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| 1. Young Child Survival and Development (FA1) | 1.1 Child mortality rate reduced from 57 to 24 per 1,000 live births  
Baseline: 57 deaths/1000 live births | 1.1.1 % of health care facilities in all regions implementing updated international protocols and standards on new born and child survival  
1.1.2 % of children completely immunized with eight recommended vaccinations and protected against EPI targeted diseases | Ministry of Health (MoH) Decree, in-service protocols, joint monitoring by MoH–WHO-UNICEF, MICS (2010 and 2014), MoH publications, Oblast/rayon statistics | MoH, EU, WHO, ADB, World Bank, UNFPA, GTZ, USAID, GAVI | UNDAF outcome 2: Enhanced access to and utilization of quality essential social services  
WFFC Goal on Promoting healthy lives  
MDGs: Eradicate extreme poverty and hunger, reduce child mortality and improve maternal health |
| | 1.2 Maternal mortality ratio reduced from 28 to 23 per 100,000 live births  
Baseline: 28 deaths/100,000 | 1.2.1 % of maternities in all regions implementing perinatal care in accordance with WHO standards | MoH statistics, MICS (2010 and 2014), DHS | Salt producers, flour mills, cotton oil producers, MoH, Ministry of Economy (MoEc), Ministry of Finance (MoF), WHO, World Bank, GTZ | |
| | 1.3 Micronutrient deficiency rates reduced by 20 percent for anaemia and 50 percent for iodine deficiencies disorders (IDD)  
Baseline: >30% anaemia incidence in women and Under-five children, 24% IDD in women | 1.3.1 % of households consuming fortified flour  
1.3.2 % of households consuming adequately iodized salt  
1.3.3 Country certified to have achieved Universal Salt Iodization target | Cabinet of Ministers resolutions, MoPE statistics and reports, MICS, reports from communities, UNICEF field monitoring reports, FEP evaluation (2014) | MoEc, MOH, MOF, Women’s Committee, local government offices, National TV/radio company | |
| 2. Basic Education and Gender Equality (FA2) | 2.1 50% of 3-7 years old children have access to preschool education nationwide based on approved Early Learning Development Standards (ELDS)  
Baseline: 22% of 3-7 years old children have access to preschool education | 2.1.1 The law on compulsory one-year pre-primary education adopted and functional  
2.1.2 % of children covered by all forms of preschool education  
2.1.3 % of families in selected districts with improved child rearing practices, including school preparedness | Presidential decree, MoPE meetings’ reports, MoE/Unicef monitoring reports, International students' learning achievements' assessment (2010, 2015) | MoPE, Scientific & Research Institute of Pedagogical Sciences, Pre-and In-Service Teachers Training Institutes, WB, ADB, IDB, UNESCO, UNDP | UNDAF outcomes 3: Increased access to and relevance of education for a market economy and rights based society  
WFFC Goal on providing quality education  
MDGs: Achieve universal primary education, promote gender equality and empower women |
| | 2.2 50% of schools are Child Friendly  
Baseline: 750 Child Friendly Schools (8% of the total) | 2.2.1 % of schools nationwide certified as Child Friendly, including safe water and adequate sanitation facilities  
2.2.2 International students assessment system in place and learning assessments are conducted on a regular basis | Joint MoPE/UNICEF monitoring reports, Drop out study | MoPE, Ministry of Labour (MoL), Social Adaptation Center for Children | |
| | 2.3 20% increase in enrolment of children with special needs and at risk of drop out  
Baseline: Drop out study to be carried out in 2010 | 2.3.1 % of schools fully applying standards for mainstreaming children with special needs into basic education  
2.3.2 % of schools fully applying methodologies for returning both boys and girls to school for completing basic education | | | |
| 3. HIV/AIDS and Children (FA3) | 3.1 HIV infections from mother to child reduced to 2 per cent  
Baseline: 2.7% new HIV infections from vertical transmission | 3.1.1 % of HIV positive pregnant women receiving ARV for PMTCT  
3.1.2 % of HIV infected children receiving ARV  
3.1.3 % of women who correctly identify means of HIV mother to child transmission | CDC/Government sentinel surveillance system, National statistics report, project evaluations, UNAIDS projections | Republican Commission on Coordination of Measures to Combat HIV Spread, MoH, Scientific Research Institute of Pediatrics, Republican AIDS Centre, National Association of | UNDAF outcome 2: Enhanced access to and utilization of quality essential social services  
WFFC Goal on combating HIV/AIDS |
| 3.2 | 60% Most at risk adolescents (MARA) use Youth Friendly Health Services (YFHS)  
Baseline: >20% | 3.2.1 | % of out patient clinics certified as YFHSs in accordance with international standards.  
3.2.2 | % of MARA using YFHS in a given year | National Statistical  
reports, reports of partners, project  
evaluations, PMTCT and  
pediatric AIDS  
programmes evaluation (2014). | NGOs, NGOs and Initiative  
Groups of PLWHA,  
Adolescents Reproductive  
Health Centre, WHO, UNAIDS,  
UNFPA, GFTAM, and USAID. | MDG 6: Combat HIV/AIDS,  
malaria and others diseases |
|——|——|——|——|——|——|——|——|
| 4.1 | Reduction in the ratio between institutionalised children and children placed in alternative care by 25 percent  
Baseline: 1:15 ratio (source: MoPE, 2008) | 4.1.1 | % of regions providing minimum set of  
child protection services (alternative forms of  
care and Family and Child Social Services) in  
line with adopted minimum standards  
4.1.2 | # of institutions for children without  
parental care closed/transformed into other  
forms of child protection services | Report of ministries on  
children in institutions and  
in alternative care; MoHE  
certification of Social Work  
in service curriculum;  
MICS; UNICEF monitoring  
reports, evaluation of the  
child care system reform  
(2013) | MoPE, MoH, MoHE, Social  
Adaptation Center for  
Children, State Statistics,  
Khokimiyats, Tashkent State  
Institute of Culture, Mahalla  
Foundation, Academies,  
Commission on Minors,  
Special Olympics, World  
Vision, UNDP, UNESCO | UNDAF outcome 1 on  
economic well-being of  
vulnerable groups improved;  
UNDAF outcome 2 on  
enhanced access to and  
utilization of quality essential  
social services; and  
UNDAF outcome 5 on effectiveness,  
inclusiveness and accountability of governance at the central and local levels enhanced |
| 4.2 | 100% of schools nationwide have all grades functioning during the cotton harvest season  
Baseline: Government-UNICEF studies and KAPB on child labour to be conducted in 2009 | 4.2.1 | Mechanism in place for the full  
implementation of the existing policy and  
legislation on prohibition of the use of children  
in cotton picking, especially during the  
academic period.  
4.2.2 | % of people at all levels conversant on  
the existence and implications of the existing  
policy and legislation on prohibition of the use  
of children in cotton picking | Government-UNICEF  
studies and KAPB on child  
labour; MICS; UNICEF  
and Government's  
monitoring reports, reports  
of the ombudsman for children | Cabinet of Ministers, Ministry  
of Labour, MoPE, local  
khokimiyats, mass media,  
Mahalla Foundation, Office  
of the Ombudsman for children,  
ILO, World Bank | WFFC Goal on Protecting against abuse, exploitation and violence  
Millennium Declaration  
section VI on protecting the  
vulnerable |
| 5.1 | Child rights issues documented on a yearly basis  
and followed up  
Baseline: No functional child rights coordinating body  
in place; no database tool. | 5.1.1 | An independent National Ombudsman  
as well as a National Child Rights Monitoring  
and Coordinating systems for children  
functions according to adopted guidelines  
5.1.2 | % of regions implementing Child  
Welfare Strategy with a results-based  
management and budgeting approach  
5.1.3 | # of government institutions and local  
phones applying DevInfo and disaggregated  
data analysis for assessing the realization of  
child rights. | Cabinet of Minister’s  
Resolution, President’s  
decree, MICS data,  
studies, survey and  
evaluation reports, Review  
of monitoring and  
reporting system on child  
rights and national/local  
impact on system (2014) | Parliament, Cabinet of  
Ministers, Academy of the  
State and Social Construction  
under the President, Ministry  
of Finance, Ministry of  
Economy, Local Governments,  
Sectoral Ministries, Centre of  
Economic Research, Women’s  
Committee, Uzbek Children  
Fund, Children’s Parliament,  
Charity Fund for Aral Gene  
Pool Protection, Ombudsman  
office, UNDP, Council of  
Europe. EU, World Bank, ADB | UNDAF outcome 5 on  
effectiveness, inclusiveness  
and accountability of governance at the central and local levels enhanced  
WFCC all goals  
MDGs all goals |
| 6.1 | National/local governments’ capacities  
strengthened to ensure children and women’s safety  
and wellbeing in case of disaster  
Baseline: Disaster response programme exists,  
preparedness/risk reduction strategies do not. | 6.1.1 | % of targeted schools and communities  
with disaster preparedness risk mitigation  
plans. | Document of the National  
Platform for the  
implementation of Hyogo  
Framework of Action,  
national/subnational/school  
disaster risk reduction  
and preparedness plans | Ministry of Emergency  
Situations, Local  
Governments, Sectoral  
Ministries, UNDP, Red  
Crescent. | UNDAF outcome 4 on  
principles of sustainable  
development integrated into  
country policies and programs |