Chad

In 2017, 4.7 million people are in need of humanitarian assistance, including 2.7 million children. Food insecurity continues to affect 4.3 million people, with more than half a million children suffering from global acute malnutrition (GAM) (11.9 per cent) and 228,240 children suffering from severe acute malnutrition (SAM) (2.6 per cent). Conflicts are uprooting many, with more than half a million people displaced in the Central African Republic, the Lake Chad basin and Sudan in 2017, including 405,000 refugees, 104,000 internally displaced persons and 87,000 Chadian returnees. Both the displaced populations and their host communities require humanitarian assistance, including health, nutrition, education, water, sanitation and protection services. Epidemics outbreaks, particularly measles cholera and Hepatitis E, were reported in parts of the country given the fragility and limited coverage of the health system. While a growing number of humanitarian actors are present in the Lac region, Chad’s emergency needs remain critically underfunded with the Humanitarian Response Plan (HRP) funded at only 29.8 per cent. In addition, the country’s difficult financial situation has impaired the Government’s capacity to provide basic services and participate in early recovery.

Humanitarian strategy

In line with Chad’s 2017-2019 HRP strategic objectives, nutrition interventions are targeting over 200,000 children (under 5) suffering from SAM. Community-based infant and young child feeding are being implemented in the Lac region, while populations affected by emergencies are accessing improved access to water, sanitation and emergency health services. Using a cross-sector approach, UNICEF is focusing on provision of multi-sectoral package for children including promotion of early recovery activities, as well as the strengthening of community-based support for children’s rights. UNICEF continues to provide learning materials and access to education; psychosocial support for refugees, internally displaced persons and returnee children; identification and care for unaccompanied and separated children; family reunification services; and mine-risk education. UNICEF is leading the nutrition, education and water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH) clusters, and child protection sub-cluster, at national and sub-national levels. UNICEF’s efforts to bridge humanitarian and development programming remain paramount, including through support to the Government’s emergency preparedness capacity, and building community and institutional resilience.

Results from 2017

As of 31 August 2017, UNICEF had received about US$24.6 million against the US$57.8 million appeal (42 per cent funded, mostly for the Sahel and the Lake crises). By 31 August, 125,250 children received SAM treatment 2017UNICEF provided 80,500 people in conflict-affected areas with a full package of water and sanitation interventions. More than 22,700 displaced and host community children received quality education and 107,500 children received school supplies in crisis-affected areas. 81,000 attended school with teachers trained in psychosocial support. 1,018 unaccompanied and separated children were identified and put into alternative care, including children released from armed groups and supported through a specialized transit center in the Lake region. More than 11,300 children affected by Nigeria and CAR crises also benefited from psychosocial support. UNICEF continued to reinforce and expand access to health services through a hybrid system of six mobile clinics and paired health centers in the Lake region. Due to funding constraints, some urgent needs remained uncovered, including for WASH, community-based interventions, non-food items and shelter. Only 7.6 per cent (of planned 33,000) people were provided life-saving WASH and nutrition supply package and 5.9 per cent (of planned 20,900) received NFIs and shelter kits.

2017 programme targets

Nutrition
- 200,294 children aged 6 to 59 months affected by SAM admitted for treatment

Health
- 377,324 children aged 6 months to 14 years vaccinated against measles

WASH
- 268,000 people have access to potable water and basic sanitation
- 33,000 children and their families affected by SAM receiving a life-saving package of WASH services

Child protection
- 13,166 girls and boys reached with psychosocial support through child-friendly/safe spaces
- 1,523 unaccompanied/separated children have access to alternative care arrangements

Education
- 50,710 school-aged children have new access to education
- 107,469 children aged 6 to 11 years affected by the crises benefiting from a teacher trained in psychosocial support
- 165,990 children aged 3 to 17 years received school supplies

HIV and AIDS
- 55,000 pregnant women have access to HIV and AIDS screening services and prevention of mother-to-child transmission services

Non-food Items
- 107,469 children aged 6 to 11 years affected by the crises benefiting from a teacher trained in psychosocial support
- 165,990 children aged 3 to 17 years received school supplies

2017 programme targets
Who to contact for further information:

Philippe Barragne-Bigot
Representative - Chad
Tel: +235 66296060
Email: pbarragnebigot@unicef.org

Grant Leaity
Deputy Director, Office of Emergency Programmes (EMOPS)
Tel: +1 212 326 7150
Email: gleaity@unicef.org

Sanjay Wijesekera
Director a.i., Public Partnership Division (PPD)
Tel: +1 212 326 7308
Email: swijesekera@unicef.org

www.unicef.org/appeals/chad

*N Funds available include funds received in 2017 as of 31 July, and funds carried forward from the previous year.

Cluster 2017 target | Cluster total results | UNICEF 2017 target | UNICEF total results
--- | --- | --- | ---

**NUTRITION**
Children under 5 with SAM admitted for therapeutic care

Cluster 2017: 200,294
Cluster total: 125,251
UNICEF 2017: 200,294
UNICEF total: 125,251

**HEALTH**
Children in humanitarian situations aged 6 months to 14 years vaccinated against measles

Cluster 2017: 111,008
Cluster total: 20,794
UNICEF 2017: 33,000
UNICEF total: 2,514

**WATER, SANITATION AND HYGIENE**
Children and families affected by severe acute malnutrition (SAM) that received a lifesaving package of WASH and nutrition supplies

Cluster 2017: 594,523
Cluster total: 184,219
UNICEF 2017: 268,000
UNICEF total: 80,494

Conflict-affected people that have access to potable water and basic sanitation facilities and reached with messages about appropriate hygiene practices

Cluster 2017: 33,000
Cluster total: 2,514
UNICEF 2017: 80,494
UNICEF total: 2,514

**CHILD PROTECTION**
Unaccompanied and separated children who accessed alternative care, family tracing and reunification services

Cluster 2017: 2,780
Cluster total: 1,087
UNICEF 2017: 1,523
UNICEF total: 1,018

Displaced children with access to psychosocial support, including in child friendly spaces

Cluster 2017: 26,411
Cluster total: 11,308
UNICEF 2017: 13,166
UNICEF total: 11,308

Unaccompanied Children reunified with families

Cluster 2017: 270
Cluster total: 124
UNICEF 2017: 234
UNICEF total: 234

**EDUCATION**
Out of school boys and girls (3 to 17 years) affected by crises accessing education

Cluster 2017: 120,000
Cluster total: 22,777
UNICEF 2017: 107,469
UNICEF total: 22,777

Boys and girls (3 to 17 years) affected by crisis attending education in a classroom where the teacher has been trained in psychosocial support

Cluster 2017: 120,000
Cluster total: 80,962
UNICEF 2017: 80,962
UNICEF total: 80,962

School aged boys and girls (3 to 17) affected by crisis receiving learning supplies

Cluster 2017: 312,000
Cluster total: 109,366
UNICEF 2017: 165,990
UNICEF total: 107,469

**HIV AND AIDS**
Pregnant women who have access to HIV and AIDS screening services and prevention of mother-to-child transmission services

Cluster 2017: 55,000
Cluster total: 8,432
UNICEF 2017: 8,432
UNICEF total: 8,432

**NON-FOOD ITEMS AND SHELTER**
Internally displaced persons who received non-food items and shelter kits

Cluster 2017: 88,400
Cluster total: 2,892
UNICEF 2017: 20,900
UNICEF total: 1,248

Results are through 31 August 2017

Funding requirements
In line with the country’s inter-agency 2017 HRP, UNICEF is requesting US$57,803,964 to meet the multiple humanitarian needs of children in Chad. Without this funding, UNICEF will be unable to support the national response to the country’s continuing nutrition crisis as well as critical basic services such as child protection, education, health and access to water and sanitation to the displaced people from the Central African Republic, Nigeria and Chad’s Lac region. Supplies and operational preparedness for recurring epidemics and flooding are also urgently needed.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appeal Sector</th>
<th>Original 2017 HAC Requirement</th>
<th>Revised 2017 Requirement</th>
<th>Funds available *</th>
<th>Funding Gap</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nutrition</td>
<td>23,149,679</td>
<td>23,149,679</td>
<td>13,567,391</td>
<td>9,582,288</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health and HIV/AIDS</td>
<td>10,460,000</td>
<td>10,460,000</td>
<td>1,477,112</td>
<td>8,982,888</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water, sanitation and hygiene</td>
<td>6,762,256</td>
<td>7,033,798</td>
<td>2,583,701</td>
<td>4,450,097</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Child protection</td>
<td>7,519,000</td>
<td>7,519,000</td>
<td>1,494,755</td>
<td>6,024,245</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Education</td>
<td>7,337,073</td>
<td>7,595,287</td>
<td>4,034,205</td>
<td>3,561,082</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-food items and shelter</td>
<td>826,800</td>
<td>826,800</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>826,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emergency preparedness</td>
<td>1,219,400</td>
<td>1,219,400</td>
<td>1,432,159</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>57,274,208</td>
<td>57,803,964</td>
<td>24,589,323</td>
<td>33,427,400</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Funds available include funds received in 2017 as of 31 July, and funds carried forward from the previous year.
Who to contact for further information:

Philippe Barragne-Bigot  
Representative - Chad  
Tel: +235 66296060  
Email: pbarragnebigot@unicef.org

Grant Leaity  
Deputy Director, Office of Emergency Programmes (EMOPS)  
Tel: +1 212 326 7150  
Email: gleaity@unicef.org

Sanjay Wijesekera  
Director a.i, Public Partnership Division (PPD)  
Tel: +1 212 326 7308  
Email: swijesekera@unicef.org

1 Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs, 2017 Chad Humanitarian Response Plan (HRP), OCHA.
2 Ibid
3 OCHA, Chad HRP funds monitoring, 31 August 2017.
4 Target for unaccompanied/separated children who have access to alternative care arrangements increased from 1,313 at the beginning of 2017 to 1,523 due to revised estimates.
5 Target for school-aged children with new access to education increased from 43,560 at the beginning of 2017 to 50,710 due to revised estimates.
6 Target for children aged 6 to 11 years affected by the crises and benefitting from a teacher trained in psychosocial support increased from 77,580 at the beginning of 2017 to 107,469 due to revised estimates.
7 Target for children aged 3 to 17 years who received school supplies increased from 140,560 at the beginning of 2017 to 165,990 due to revised estimates.
8 Results are for children vaccinated against measles in conflict-affected displacement areas. Contingency planning for potential measles outbreak are ongoing.
9 Although NFI component is 100 per cent unfunded, UNICEF achieved these results by using 2016 contingency stock.