

Annex II

Social and Economic Equity UNDAF Result Matrix

NATIONAL PRIORITY OR GOAL 2006 TO 2010	
<p>Seventh National Development Plan:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The Maldives will become a more urbanized and equitable society, with a highly educated population; with good quality medical care and 10 years of formal schooling available to all; the Maldivian society will be a more caring one. - Better, effective and affordable education and health care is available in the Maldives. - Develop institutional frameworks and establish a multi-disciplinary protection system for children and vulnerable women. - Eliminate extreme poverty, increase equity and promote gender equality <p style="text-align: center;">*****</p>	
UNDAF Outcome	<p>1. By 2010, the most vulnerable and marginalized sections of the society in the Maldives will enjoy better health status, improved access to quality education, enhanced social protection, income and employment opportunities.</p>

Social and Economic Equity UNDAF Result Matrix for the period 2008 to 2010			
Country Programme Outcomes	Country Programme Outputs	Key Partners	
		Internal	External
1.1 Marginalized and vulnerable	1.1.1 Communities and households are empowered to	MoH, FHS, MYS, CSO	UNFPA, UNICEF, WHO, UNDP

Social and Economic Equity UNDAF Result Matrix for the period 2008 to 2010			
Country Programme Outcomes	Country Programme Outputs	Key Partners	
		Internal	External
sections of the society will have improved reproductive health and nutritional status.	practice healthy behaviour and utilize health and nutrition services		
	1.1.2 The capacity of the national health service providers strengthened for delivery of quality nutrition and reproductive health services including HIV/AIDS and ensuring identification and timely referral of vulnerable pregnant women and children	MoH, MYS, FHS, CSO,	UNICEF, UNFPA, WHO
	1.1.3 Women, children and young people have improved access to comprehensive, quality health services	MoH, MYS, FHS, CSO,	UNICEF, UNFPA, WHO
2. All children aged three to sixteen and every child attending school have improved access to quality	1.2.1 Children aged three to twelve with special needs have access to schools that progressively meet their needs and have Special Needs Education facilitators available to all schools.	MOE, MHEESS, CSO, MOH, MOGF	UNICEF, UNESCO, WHO

Social and Economic Equity UNDAF Result Matrix for the period 2008 to 2010			
Country Programme Outcomes	Country Programme Outputs	Key Partners	
		Internal	External
education and universal primary education enrolment is sustained.	1.2.2 All children attending primary schools have improved learning achievement based on a revised curriculum, improved assessment, and access to trained teachers.	MOE, MHEESS, MOH, CSO,	UNICEF, UNESCO, WB, UNV
	1.2.3 Children attending pre-schools and all children aged 6 to 10 have access to child-friendly schools	MOE, CSO	UNICEF
	1.2.4 Children attending grades 6 to 12 would have access to life-skills programmes	MOE, MYS, MCH, MOH, CSO,	UNFPA, UNICEF, UNESCO
	1.2.5 Students in selected pilot schools follow a diversified and improved secondary curriculum adapted to Maldivian context and supported by an improved national assessment and qualification system	MOE, CSO	UNICEF, UNESCO, UNDP, UNFPA, WB, ADB
1.3. Vulnerable and marginalized sections of the society have an enabling	1.3.1 Vulnerable individuals identified and referred to relevant services through a coordinated family protection system	MOGF, MHEESS, MPS, MOH, MOE, CSO, MHUD	UNICEF, UNFPA

Social and Economic Equity UNDAF Result Matrix for the period 2008 to 2010			
Country Programme Outcomes	Country Programme Outputs	Key Partners	
		Internal	External
environment for improved shelter and utilize improved social protection services	1.3.2 Vulnerable individuals referred through the family protection system have access to support, recovery and rehabilitation services in selected atolls	MOGF, NNCB, FCPU/MPS, MOH, MYS, , MOJ, MOE, MHUD, MHEESS CSO	UNICEF , UNFPA, WHO
	1.3.3 People have increased knowledge and skills to protect themselves against harm	MOGF, MOH, NNCB, MHEESS MYS, , MoE, MIA, HRCM CSO	UNICEF, UNFPA , WHO, UNODC
	1.3.4 Policies are in place that support an enabling environment for improved shelter for families, especially those headed by women and the elderly	MHUD, MOGF, MHEES, MPND	UNDP, Habitat, WB
1. 4. Vulnerable women and youth in selected atolls have access to resources to acquire gainful and decent	1.4.1 Public private partnerships enhanced to promote employment opportunities and provide sustainable management of services at the community level.	MEDT, MFAMR, MNCCI, MOYS, MOAD, MTCA, MATI, CODC,	UNDP, UNICEF, FAO, UNV

Social and Economic Equity UNDAF Result Matrix for the period 2008 to 2010			
Country Programme Outcomes	Country Programme Outputs	Key Partners	
		Internal	External
employment.		MHEESS	
	1.4.2 Diversified employment opportunities created for vulnerable sections of society to match actual labour market needs, with a special focus on women and youth.	MEDT, MHEESS MOYS, MOGF WEC, MATI	UNDP, UNICEF, FAO, ADB, WB, UNV
	1.4.3 Support government's efforts to establish an employment policy framework in line with ILO standards.	MHEESS MPND, MEDT	ILO, UNDP

Environment Management and Disaster Risk Reduction UNDAF Result Matrix

NATIONAL PRIORITY OR GOAL 2006 TO 2010	
Seventh National Development Plan: Protecting the environment and making people and property safer *****	
UNDAF Outcome	By 2010, communities enjoy improved access to environmental services and are more capable of protecting the environment and reducing vulnerability and disaster risks with enhanced disaster management capacity

Environment Management & Disaster Risk Reduction UNDAF Result Matrix for the period 2008 to 2010			
Country Programme Outcomes	Country Programme Outputs	Key Partners	
		Internal	UN System
1. Environment services and protection measures benefit more communities with greater participation of youth in the planning and implementation.	1.1 National environmental standards and guidelines on waste management, water and sanitation, environmental health, land management and coastal modification made available to guide sectoral policies, programmes and local practices.	MEEW, MFAMR, MOAD, MCPI, MOYS, MHUD, MOH, CSO	UNDP, UNICEF, FAO, UN Habitat, UNEP, GEF, ESCAP, WB, WHO
	1.2 Empower local communities to operate and manage environmental infrastructure in a sustainable manner, namely	MEEW, MOAD, MPND, MHUD, CSOs	UNDP, UNICEF, UN Habitat, FAO, WHO, ESCAP, UNEP (others: IFRC and Red Cross)

Environment Management & Disaster Risk Reduction UNDAF Result Matrix for the period 2008 to 2010			
Country Programme Outcomes	Country Programme Outputs	Key Partners	
		Internal	UN System
	waste management, water and sanitation and renewable energy technology built during the tsunami recovery; and progressively devolve key environmental management responsibilities to pilot communities.		
2. Communities better able to manage impacts of climate change and reduce disaster vulnerabilities	2.1 Communities have increased knowledge and are better informed on appropriate options and mechanisms for mitigation of, and adaptation to climate change and disasters	MEEW, NDMC, MOAD, MPND, MDNS, MOH, MFAMR, CSOs	UNDP, UNEP, ESCAP, WHO, OCHA
	2.2 National, atoll, island and sectoral disaster management plans and climate change adaptation plans developed and implemented in pilot areas	NDMC, DOM, MEEW, MOAD, MOH, MDNS MFAMR, CSO	UNDP, UNEP, UN-Habitat, ESCAP, WHO, OCHA, WB

Governance UNDAF Result Matrix

NATIONAL PRIORITY OR GOAL 2006 TO 2010

Seventh National Development Plan:

- Increase public confidence in the judiciary by 50 percent from 2005 levels
- Maintain public confidence in the electoral process at over 95%
- Increase public confidence in the transparency and accountability of activities of government officials by 50% from 2005 levels
- Civil Society participates in National Development and in implementation of Public Investment Strategies
- Coordinate and participate with line ministries in prevention, rehabilitation and reintegration programs for juvenile offenders
- Establish a system of sentence administration which provides for guided pathways out of the system, thereby enabling successful rehabilitation and re-integration into society.
- Maximize rehabilitation and re-integration while minimising recidivism.

UNDAF Outcome	By 2010, people enjoy greater rights and have increased capacity to fulfil their responsibilities, and to actively participate in national and local levels of governance.
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Governance UNDAF Result Matrix for the period 2008 to 2010			
Country Programme Outcomes	Country Programme Outputs	Partners	
1. Increased transparency and accountability of public institutions	1.1 The civil service is established and functioning in line with international standards	PSD, CSC	UNDP
	1.2 Strengthen the independence and effectiveness of the Anti-Corruption Board, the Public Complaints Bureau and the Audit Office	ACB, PCB, AO	UNDP, World Bank

Governance UNDAF Result Matrix for the period 2008 to 2010			
Country Programme Outcomes	Country Programme Outputs	Partners	
	1.3 Improved use of disaggregated data and information for more equitable policy development, planning and programme implementation	MPND, Line Ministries	UNDP, UNICEF, UNFPA, WHO
2. People, are ensured of a strengthened justice system that delivers due judicial process and recourse, in line with international standards and best practices.	2.1 Domestic legal framework harmonized with international human rights treaty obligations	AGO, MOJ, HRCM, CSOs	UNDP, UNICEF, UNFPA WHO
	2.2 Mechanisms in place to increase access to justice and effective implementation of relevant treaty obligations	MoJ, AGO, MFA MOHA HRCM CSO	UNDP, UNICEF, UNFPA,
	2.3 The penal system of the Maldives re-oriented to reduce number of offenders and re-offenders, and increase the number of offenders reintegrated into society	MOHA, MOGF, DPRS, MPS, AGO MOJ	UNDP, UNICEF
	2.4 Capacities of the judiciary, civil society groups and social workers strengthened to secure human rights especially those of women, youth and children	MOJ, AGO, HRCM, MHA, MOYS, MOGF CSOs	UNDP, UNICEF, UNFPA,
	2.5 Citizens are aware of their rights and recourses available for justice, in accordance with the national	MOJ, AGO, MOGF	UNDP, UNICEF, UNFPA,

Governance UNDAF Result Matrix for the period 2008 to 2010			
Country Programme Outcomes	Country Programme Outputs	Partners	
	constitution and international standards	MOIA, HRCM, CSOs	
3. Culture of respect for human rights is recognized, fulfilled, protected and fostered at national and community level.	3.1 Capacity of Human Rights Commission and other relevant institutions strengthened and policy framework in place to ensure progressive compliance with all ratified international Human Rights instruments	MOHA, MOGF, MFA, MOJ, MPS, DPRS, AGO, HRCM, MIA	UNDP, UNICEF, UNFPA, WHO, UNHCHR
	3.2 Legal and policy framework in place to enable key stakeholders, especially civil society and media to participate in the delivery and planning of socio-economic services	MOHA, MOGF, MFA, MOJ, MPS, DPRS, AGO, HRCM	UNDP, UNICEF, UNFPA, WHO, UNHCHR
	3.3 Priorities established at the community level are based on informed decisions and realized, with the assistance of CSO, through local development plans and projects.	MOAD, MPND, MOFT, CODC, CSOs,	UNDP, UNICEF, UNHCHR

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