## Summary Results Matrix – Côte d’Ivoire -UNICEF Country Programme 2009-2013

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MTSP Focus Area</th>
<th>Key Results Expected in this Focus Area</th>
<th>Key Progress Indicators</th>
<th>Means of Verificatio n of Results</th>
<th>Major Partners, Partnership Frameworks and Cooperation Programmes (apart from Government)</th>
<th>Expected Key Results in this Focus Area will contribute to:</th>
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</table>
| 1. Child Survival and Development | – Mortality reduced by: a) 25% for children under five, b) 45% for the mothers  
– 80% of women, new-borns and children have access to integrated and constant care at both the household and community levels and in the health facilities  
– 70% of mothers, new-borns and children are provided care and support for malnutrition, EMOC and HIV/AIDS (paediatric care and support)  
– 80% of the target populations, notably children and women of rural and near-urban communities have sustainable access to drinking water and 75% of the populations of rural and near-urban communities have access to adequate sanitation infrastructures. | – Infant and under five mortality rates  
– Maternal mortality rate  
– Coverage rate of integrated and continuous care among women, new-born babies and children (EPI+MNH+ and PMTCT+)  
– DTP3, VAR vaccination coverage rate  
– Vitamin A coverage rate (% of children aged 6-59 months having received two doses of Vitamin A)  
– Insecticide treated bed nets utilisation rate by children and pregnant women  
– % of women, new-born babies and children adequately provided with care and support for malnutrition, EMOC and HIV/AIDS (paediatric care and support)  
– % of pregnant women who accepted the HIV/AIDS test, and % of HIV positive pregnant women who benefited from care and support  
– Malnutrition rate of children under 5: weight-age and weight-height  
– Rate of PNC (% of pregnant women who had three PNCs)  
– % of child deliveries assisted by qualified personnel  
– % of the population that have access to drinking water  
– % of households that have access to an adequate sanitation system,% of households that apply EFP | DHS or MICS Survey on vaccination coverage; SNIS ; EPI Evaluation; Monitoring reports; | WHO: epidemiological surveillance, coordination of the EPI; support for the routine EPI and new vaccines  
WHO, UNFPA: training, rehabilitation, equipment, supplies, monitoring and evaluation.  
FAO, WHO, WFP, UNDP, UNFPA: technical assistance and implementation.  
Communities: participation in the funding and management of health, private sector (SODECI): service offer  
NGO: implementation | Effect of UNDAF: a) the quality of life of the populations, notably poorest population groups is improved;  
WFFC objective: Promoting healthy life among children  
MDGs: 1,4,5, 6, 7 and 8 |
## 2. Basic Education and Gender Equality

- at least 20% of 3-5 year-olds have access to an early childhood development and/or school preparedness programme;
- all 6-11 year-olds, both boys and girls, have equal access to quality basic education and complete the primary cycle;
- the 6-15 age group, both girls and boys, outside the formal system receive quality basic education in the area of Life Skills.

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<tr>
<th>Statistics Year Book; MICS/DHS Monitoring reports.</th>
<th>WFP: school canteens</th>
<th>OCHA, WFP, UNHCR, UNDP, UNFPA: NGOs: implementation</th>
<th>World Bank, ADB: financial support</th>
<th>Communities: participation in funding and management of education</th>
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</table>

### Effect 2 UNDAF:
- a) the quality of life of the populations, notably the poorest population groups is improved;
- WFFC objective: providing quality education
- MDGs: 2 and 3

## 3. HIV/AIDS and Adolescents

- 60% of orphans and children made vulnerable by HIV/AIDS benefit from protection and assistance;
- 70% of the most vulnerable adolescents have access to HIV/AIDS counselling, care and prevention services;
- resources are mobilized and advocacy conducted for HIV/AIDS, including scaling-up PMTCT and paediatric care and support.

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<tr>
<th>MICS/DHS Monitoring reports;</th>
<th>EU: technical and financial assistance</th>
<th>NGO: implementation</th>
<th>WHO, UNAIDS, WFP, UNDP, UNFPA WB: technical and financial assistance</th>
<th>International NGOs: technical and financial assistance</th>
<th>National NGOs: psychosocial follow-up, implementation, social mobilization</th>
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<td></td>
<td>OCHA, WHO, UNAIDS, WFP, UNFPA, UNHCR, ICRC: needs assessment, coordination, response and monitoring</td>
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### Expected UNDAF effect:
- a) The quality of life of the populations, notably the poorest population groups is improved;
- WFFC objective: Combating HIV/AIDS
- MDG: 6

## 4. Child Protection

- Improve the recognition, respect, protection, promotion and realization of the rights of children.
- 58,000 children in need of special protection are protected;
- the legislative and institutional framework for birth registration, child labour and juvenile justice is in conformity with the CRC and operational;
- Gender based violence and harmful

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<th>Monitoring reports; Statistics of the GBV management structures</th>
<th>ILO, UNDP, UNFPA, UNDP, European Union, WB, ICRC: WFP, UNAIDS: technical and financial and material assistance</th>
<th>NGO: implementation</th>
<th>Communities and media: sensitization of the populations</th>
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### Expected effect from UNDAF:

- a) the quality of life, notably of the poorest population groups is improved;
- WFFC objective: Protect children against abuse, exploitation and violence
- MDGs: 1, 6, 8
<table>
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<tr>
<th>Social Policies, Monitoring and Evaluation</th>
<th>The social and development policies for children and women are developed and implemented</th>
<th>Number of social and development policies for children and women developed and implemented</th>
<th>PRSP Monitoring reports; UNDP, WB, EU, UNFPA: technical assistance</th>
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<td>Budget allocated and spent for the social sectors is adequate</td>
<td>Increase in social sector budgets (baseline 2007: 4.7% for health)</td>
<td>State budget; MICS/DHS report; Sector statistics; year books; DevInfo CI Reports on implementation of the IMEP</td>
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<td>Children and women of the most vulnerable households have access to social protection programmes</td>
<td>% of the annual national budget allocated to the social sectors (education, health, protection).</td>
<td>Research institution: studies and research</td>
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<td>Statistics are regularly produced and the quality of national statistics and studies is improved through strengthening of technical and institutional capacities of the statistics production structures and research centres</td>
<td>% of children and women of vulnerable families that have access to social protection services</td>
<td>Expected UNDAF effect: Local institutions and the civil society are restored and the capacities of good governance are strengthened to serve all sections of the populations while respecting gender equality and human rights.</td>
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<td>An internal performance monitoring mechanism with quality assurance indicators is put in place and operational</td>
<td>% of indicators for the monitoring of the situation of children and women available</td>
<td>WFFC objective:</td>
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<td>A mechanism for monitoring internal performance with quality assurance indicators is put in place and operational</td>
<td>MDGs: 1 and 8</td>
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<th>Emergencies</th>
<th>The Emergency Preparedness and Response Plan is fully operational in accordance with the CCCs.</th>
<th>Humanitarian database regularly updated and operational</th>
<th>EPRP monitoring reports</th>
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<td>Emergency Preparedness and Response Plan available, regularly updated and known by the entire staff</td>
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