UNICEF’s Humanitarian Action for Children

January 2012
Children in emergencies = most vulnerable.
Core Commitments for Children

• The CCCs constitute a **framework** to uphold the rights of children affected by humanitarian crisis.

• Commitments in terms of:
  • Timeframe for response (the first 72 hours, 2 weeks, etc.)
  • Cluster responsibilities
  • Preparedness, response, recovery and risk reduction
UNICEF’s Core Commitment for Children

Health

Nutrition

Water, Sanitation & Hygiene

Education

Child Protection
## Cluster Approach

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Area</th>
<th>Role and Responsibilities</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nutrition</td>
<td>Global Cluster Lead</td>
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<tr>
<td>WASH</td>
<td>Global Cluster Lead</td>
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<tr>
<td>Education</td>
<td>Co-Lead (with Save the Children)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Protection</td>
<td>Focal point for Child Protection Area of Responsibility</td>
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<td>Co-Lead (with UNFPA) of the Gender-based violence Area of Responsibility</td>
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UNICEF’s Work in Natural Disasters

Natural Disasters Reported
1975-2010

Source: ISDR
UNICEF’s Work in Conflict
Global Operation Mechanism

UNICEF NYHQ
- Office of Emergency Programmes
- Emergency Response Team
- Other surge mechanisms
- Global support for programme areas
- Global Cluster Support

UNICEF GENEVA
- Partnerships with other UN agencies
- Fundraising
- Global Cluster Support

COPENHAGEN SUPPLY DIVISION

Regional Offices
(7 locations)
- Guidance and direct support to COs

County Offices
- Emergency Response Plan
- Stockpiling supplies
- Working with partners

DUBAI SUPPLY HUB

SHANGHAI SUPPLY HUB

PANAMA SUPPLY HUB
UNICEF’s Response in 2011: Results

Globally
• 27 million children supported through vaccination, de-worming and vitamin A supplementation
• 1.3 million children treated for SAM
• 12 million women and children received nutritional support
• 13 million people gained access to WASH facilities
• 1 million children had access to emergency education
• 300,000 children had access to child-friendly spaces

Horn of Africa (results between July and October 2011)
• 108,000 children treated for SAM
• 1.2 children vaccinated against measles
• 2.2 million people gained access to safe water
UNICEF Response in 2011: Results

Pakistan
- 3 million people had access to improved sanitation facilities
- 2 million people provided with safe drinking water
- 6 million children were vaccinated with polio
- 520,000 children were treated for acute malnutrition

Others
- **DPRK:** Supporting the community management of Acute Malnutrition Programme in 29 counties (increase from 4 counties previously)
- **Yemen:** 36,000 children treated for SAM. Community and school-based services helped foster the psychosocial well-being of 105,000 children.
- **DRC:** 630,000 people gained access to WASH facilities. More than 15,000 survivors of S/GBV were provided with support.
- **Haiti:** 325,000 gained access to safe drinking water. 160 temporary schools provided for 86,000 children.
Results 2011:
UNICEF’s Response Mechanism

- Corporate Emergency Activation Procedure for Level 3 response
- Immediate Response Teams
- Strategic organizational change in Global Cluster Coordination
- Reinforced the Early Warning Early Action system
- Active participation in the IASC and reinforced partnerships
UNICEF: Beyond Emergency Response

• Disaster Risk Reduction
• Children and Armed Conflict
• Working with Integrated Missions
Security/OPSCEN

Crucial functions:

• 24/7 support to staff security and programmes
• Crisis Management Centre
• Early Warning and Trends Analysis
Funding UNICEF’s Humanitarian Work

- UNICEF has raised $854.7 million emergency funds in 2011 (as of 31 October).
  - 44% was contribution for the Horn of Africa response
  - 49% of the funding came from government donors
  - 19% of the funding came from UNICEF National Committees
Looking Ahead: 2012

• UNICEF’s total appeal: $1.3 billion
• 2012 funding requirements for nutrition has increased by 45%, representing 30% of total requirements compared to 18% in 2011.
• Nearly one-quarter of required funds in 2012 are for Somalia only
• The second largest amount is required for humanitarian assistance in the Democratic Republic of the Congo with 12% of the total request, followed by the Republic of Sudan and Pakistan requiring 8 and 6% respectively.