnant or lactating women who benefited from infant and young child feeding counselling is based on the total number of pregnant or lactating women (8 per cent of population). The estimate for the number of children under 5 given micronutrient interventions is based on the total number of children aged 6 to 59 months.

(iii) UNICEF’s target for this indicator is 4 million children under 5, as micronutrient interventions supported by UNICEF include vitamin A supplementation and micronutrient sprinkles supplementation. The nutrition cluster target does not include vitamin A supplementation and will consider only the micronutrient sprinkles supplementation target: 469,081 children under 5.

(iv) The cumulative catchment number of people accessing safe drinking water through rehabilitation/repair of the existing urban water supply systems with established operations/maintenance routines, rehabilitation of rural and urban water and sewage systems infrastructure including supply of equipment, spare parts, fuel, chemicals for treatment and other operation and maintenance costs, and the cumulative catchment number of people benefiting from support to solid waste management services with supply of equipment, spare parts, fuel and other operational costs.

(v) UNICEF and child protection sub-cluster targets are based on the access and capacity of partners, which at the time of the exercise (October 2015) were ranked low as a reflection of the situation.

(vi) UNICEF target for 2016 is markedly low compared with 2015 since this activity moved from being under the non-food item/shelter cluster to being under the protection cluster. Associated with this change in clusters was a change in the limits of funds that could be appealed for, and thus a change in the target.
Funding requirements

In line with the inter-agency Humanitarian Response Plan, UNICEF is requesting US$235,248,126 to meet the humanitarian needs of the most vulnerable children in Yemen in 2017. Without additional funding at such a critical time, when 7 out of 10 people are in need of humanitarian assistance, UNICEF and its partners will be unable to contribute to meeting the needs of the most-affected children and families, not only suffering the consequences of conflict but also the major risk of the potential collapse of public services. Funding requirements include activities under the cholera response plan. The specific cluster coordination requirements are embedded in each of the sectors.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sector</th>
<th>2017 requirements (US$)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nutrition</td>
<td>83,557,762</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health</td>
<td>62,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water, sanitation and hygiene</td>
<td>30,300,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Child protection</td>
<td>19,485,658</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Education</td>
<td>31,904,706</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social protection</td>
<td>8,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>235,248,126</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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2 Ibid.
6 World Health Organization, November 2016.
8 Ibid.
10 Figure corresponds to UNICEF total SAM target for 2017.
11 Available funds included funding received against the current appeal of US$78.2 million and US$59.7 million carried forward from the previous year.
12 This includes 23,000 people reached through cholera response and prevention activities.
13 At the time of writing, the Yemen Humanitarian Response Plan was under development; targets and funding requirements may be revised accordingly. UNICEF Humanitarian Action for Children funding requirements are in accordance with its proportion of the Humanitarian Response Plan.

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