

Summary Results Matrix: Government of Oman – UNICEF Country Programme, 2012 – 2015

Millennium Development Goals / Millennium Declaration Commitments / CRC Article(s): MDGs 1 & 2 (indicators 1.8 and target 2.A); CRC articles 28, 29; WFFC goal 2; EFA

National Development Priorities (8th five year plan 2011-2015): Increase enrollment of children in pre-school by 50% for the age group 3.5 to 5.5 yrs old; Improve health services – decrease morbidity and mortality from illness and accidents to lowest global rates, and care for the health of women and children; decrease malnutrition rates among children under-5 years of age to 5%.

UNDAF Outcome: Not Applicable; no UNDAF in Oman

| Programme Component | Programme Component Result(s) | Key Progress Indicators, Baselines and Targets (for each PCR) | Major Partners, |
|--|---|--|---|
| <p>1. Early Childhood Development and Health (FA2, and FA1)</p> | <p>1.1 By 2015, 50% of children between 3.5 to 5.5 years of age from families benefiting from social grant scheme are able to access quality early childhood education.</p> | <p>1.1.1. % of children aged 3.5 to 5.5 in some form of early childhood education; (<u>Baseline:</u> 30% ; <u>Target:</u> 50% of children in age group 3.5 to 5.5 years)</p> <p>1.1.2. Standards are developed and monitored by the Ministry of Education (MoE) to oversee performance of pre-schools, and monitoring of school readiness; (<u>Baseline:</u> No standards are available; <u>Target:</u> standards are developed and used)</p> <p>1.1.3. Number of CBOs providing awareness raising on better parenting including information about the development needs of children in the early years of life, including for children with disabilities and with special needs; (<u>Baseline:</u> 0; <u>Target:</u> 3 per Region)</p> <p>1.1.4. % of health centres with referral system on early screening and diagnosis of childhood disability (<u>Baseline:</u> 0% ; <u>Target:</u> 25% of health centres nation-wide).</p> <p>1.1.5. A plan of action on education of children with disability is in place; (<u>Baseline:</u> no POA in place; <u>Target:</u> POA is implemented by MoE).</p> | <p><u>Government Bodies:</u> Ministries of Education; Health; National Economy; Social Development; National Research Council; National Committee for the care of persons with disabilities,</p> <p><u>CSOs:</u> Sultan Qaboos University; Private and commercial sectors; Early Intervention Society; Community based associations.</p> <p><u>UN:</u> WHO; UNFPA; UNESCO national committee,</p> <p><u>Media:</u> Ministry of Information; Media</p> |
| | <p>1.2 By 2015 The Government of Oman is better able to provide quality child health and nutrition services in all regions of Oman.</p> | <p>1.2.1. A nutrition surveillance programme for children under-5 is used routinely to monitor the situation of children in all regions of Oman; (<u>Baseline:</u> irregular; <u>target:</u> surveillance system fully automated)</p> <p>1.2.2. Omani Code of Marketing of Breast Milk substitutes is revised (<u>Baseline:</u> Code of mid-1990s in place ; <u>target:</u> Code Revised and updated).</p> <p>1.2.3. A comprehensive plan of action on road traffic injuries is operational and monitored (<u>Baseline:</u> Proposed areas for a plan of action is available ; <u>Target:</u> POA is operational and monitored on a quarterly basis).</p> <p>1.2.4. % of infants breast fed exclusively for first six months of life; (baseline: 34.4%; Target: 60%)</p> <p>1.2.5. Number of pregnant mothers consuming iron fortification supplements; (<u>Baseline:</u> ; <u>Target:</u> 60% of all pregnant women registered for first ANC visit during pregnancy)</p> | |

Millennium Development Goals / Millennium Declaration Commitments / CRC Article(s): MD (section VI); MDGs 1,6,8; CRC and OPSC; WFFC goal 3; Beijing Declaration and POA.

National Development Priorities (8th five year plan 2011-2015): Promotion of the social services through sustained efforts to improve life of citizens by scaling up basic social services within available resources.

UNDAF Outcome: Not Applicable; no UNDAF in Oman

| Programme Component | Programme Component Result(s) | Key Progress Indicators, Baselines and Targets (for each PCR) | Major Partners, |
|---|---|--|---|
| <p>2. Child Protection (FA4)</p> | <p>2.1. By 2015 the Government of Oman is better able to develop, implement, and enforce evidence based policies geared towards the protection of children and adolescents from violence, exploitation, and abuse;</p> <p>2.2. By 2015 Community Leaders [duty bearers], children and women [rights holders] in at least two regions are empowered to advocate against harmful traditional practices in the their community</p> | <p>2.1.1. A gender sensitive child protection policy and plan of action is in place based on the principles of the CRC; (<u>Baseline:</u> No policy, <u>Target:</u> policy is issued and POA developed);</p> <p>2.1.2. % of trained professionals across sectors working in the Regional Task forces to monitor cases of child abuse; (<u>Baseline:</u> TBD; <u>Target:</u> 100% of members of regional task forces are trained)</p> <p>2.1.3. % of children and adolescents reported victims of violence benefiting from institutional support; (<u>Baseline:</u> N/A ; <u>Target:</u> 50%);</p> <p>2.1.4. Number of child-friendly, and gender-sensitive courts in line with international standards; (<u>Baseline:</u> 0 ; <u>Target:</u> 3)</p> <p>2.1.5. % of children attending child- and adolescent-friendly schools; (<u>Baseline:</u> 0; <u>Target:</u> 20% of children);</p> <p>2.2.1. Number of gender-sensitive C4D programmes implemented promoting social change in areas of child protection, including harmful traditional practices; (<u>Baseline:</u> 0 ; <u>Target:</u> 3 programmes by end 2015);</p> <p>2.2.2. Number of community-based associations trained in raising awareness of rights of women, adolescents and children to protection; (<u>Baseline:</u> TBD; <u>Target:</u> at least 2 CBAs per region)</p> <p>2.2.3. % of school age children aware of their rights; (<u>Baseline:</u> TBD ; <u>Target:</u> 50%);</p> <p>2.2.4. Number of cases of girls and boys who are subjected to violence, exploitation or abuse that are reported and action taken; (<u>Baseline:</u> 2012=0 <u>Target:</u> annual increment of 5 %);</p> <p>2.2.5. % of population that express support and acceptance of practices harmful to children and women through a survey; (<u>Baseline:</u> N/A ; <u>Target:</u> 50%);</p> | <p><u>Government Bodies:</u> Ministries of Education; Health; National Economy; Social Development; Legal Affairs; Religious affairs; Foreign Affairs; Prosecutor general; Royal Oman police;</p> <p><u>CSOs:</u> Non-governmental and community-based organizations, Private and commercial sectors;</p> <p><u>UN:</u> WHO; UNFPA;</p> <p><u>Media:</u> Ministry of Information; Media</p> |

Millennium Development Goals / Millennium Declaration Commitments / CRC Article(s): MD (1.2, III.20, V.25), CEDAW, CRC articles 2,4,12,42,13,15,17;

National Development Priorities (8th five year plan 2011-2015): advance statistical work through developing capacity in statistics; raise awareness of the important role of data and information in planning and decision-making in all fields; prioritize government expenditure to address social services; build capacity of Omani women;

UNDAF Outcome: Not Applicable; no UNDAF in Oman

| Programme Component | Programme Component Result(s) | Key Progress Indicators, Baselines and Targets (for each PCR) | Major Partners, |
|---|--|--|--|
| 3. Data and Knowledge Management (FA5) | 3.1. By 2015, the GoO is better able to collect, analyse, and disseminate gender- and age-disaggregated data on the situation of women and children; | 3.1.1. An age- and gender-disaggregated database on child protection indicators is established that identifies gaps in regard to the most vulnerable children; (<u>Baseline</u> : few child protection indicators collected; <u>Target</u> : a comprehensive database in place); 3.1.2. A sub-regional child development index (CDI) is in place focusing on socio-economic disparities; (<u>Baseline</u> : no CDI; <u>Target</u> : CDI in place); 3.1.3. DevInfo provides timely and updated information to relevant ministries; (<u>Baseline</u> : DevInfo under development; <u>Target</u> : DevInfo is operational); 3.1.4. A child rights observatory is established; (<u>Baseline</u> : No observatory; <u>Target</u> : Observatory is established); 3.1.5. Concluding observations of CRC and CEDAW are addressed through evidence-based advocacy; (<u>Baseline</u> : ; <u>Target</u> :); 3.1.6. Number of surveys – including MICS – that regularly collect data on the situation of women and children; (<u>Baseline</u> : ; <u>Target</u>); 3.1.7. A country-led integrated multi-sectoral youth policy that addresses among other issues, emerging health problems; (<u>Baseline</u> : adolescent health strategy; <u>Target</u> : multi-sectoral youth policy); | <u>Government Bodies:</u> Ministries of Education; Health; National Economy; Finance; Social Development; State and Shura Councils; National CRC and CEDAW committees; National Committee for Family Affairs <u>CSOs:</u> Sultan Qaboos University; Non-governmental and community-based organizations, Private and commercial sectors; <u>Regional and UN agencies :</u> WHO; UNFPA; GCC secretariat; <u>Media:</u> Ministry of Information; Media |
| | 3.2 By 2015, an integrated Social policy addressing the rights of women and children is developed with adequate resources allocated. | 3.1.1 An updated nationally-led situation analysis of children is available to support decision-making and national policy development in the areas of health, education, protection, and monitoring of children’s rights; (<u>Baseline</u> : Sitan not updated ; <u>Target</u> : 1 new Sitan based on new data and information is available); 3.1.2 Number of corporations that have CSR policies supporting child and women rights; (<u>Baseline</u> : N/A; <u>Target</u> : 10 corporations) 3.1.3 A country-led assessment of the efficacy of budget allocations is conducted; (<u>Baseline</u> : 0; <u>Target</u> : 1); | |

