

Table 1: Central and Eastern Europe: selected early childhood care and education (ECCE) indicators.

Countries	Early Childhood Care and Education															
	Child survival and well-being		Women's employment and leave status		Provision for under age 3		Provision for age 3 and older									
	Under-5 mortality rate (¹ / ₁₀₀)	Moderate and severe stunting (%)	Female labour force participation rate, age 15 and above (%) ²	Statutory duration of maternity leave (weeks) (2000-2005 ¹)	Official programmes targeting children under age 3 (2005)	Youngest age group targeted in programmes (years) (c. 2005)	Official pre-primary entry age (years) (2004)	Gross enrolment ratio (GER)			Age specific enrolment ratio (ASER) ^{3,4}			Private enrolment as % of total enrolment (2004)	% of trained teachers (2004)	Pupil/teacher ratio ⁵ (2004)
								Total (%) (1999)	Total (%) (2004)	GPI (F/M) (2004)	age 3 (%) (2004)	age 4 (%) (2004)	age 5 (%) (2004)			
	2000-2005	1996-2004 ¹	2003	2000-2005 ¹	2005	c. 2005	2004	1999	2004	2004	2004	2004	2004	2004	2004	2004
Central and Eastern Europe																
Albania	34	34	50	52	no	.	3	44	49	1.03	(22)	(31)	(30)	6	...	21
Belarus	18	...	53	18	...	...	3	80	104	0.98	...	...	...	-	64	6
Bosnia and Herzegovina	16	10	55	...	yes	0-3	3	...	...	...	(7)	(11)	...	...	...	...
Bulgaria ⁶	17	...	45	24	no	.	3 (6)	69	78	0.99	65	76	77	0.3	...	11
Croatia	8	1	45	26	...	...	3	40	47	0.98	36	43	46	8	84	12
Czech Republic	6	2	51	28	no	.	3	94	107	0.96	...	...	...	1	...	13
Estonia	12	...	53	18	yes	1-6	3	90	114	0.98	...	...	...	1	...	8
Hungary ⁶	11	3	43	24	yes	0-2	3 (5)	80	81	0.98	71	87	92	4	...	10
Latvia ⁶	14	...	51	16	no	.	3 (4)	53	79	0.96	...	...	...	2	...	11
Lithuania	12	...	53	18	no	.	3	51	64	0.96	52	59	68	0.2	...	8
Poland ⁶	10	...	48	16	...	...	3 (6)	50	53	1.01	26	35	45	7	...	16
Republic of Moldova ⁶	31	10	57	16	...	...	3 (5)	41	50	0.97	39	45	53	0.8	93	10
Romania ⁶	22	8	49	18	no	.	3 (6)	63	76	1.02	...	...	...	1	...	18
Russian Federation	22	13	54	28	...	...	3	55	85	0.91	92	71	67	1	94	7
Serbia and Montenegro ^{6,7}	15	5	47	...	...	...	3 (5½)	44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Slovakia	10	...	53	28	...	...	3	83	92	0.97	...	...	...	0.7	...	13
Slovenia	7	...	50	1	yes	1-3	3	75	59	0.95	69	79	88	1	...	16
The former Yugoslav Rep. of Macedonia ⁶	18	7	43	...	no	.	3 (6)	28	32	1.00	14	15	26	.	...	11
Turkey	49	12	27	12	yes	0-2	3	6	8	0.95	2	3	20	4	...	19
Ukraine ⁸	18	3	51	18	yes	0-3	3	48	82	0.97	...	...	...	0.3	...	8
	Weighted average		Median					Weighted average						Median		
Central and Eastern Europe	19	...	51	18	...	...	...	45	57	0.95	...	...	...	1	...	11
Countries in transition	46	14	56	17	...	...	...	41	59	0.93	...	...	...	0.8	85	10
Developed countries	8	...	50	17	...	...	...	73	77	0.99	...	...	...	8	...	13
World	86	31	52	13	...	...	...	33	37	0.97	...	...	...	39	...	18

Data in bold are for 2003.

1. Data refer to the most recent year available during the period specified.

2. Share of employed plus unemployed women in comparison with the working age population, including women with a job but temporarily not at work (i.e., on maternity leave), home employment for the production of goods and services for own household consumption, and domestic and personal services produced by employing paid domestic staff. Data exclude women occupied solely in domestic duties in their own households.

3. Attendance rates, indicated in parentheses, are from DHS, LSMS and MICS2 household surveys and were collected circa 2000.

4. ASER trends in certain countries are related to the beginning of primary schooling, for which the official entry age is found in Table 2.

5. Based on headcounts of pupils and teachers.

6. Pre-primary education is compulsory at the age shown in parentheses.

7. Compulsory pre-primary for Serbia only.

8. Change in pre-primary age group between 1999 and 2004.

Sources: Carr Hill (2006); Education Policy and Data Center (2006); EFA Global Monitoring Report 2007, Statistical tables; ILO (2006); Kamerman (2005); Nonoyama et al. (2006); UIS; UNESCO-IBE (2006).

Table 2: Central and Eastern Europe: selected education indicators.

Countries	Total population (thousands)	Compulsory education (age group)	EFA Development Index (EDI)	Adult literacy rate 2000-2004 ¹		Primary education								Gross enrolment ratio (GER) in secondary education						Tertiary education		Education finance		
						Age group	NER Total (%)		GER's GPI (F/M)		Survival rate to last grade Total (%)	% of female teachers	% of trained teachers	Pupil/teacher ratio ²	Lower secondary 2004		Upper secondary 2004		Total secondary 2004		GER 2004		Total public expenditure on education as % of GNP	Aid to education per capita (constant 2003 US\$)
							2004	1999	2004	1999					2004	2003	2004	2004	Total (%)	GPI (F/M)	Total (%)	GPI (F/M)		
						2004	(%)	(F/M)	2004	(%)	(F/M)	2004	(%)	(F/M)	2004	(%)	(F/M)	2004	(%)	(F/M)	2004	(%)	(F/M)	2004
Central and Eastern Europe																								
Albania	3 112	6-13	0.956	99	0.99	6-9	99	96	0.98	0.99	90	76	...	21	102	1.00	53	0.93	78	0.97	16	1.56	2.8	27
Belarus	9 811	6-16	0.971	100	1.00	6-9	...	90	0.98	0.97	100	99	99	15	107	0.97	66	1.17	93	1.01	61	1.39	5.8	...
Bosnia and Herzegovina	3 909	...	...	97	0.95	6-9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8
Bulgaria	7 780	7-16	0.965	98	0.99	7-10	97	95	0.97	0.98	94	93	...	17	88	0.93	119	0.98	102	0.96	41	1.16	4.4	...
Croatia	4 540	7-15	0.973	98	0.98	7-10	85	87	0.98	0.99	100	90	100	18	94	0.98	83	1.05	88	1.02	39	1.19	4.6	4
Czech Republic	10 229	6-15	0.986	...	...	6-10	...	...	0.99	0.99	98	84	...	18	99	1.01	93	1.02	96	1.01	43	1.10	4.8	...
Estonia	1 335	7-15	0.984	100	1.00	7-12	96	94	0.97	0.97	98	...	...	14	110	0.96	88	1.09	98	1.02	65	1.68	6.0	...
Hungary	10 124	7-16	0.982	...	...	7-10	88	89	0.98	0.99	98	96	...	10	99	0.99	94	1.00	97	0.99	60	1.40	6.3	...
Latvia	2 318	7-15	0.987	100	1.00	7-10	...	...	0.98	0.97	98	97	...	13	99	0.98	93	1.03	96	1.00	74	1.72	5.4	...
Lithuania	3 443	7-16	0.975	100	1.00	7-10	95	89	0.98	0.99	99	98	...	15	100	0.97	93	1.05	98	0.99	73	1.56	5.4	...
Poland	38 559	7-18	0.986	...	...	7-12	...	97	0.98	0.99	100	85	...	13	98	0.98	96	1.04	97	1.01	61	1.41	6.6	...
Republic of Moldova ³	4 218	6-16	0.918	98	0.99	7-10	78	78	1.00	0.99	90	98	...	19	79	1.02	63	1.12	74	1.04	32	1.37	4.2	2
Romania	21 790	7-14	0.965	97	0.98	7-10	96	92	0.98	0.98	95	87	...	17	96	0.99	76	1.04	85	1.01	40	1.26	3.7	...
Russian Federation	143 899	6-15	...	99	1.00	7-9	...	91	0.99	1.00	...	99	99	17	89	1.01	101	0.97	93	0.99	68	1.36	3.8	...
Serbia and Montenegro	10 510	7-14	...	96	0.95	7-10	...	...	0.99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5
Slovakia	5 401	6-16	0.983	...	...	6-9	...	...	0.99	0.99	98	92	...	18	97	0.99	91	1.05	94	1.01	36	1.23	4.4	...
Slovenia	1 967	6-15	0.994	100	1.00	7-10	97	98	0.99	0.99	99	97	...	15	99	0.98	100	1.00	100	1.00	74	1.38	6.1	-
The former Yugoslav Rep. of Macedonia	2 030	7-15	0.961	96	0.96	7-10	93	92	0.98	1.00	98	69	...	20	94	0.99	74	0.96	84	0.98	28	1.39	3.4	11
Turkey	72 220	6-14	0.889	87	0.84	6-11	...	89	...	0.94	92	...	...	...	85	0.85	75	0.68	79	0.75	29	0.73	3.8	2
Ukraine	46 989	6-17	0.952	99	0.99	6-9	...	82	0.99	1.00	99	98	99.7	19	93	0.99	92	0.95	93	0.98	66	1.19	4.6	...
	Sum			Weighted average			Weighted average				Median				Weighted average						Median	Weighted average		
Central and Eastern Europe	404,186	...	...	97	0.97	...	89	91	0.96	0.97	98	94	...	17	92	0.98	88	0.93	90	0.96	54	1.25	4.6	...
Countries in transition	278,263	...	...	99	0.99	...	85	91	0.99	0.99	98	98	98	18	92	0.99	90	0.95	92	0.98	54	1.28	3.7	2
Developed countries	1,002,588	...	...	99	0.99	...	96	96	1.00	0.99	98	83	...	14	103	1.00	99	1.01	101	1.01	65	1.27	5.4	...
World	6,374,924	...	...	82	0.89	...	83	86	0.92	0.94	87	74	...	21	78	0.94	51	0.94	65	0.94	24	1.03	4.8	...

Data in italics are for 2001. Data in bold italics are for 2002. Data in bold are for 2003.

1. Data refer to the most recent year available during the period specified.

2. Based on headcounts of pupils and teachers.

3. Fast-Track Initiative (FTI): countries with endorsed sector plans.

Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics; *EFA Global Monitoring Report 2007*, Statistical tables; CRS online database, Table 2.