• Two decades since independence (1991)

• Eritrea on track to achieve MDGs 4, 5, 6 and 7 (water target)

• Population of 3.5 million

• Agriculture and pastoralism is the main livelihoods basis for 80% of the population

• Estimated GDP growth (2011): 8.7% due to increased mining activities

• Following a transition period in 2012, development of a multi-year plan of cooperation between the Government of Eritrea and the UN system for 2013-2016
• MDG 4: U5MR decreased from 136/1,000 LB (1995) to 63/1,000 LB (2010)

• MDG 5: MMR decreased from 1,400/100,000 LB (1990) to 486/100,000 LB (2010)

• MDG 6: HIV prevalence rate < 1%; U5MR malaria case fatality rate decreased from 6% (1999) to 0.3% in 2011

• MDG 7: Access to improved drinking water sources increased from 16% (1993) to 61% (2011)

• Prevalence rate of FGM/C declined from 89% (2002) to 83% (2010)

• 14,000 children from remote and nomadic communities (45% girls) enrolled
• Neonatal mortality being a leading cause (27%) of U5MR – 20% of child deaths occur in the first week after birth

• Pneumonia, diarrhoea, malnutrition remain leading causes of U5MR

• Injuries from landmines, road accidents, drowning, violence, burns and falls are among the 5 leading causes for U5MR.

• 72% of households are without access to basic sanitation facilities

• Primary school net enrolment rates have remained at around 50% between 2005 and 2010.
Consultation Process:
Consultations with line ministries have taken place throughout the preparation period as well as with partners in the UN system.

National Alignment:
The proposed Country Programme Document is closely aligned with relevant sectoral plans of line Ministries (health, water, education) and is derived from the Strategic Partnership Cooperation Framework guiding the collaboration between the Government of Eritrea and the UN system.
HEALTH AND NUTRITION
• Access and utilization of basic package of child health services (Integrated Maternal and Neonatal Care Interventions (IMNCI) and Expanded Programme of Immunisation (EPI) services) improved with priority on hard to reach and remote areas.

WATER, SANITATION AND HYGIENE
• Increase access to improved water sources, sanitation and knowledge on safe hygiene practices.

BASIC EDUCATION
• Improve learning outcomes for all children and increase enrolment rates among most remote and vulnerable populations.

CHILD PROTECTION
• Children and adolescents at risk are protected from harmful practices, exposure to injuries, violence and exploitation.

ADVOCACY AND PARTNERSHIPS FOR CHILDREN
• Strengthened capacity of the Ministry of Information and civil society organizations to promote child rights and children’s
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THANK YOU

Accelerating Results for Children